

Thank you for choosing this Mitsubishi Electric Inverter. This Instruction Manual (Basic) provides handling information and precautions for use of the equipment. Please forward this Instruction Manual (Basic) to the end user.

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To obtain the Instruction Manual (Applied)

Contact where you purchased the inverter, your Mitsubishi sales representative, or the nearest Mitsubishi FA Center for the following manual:

• Instruction Manual (Applied) [IB(NA)-0600277ENG]

This manual is required if you are going to utilize functions and performance.

The PDF manuals are also available for download at the Mitsubishi Electric FA Global Website (URL: http://www.MitsubishiElectric.co.jp/fa/). 3

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This Instruction Manual (Basic) provides handling information and precautions for use of this product. Please forward this Instruction Manual (Basic) to the end user.



product

- Do not install a power factor correction capacitor, surge absorber, or radio noise filter on the output side of this product. These devices may overheat or burn out.
- The connection orientation of the output cables U, V, W to the motor affects the rotation direction of the motor.

(3) Trial run

 Before starting operation, each parameter must be confirmed and adjusted. Failure to do so may cause some machines to make unexpected motions.

(4) Usage

- Stay away from the equipment when the retry function is set as it will restart suddenly after trip.
- Since pressing (STOP) key may not stop output depending on
- the function setting status, separate circuit and switch that make an emergency stop (power OFF, mechanical brake operation for emergency stop, etc.) must be provided.
- OFF status of the start signal must be confirmed before resetting the inverter fault. Resetting inverter alarm with the start signal ON restarts the motor suddenly.
- The inverter must be used for three-phase induction motors. Connection of any other electrical equipment to the product output may damage the equipment.
- Do not modify the equipment.
- Do not perform parts removal which is not instructed in this manual. Doing so may lead to fault or damage of the product.

- The electronic thermal relay function does not guarantee protection of the motor from overheating. It is recommended to install both an external thermal and PTC thermistor for overheat protection.
- Do not use a magnetic contactor on the inverter input for frequent starting/stopping of the inverter. Otherwise the life of the inverter decreases.
- The effect of electromagnetic interference must be reduced by using a noise filter or by other means. Otherwise nearby electronic equipment may be affected.
- Appropriate precautions must be taken to suppress harmonics. Otherwise power supply harmonics from the inverter may heat/damage the power factor correction capacitor and generator.
- When driving a 400V class motor with the inverter, the motor must be an insulation-enhanced motor or measures must be taken to suppress surge voltage. Otherwise surge voltage, which is attributed to the length and thickness of wire, may occur at the motor terminals, causing the motor insulation to deteriorate.
- When parameter clear or all parameter clear is performed, the required parameters must be set again before starting operations because all parameters return to the initial value.
- The inverter can be easily set for high-speed operation. Before changing its setting, the performances of the motor and machine must be fully examined.
- This product's brake function cannot be used as a mechanical brake. Use a separate device instead.
- Perform an inspection and test operation of this product if it has been stored for a long period of time.
- Static electricity in your body must be discharged before you touch the product. Otherwise the product may be damaged.
- If you are installing the inverter to drive a three-phase device while you are contracted for lighting and power service, consult your electric power supplier.

(5) Emergency stop

- A safety backup such as an emergency brake must be provided for devices or equipment in a system to prevent hazardous conditions in case of failure of this product or an external device controlling this product.
- If the breaker installed on the input side of this product trips, check for wiring faults (short circuits etc.) and damage to internal parts of this product. The cause of the trip must be identified and removed before turning ON the power of the breaker.
- When any protective function is activated, appropriate corrective action must be taken, and this product must be reset before resuming operation.
- (6) Maintenance, inspection and parts replacement

• Do not carry out a megger (insulation resistance) test on the control circuit of this product. It will cause a failure.

(7) Disposal

- This product must be treated as industrial waste.

(8) Application of caution labels

Caution labels are used to ensure safety during use of Mitsubishi Electric inverters. Apply the following labels to the inverter if the "retry function" and/or "automatic restart after instantaneous power failure" have been enabled.

For the retry function



Instantaneous Power
 Failure Has Been Selected
 Stay away from the motor and machine.
 They will start suddenly (after reset time has elapsed) when instantaneous power failure occurs.

General instruction

Many of the diagrams and drawings in this Instruction Manual (Basic) show the product without a cover or partially open for explanation. Never operate the product in this manner. The cover must be always reinstalled and the instruction in this Instruction Manual (Basic) must be followed when operating the product.

<Abbreviation>

- PU: Operation panel and parameter unit (FR-PU04, FR-PU07)
- Inverter: Mitsubishi Electric inverter FR-E700 series
- FR-E700: Mitsubishi Electric inverter FR-E700 series
- Pr.: Parameter number (Number assigned to function)
- PU operation: Operation using the PU (operation panel/FR-PU04/FR-PU07)
- · External operation: Operation using the control circuit signals
- · Combined operation: Operation using the PU (FR-PU04/FR-PU07) and external operation
- Standard motor: SF-JR
- Constant torque motor: SF-HRCA
- <Trademark>
- LONWORKS® is a registered trademark of Echelon Corporation in the U.S.A. and other countries.
- Company and product names herein are the trademarks and registered trademarks of their respective owners.

 Mark>

REMARKS: Additional helpful contents and relations with other functions are written.



Note: Contents requiring caution or cases when set functions are not activated are written.



POINT: Useful contents and points are written.

<Notes on descriptions in this Instruction Manual>

- Connection diagrams in this Instruction Manual suppose that the control logic of the input terminal is the sink logic, unless
 otherwise specified. (For the control logic, refer to page 1.)
- <Related document>

Refer to the Instruction Manual (Applied) for further information on the following points.

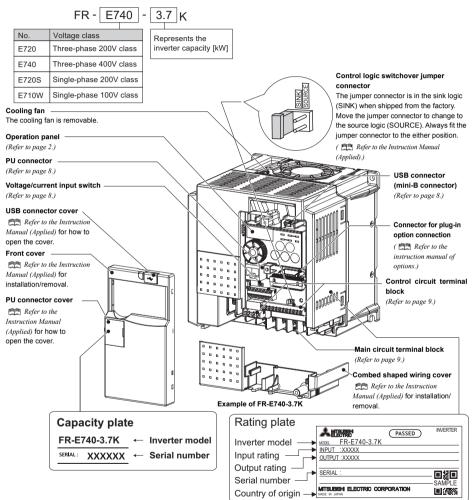
- · Removal and reinstallation of the cover
- · Connection of stand-alone option unit
- EMC and leakage currents
- · Detailed explanation on parameters
- Troubleshooting
- · Check first when you have a trouble
- · Inspection items (life diagnosis, cooling fan replacement)
- · Measurement of main circuit voltages, currents and powers
- · For customers who are replacing the conventional model with this inverter

1 OUTLINE

1.1 Product checking and parts identification

Unpack the inverter and check the capacity plate on the front cover and the rating plate on the inverter side face to ensure that the product agrees with your order and the inverter is intact.

Inverter model



Accessory

Fan cover fixing screws (M3 × 35mm)

These screws are necessary for compliance with the EU Directive. (Refer to page 47.)

Capacity	Quantity
FR-E720-1.5K to 3.7K, FR-E740-1.5K to 3.7K, FR-E720S-0.75K to 2.2K	1
FR-E720-5.5K to 15K, FR-E740-5.5K to 15K	2

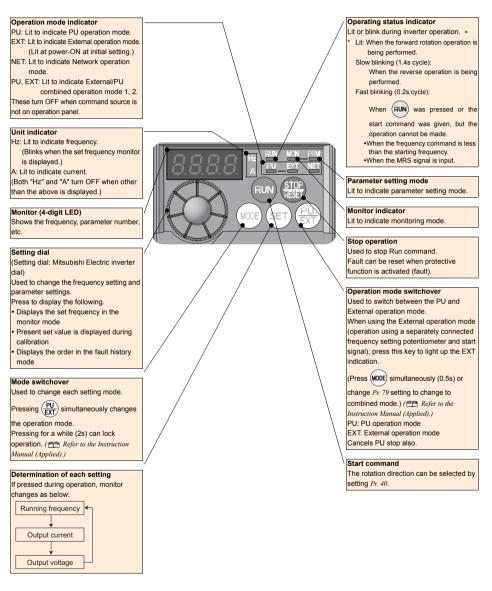
REMARKS

• For how to find the SERIAL number, refer to page 51.

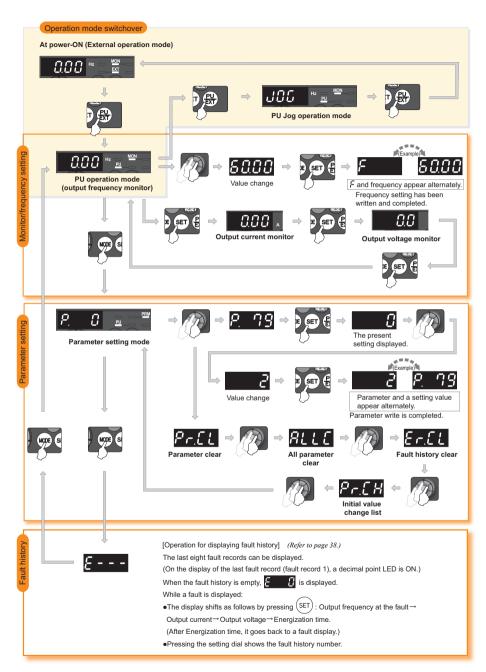
1.2 Operation panel

1.2.1 Names and functions of the operation panel

The operation panel cannot be removed from the inverter.



1.2.2 Basic operation (factory setting)



1

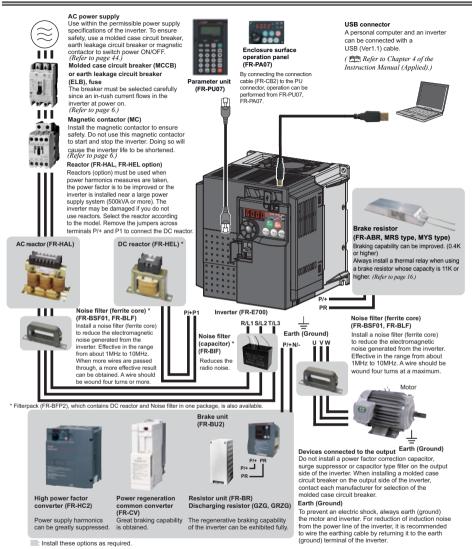
1.2.3 Changing the parameter setting value

Changing example Change the Pr. 1 Maximum frequency setting.

		Operation	
4	Screen at	power-ON	
1.		nitor display appears.	
2.	00	the operation mode	• REMARKS
۷.	Press (EXT to choose the PU operation mode.	? Er I to Er Y is displayedWhy?
2	Paramete	er setting mode	\mathcal{C} \mathcal{C} \mathcal{C} \mathcal{C} is displayed Why?
3.	Press (NODE to choose the parameter setting mode.	$\mathcal{E} \cap \mathcal{C}$ appears Write error during operation
	Selecting	the parameter number	Er 3 appearsCalibration error
4.	Turn 🕼	🕥 until " 🖗 🥼 <i>l</i> " <i>(Pr. 1</i>) appears.	$\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{F}}$ ' appearsMode designation error
	Reading t	he set value	 (For details, me Refer to the Instruction Manual (Applied).)
5.	Press (SET) to read the currently set value.	• The number of digits displayed on the operation
	. 150ï	🧊 "(120.0Hz (initial value)) appears.	panel is four. Only the upper four digits of values can
•	Changing	the setting value	 be displayed and set. If the values to be displayed have five digits or more including decimal places, the
6.	Turn 🕼	to change the set value to " 6 [] [] [] " (60.00Hz).	fifth or later numerals can not be displayed nor set.
	Setting th	e parameter	 (Example) For <i>Pr. 1</i> When 60Hz is set, 60.00 is displayed.
7.	Press (SET) to set.	When 120Hz is set, 120.0 is displayed and second
	The par	ameter number and the setting value blink alternately.	decimal place is not displayed nor set.
	• R	hen "1" is set in Pr. 77 Parameter write selection.)	clear to initialize all parameters. (Parameters are not cleared instruction Manual (Applied) for parameters cleared with this
1.		power-ON	
		nitor display appears.	
2.		the operation mode	
_		to choose the PU operation mode.	-
3.	/	er setting mode	
		NODE to choose the parameter setting mode.	
4.		Parameter Clear (All Parameter Clear)	? β and ε - Υ are displayed alternately
		until "Pr.[[" ("R[[[") appears.	Why?
		the setting value	PU connector or USB connector is used.
5.	\ \	SET) to read the currently set value.	1. Press $\left(\frac{PU}{EXT}\right)$. [PU] is lit and the monitor (4-digit LED)
		ial value) appears.	displays "1". (When <i>Pr.</i> 79 = "0" (initial value))
	<u> </u>	to change it to the set value " /".	2. Carry out operation from step 5 again.
6) parameter clear	 Stop the inverter. Parameter clear is unavailable when the inverter is running, and will cause the write
6.		SET) to set.	disable error.
	Setting	Pr. CL (ALLC) indications blink alternately.	_ Description
	Setting		Description

Setting	Description
0	Not executed.
1	Sets parameters back to the initial values. (Parameter clear sets back all parameters except <i>calibration parameters</i> and <i>terminal function selection parameters</i> to the initial values.) <i>Refer to the parameter list of</i> methods the <i>Instruction Manual (Applied)</i> for availability of parameter clear and all parameter clear.

INSTALLATION AND WIRING 2



NOTE

- The life of the inverter is influenced by surrounding air temperature. The surrounding air temperature should be as low as possible within the permissible range. This must be noted especially when the inverter is installed in an enclosure. (Refer to page 7.) Wrong wiring might lead to damage of the inverter. The control signal lines must be kept fully away from the main circuit
- to protect them from noise. (*Refer to page 8.*) Do not install a power factor correction capacitor, surge suppressor or capacitor type filter on the inverter output side.
- This will cause the inverter to trip or the capacitor and surge suppressor to be damaged. If any of the above devices are connected, immediately remove them. Electromagnetic wave interference

The input/output (main circuit) of the inverter includes high frequency components, which may interfere with the communication devices (such as AM radios) used near the inverter. In this case, install options among the capacitor type EMC filter FR-BIF (for use in the input side only), the ferrite core type EMC filter FR-BSF01/FR-BLF, Filterpack, and EMC filter to minimize the interference. (쁸問 Refer to Chapter 3 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).) Refer to the instruction manual of each option and peripheral devices for details of peripheral devices.

2.1 Peripheral devices

Check the inverter model of the inverter you purchased. Appropriate peripheral devices must be selected according to the capacity. Refer to the following list and prepare appropriate peripheral devices.

Voltage	Applicable Inverter Model	Motor Output (kW)	(MC) or Earth Leakag (E	Circuit Breaker CB) *1 ge Circuit Breaker LB)	(MC	·	Reactor		
-		(((())))	Reactor of	Reactor c	onnection	FR-HAL	FR-HEL		
			without	with	without	with			
	FR-E720-0.1K	0.1	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	0.4K *4	0.4K *4	
	FR-E720-0.2K	0.2	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	0.4K *4	0.4K *4	
	FR-E720-0.4K	0.4	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	0.4K	0.4K	
e	FR-E720-0.75K	0.75	10A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	0.75K	0.75K	
Three-Phase 200V class	FR-E720-1.5K	1.5	15A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	1.5K	1.5K	
0 <u>0</u>	FR-E720-2.2K	2.2	20A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	2.2K	2.2K	
ine 000	FR-E720-3.7K	3.7	30A	30A	S-T21	S-T10	3.7K	3.7K	
Εq	FR-E720-5.5K	5.5	50A	40A	S-T35	S-T21	5.5K	5.5K	
	FR-E720-7.5K	7.5	60A	50A	S-T35	S-T35	7.5K	7.5K	
	FR-E720-11K	11	75A	75A	S-T35	S-T35	11K	11K	
	FR-E720-15K	15	125A	100A	S-T50	S-T50	15K	15K	
	FR-E740-0.4K	0.4	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	H0.4K	H0.4K	
	FR-E740-0.75K	0.75	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	H0.75K	H0.75K	
e,	FR-E740-1.5K	1.5	10A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	H1.5K	H1.5K	
has	FR-E740-2.2K	2.2	15A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	H2.2K	H2.2K	
Three-Phase 400V class	FR-E740-3.7K	3.7	20A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	H3.7K	H3.7K	
100	FR-E740-5.5K	5.5	30A	20A	S-T21	S-T12	H5.5K	H5.5K	
Εv	FR-E740-7.5K	7.5	30A	30A	S-T21	S-T21	H7.5K	H7.5K	
	FR-E740-11K	11	50A	40A	S-T21	S-T21	H11K	H11K	
	FR-E740-15K	15	60A	50A	S-T35	S-T21	H15K	H15K	
	FR-E720S-0.1K	0.1	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	0.4K *4	0.4K *4	
ase ss	FR-E720S-0.2K	0.2	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	0.4K *4	0.4K *4	
Single-Phase 200V class	FR-E720S-0.4K	0.4	10A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	0.75K *4	0.75K *4	
ale S	FR-E720S-0.75K	0.75	15A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	1.5K *4	1.5K *4	
Sing 20	FR-E720S-1.5K	1.5	20A	20A	S-T10	S-T10	2.2K *4	2.2K *4	
•,	FR-E720S-2.2K	2.2	40A	30A	S-T21	S-T10	3.7K *4	3.7K *4	
e	FR-E710W-0.1K	0.1	10A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	0.75K *3, *4	*5	
Single-Phase 100V class	FR-E710W-0.2K	0.2	10A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	1.5K *3, *4	*5	
ingle- 100V	FR-E710W-0.4K	0.4	15A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	2.2K *3, *4	*5	
S	FR-E710W-0.75K	0.75	30A	20A	S-T10	S-T10	3.7K *3, *4	*5	

*1 Select an MCCB according to the power supply capacity.

Install one MCCB per inverter.

For the use in the United States or Canada, refer to page 50, and select an appropriate fuse or molded case circuit breaker (MCCB).

*2 Magnetic contactor is selected based on the AC-1 class. The electrical durability of magnetic contactor is 500,000 times. When the magnetic contactor is used for emergency stop during motor driving, the electrical durability is 25 times.

If using an MC for emergency stop during motor driving, select an MC regarding the inverter input side current as JEM 1038-AC-3 class rated current. When using an MC on the inverter output side for commercial-power supply operation switching using a general-purpose motor, select an MC regarding the rated motor current as JEM 1038-AC-3 class rated current.

*3 When connecting a single-phase 100V power input inverter to a power transformer (50kVA or more), install a AC reactor (FR-HAL) so that the performance is more reliable. (make the contract of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

*4 The power factor may be slightly lower.

*5 Single-phase 100V power input model is not compatible with DC reactor.

NOTE



 When the inverter capacity is larger than the motor capacity, select an MCCB and a magnetic contactor according to the inverter model and cable and reactor according to the motor output.

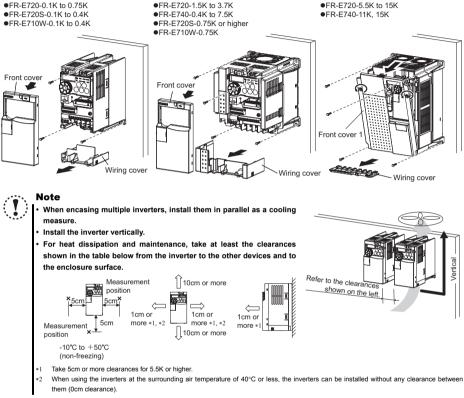
When the breaker on the inverter input side trips, check for the wiring fault (short circuit), damage to internal parts of the inverter, etc. Identify the cause of the trip, then remove the cause and power ON the breaker.

2.2 Installation of the inverter and instructions

(1) Installation of the inverter

Enclosure surface mounting

Remove the front cover and wiring cover to fix the inverter to the surface. (Remove the covers in the directions of the arrows.)



(2) Environment

Before installation, check that the environment meets the specifications on page 45.



Note

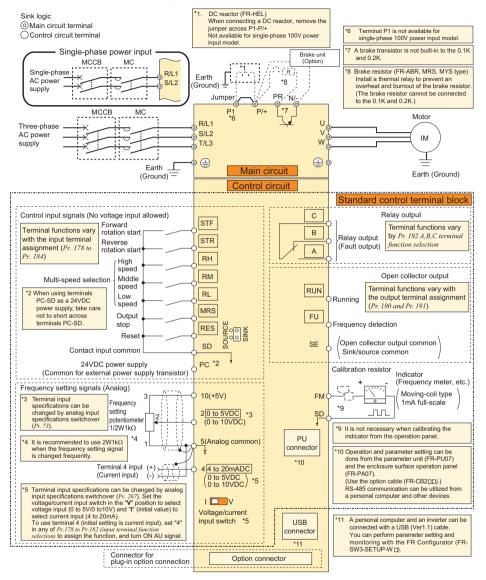
- Install the inverter on a strong surface securely and vertically with bolts.
- · Leave enough clearances and take cooling measures.
- · Avoid places where the inverter is subjected to direct sunlight, high temperature and high humidity.
- · Install the inverter on a nonflammable wall surface.
- When designing or building an enclosure for the inverter, carefully consider influencing factors such as heat generation of the contained devices and the operating environment.

7

2

2.3 Wiring

2.3.1 Terminal connection diagram



NOTE

- To prevent a malfunction caused by noise, separate the signal cables more than 10cm from the power cables. Also
 separate the main circuit wire of the input side and the output side.
- · After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.
- Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.
- The output of the single-phase power input model is three-phase 200V.

2.3.2 Terminal specifications

Ту	pe	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description							
		R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 *	AC power input	Connect to the commercial power supply. Keep these terminals power factor converter (FR-HC2) or power regeneration common * When using single-phase power input, terminals are R/L1 and S/	on converter (FR-CV).						
		U, V, W	Inverter output	Connect a three-phase squirrel-cage motor.							
ti.	, nit	P/+, PR	Brake resistor connection	Connect a brake resistor (MRS type, MYS type, FR-ABR) across terminals P/+ and PR. (The brake resistor cannot be connected to the 0.1K or 0.2K)							
Main circuit		P/+, N/-	Brake unit connection	Connect the brake unit (FR-BU2), power regeneration common power factor converter (FR-HC2).	. , , ,						
Ň	IVIC		DC power input	Connect the plus side of the power supply to terminal P/+ and r							
		P/+, P1 *	DC reactor connection	Remove the jumper across terminals P/+ and P1 and connect a 100V power input model is not compatible with DC reactor. * Terminal P1 is not available for single-phase 100V power input m							
			Earth (Ground)	For earthing (grounding) the inverter chassis. Must be earthed	(grounded).						
		STF	Forward rotation start	Turn ON the STF signal to start forward rotation and turn it OFF to stop.	When the STF and STR signals are turned ON						
		STR	Reverse rotation start	Turn ON the STR signal to start reverse rotation and turn it OFF to stop.	simultaneously, the stop command is given.						
		RH, RM, RL	Multi-speed selection	Multi-speed can be selected according to the combination of RI							
		MRS	Output stop	Turn ON the MRS signal (20ms or more) to stop the inverter ou Use to shut off the inverter output when stopping the motor by e	electromagnetic brake.						
	out	RES	Reset	reset can be set to enabled only at fault occurrence. Recover a							
	Contact input		Contact input common (sink) (initial setting)	Common terminal for contact input terminal (sink logic) and terr	ninal FM.						
	Cont	SD	External transistor common (source)	Connect this terminal to the power supply common terminal of a collector output) device, such as a programmable controller, in malfunction by undesirable current.							
			24VDC power supply common	Common output terminal for 24VDC 0.1A power supply (PC ter Isolated from terminals 5 and SE.	minal).						
Control circuit/input signal		50	External transistor common (sink) (initial setting)	Connect this terminal to the power supply common terminal of a transistor output (open collector output) device, such as a programmable controller, in the sink logic to avoid malfunction by undesirable current.							
it/inpu		PC	Contact input common (source)	n Common terminal for contact input terminal (source logic).							
ircu			24VDC power supply	Can be used as 24VDC 0.1A power supply.							
ol c		10	Frequency setting power supply	Used as power supply when connecting potentiometer for frequency setting (speed setting) from outside of the inverter.	5.2V ± 0.2VDC permissible load current 10mA						
Contr		2	Frequency setting (voltage)	Inputting 0 to 5VDC (or 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 5V (10V) and makes input and output proportional. Use Pr , 73 to switch between input 0 to 5VDC (initial setting) and 0 to 10VDC input.	Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Permissible maximum voltage 20VDC						
	Frequency setting	4	Frequency setting (current)	Inputting 0 to 20mADC (or 0 to 5V / 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 20mA and makes input and output proportional. This input signal is valid only when the AU signal is ON (terminal 2 input is invalid). To use terminal 4 (initial setting is current input), set "4" to any of $P_{r1}78$ to $P_{r1}84$ (Input terminal function setection), and turn AU signal ON. Use $Pr.267$ to switch among input 4 to 20mA (initial setting), 0 to 5VDC, and 0 to 10VDC. Set the voltage/current input switch the "V" position to select voltage input (initial status) Voltage input (initial s							
		5	Frequency setting common	Common terminal for the frequency setting signals (terminals 2	and 4). Do not earth (ground).						

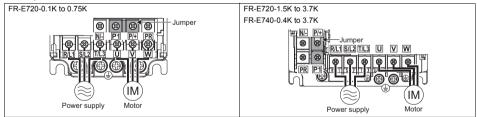
Ту	pe	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description	
	Relay	A, B, C	urs. continuity across B-C r factor = 0.4) 30VDC 0.3A		
ignal		RUN	Inverter running	higher than the starting frequency (initial value 0.5Hz). Switched High during stop or DC injection brake operation.*	Permissible load 24VDC (Maximum 27VDC) 0.1A (a voltage drop is 3.4V
Control circuit/output signal	Open collector	FU	Frequency detection		maximum when the signal is on) * Low is when the open collector output transistor is ON (conducts). High is when the transistor is OFF (does not conduct).
Conti		SE	Open collector output common	Common terminal of terminal RUN and FU.	
	Pulse	FM	For meter	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Permissible load current 1mA 1440 pulses/s at 60Hz
ication	ication i	-	PU connector	With the PU connector, RS-485 communication can be establish · Conforming standard: EIA-485 (RS-485) · Transmission forr · Communication speed: 4800 to 38400bps · Overall extension	mat: Multi-drop link
Communication		_	USB connector	Use the USB connector to communicate with a personal computer. of the inverter is enabled using FR Configurator. • Interface: conforms to USB1.1 • Transmission Spr • Connector: USB mini B connector (receptacle mini B type)	

Note

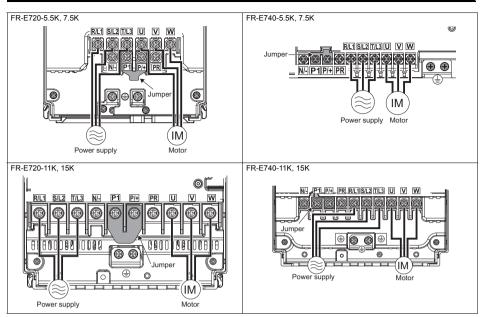
- Set Pr. 267 and a voltage/current input switch correctly, then input an analog signal in accordance with the setting. Applying a voltage with voltage/current input switch in "I" position (current input is selected) or a current with switch in "V" position (voltage input is selected) could cause component damage of the inverter or analog circuit of output devices.
- The inverter will be damaged if power is applied to the inverter output terminals (U, V, W). Never perform such wiring.
- indicates that terminal functions can be selected using Pr. 178 to Pr. 184 and Pr. 190 to Pr. 192 (I/O terminal function selection).
- Terminal names and terminal functions are those of the factory set.
- When connecting the DC power supply, be sure to connect the plus side of the power supply to terminal P/+ and minus side to terminal N/-. Opposite polarity will damage the inverter.

2.3.3 Terminal arrangement of the main circuit terminal, power supply and the motor wiring

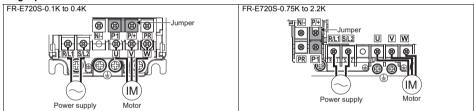
Three-phase 200V/400V class



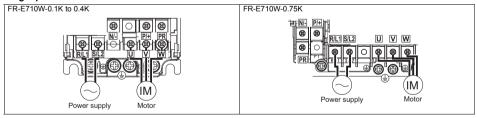
2



Single-phase 200V class



Single-phase 100V class





NOTE

- Make sure the power cables are connected to the R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3. (Phase need not be matched.) Never connect the power cables to the U, V, and W of the inverter. Doing so will damage the inverter.
- Connect the motor to U, V, and W. Turning ON the forward rotation switch (signal) at this time rotates the motor counterclockwise when viewed from the load shaft.

(1) Cable size and other specifications of the main circuit terminals and the earthing terminal

Select the recommended cable size to ensure that a voltage drop will be 2% at maximum.

If the wiring distance is long between the inverter and motor, a main circuit cable voltage drop will cause the motor torque to decrease especially at the output of a low frequency.

The following table indicates a selection example for the wiring length of 20m.

Three-phase 200V class (when input power supply is 220V)

			С	Crimp		Cable Size								
Applicable Inverter		Tightening	Terminal		HIV Cables, etc. (mm ²) *1			AWG *2		PVC Cables, etc. (mm ²) *3				
Model	Screw Size *4	Torque N∙m	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	u, v, w	Earthing cable	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	Earthing cable		
FR-E720-0.1K to 0.75K	M3.5	1.2	2-3.5	2-3.5	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5		
FR-E720-1.5K, 2.2K	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5		
FR-E720-3.7K	M4	1.5	5.5-4	5.5-4	3.5	3.5	3.5	12	12	4	4	4		
FR-E720-5.5K	M5	2.5	5.5-5	5.5-5	5.5	5.5	5.5	10	10	6	6	6		
FR-E720-7.5K	M5	2.5	14-5	8-5	14	8	5.5	6	8	16	10	6		
FR-E720-11K	M5	2.5	14-5	14-5	14	14	8	6	6	16	16	16		
FR-E720-15K	M6(M5)	4.4	22-6	22-6	22	22	14	4	4	25	25	16		

Three-phase 400V class (when input power supply is 440V)

			Crimp Terminal		Cable Size								
Applicable Inverter		Tightening			HIV Cables, etc. (mm ²) *1			AWG *2		PVC Cables, etc. (mm ²) *3			
Model	Screw Size *4	Torque N∙m	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	u, v, w	Earthing cable	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	u, v, w	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	Earthing cable	
FR-E740-0.4K to 3.7K	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5	
FR-E740-5.5K	M4	1.5	5.5-4	2-4	3.5	2	3.5	12	14	4	2.5	4	
FR-E740-7.5K	M4	1.5	5.5-4	5.5-4	3.5	3.5	3.5	12	12	4	4	4	
FR-E740-11K	M4	1.5	5.5-4	5.5-4	5.5	5.5	5.5	10	10	6	6	10	
FR-E740-15K	M5	2.5	8-5	8-5	8	8	5.5	8	8	10	10	10	

Single-phase 200V class (when input power supply is 220V)

			Crimp Terminal		Cable Size									
Applicable Inverter Model	Screw	Tightening Torque			HIV Cables, etc. (mm ²) *1			AWG *2		PVC Cables, etc. (mm ²) *3				
	Size +4	N∙m	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	Earthing cable	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	Earthing cable		
FR-E720S-0.1K to 0.4K	M3.5	1.2	2-3.5	2-3.5	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5		
FR-E720S-0.75K	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5		
FR-E720S-1.5K	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5		
FR-E720S-2.2K	M4	1.5	5.5-4	2-4	3.5	2	2	12	14	4	2.5	2.5		

Single-phase 100V class (when input power supply is 100V)

			Crimp Terminal		Cable Size								
Applicable Inverter	Screw	Tightening Torque			HIV Cables, etc. (mm ²) *1			AWG *2		PVC Cables, etc. (mm ²) *3			
Model	Size +4	N∙m	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	Earthing cable	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	Earthing cable	
FR-E710W-0.1K to 0.4K	M3.5	1.2	2-3.5	2-3.5	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5	
FR-E710W-0.75K	M4	1.5	5.5-4	2-4	3.5	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5	

*1 The cable size is that of the cable (HIV cable (600V class 2 vinyl-insulated cable) etc.) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 50°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less.

*2 The recommended cable size is that of the cable (THHW cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less. (For the use in the United States or Canada, refer to page 50.)

*3 The recommended cable size is that of the cable (PVC cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 70°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less. (Selection example for use mainly in Europe.)

*4 The terminal screw size indicates the terminal size for R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U, V, W, and a screw for earthing (grounding). A screw for earthing (grounding) of the FR-E720-15K is indicated in ().

For single-phase power input, the terminal screw size indicates the size of terminal screw for R/L1, S/L2, U, V, W, PR, P/+, N/-, P1 and a screw for earthing (grounding).

NOTE

 Tighten the terminal screw to the specified torque. A screw that has been tighten too loosely can cause a short circuit or malfunction. A screw that has been tighten too tightly can cause a short circuit or malfunction due to the unit breakage.

· Use crimp terminals with insulation sleeve to wire the power supply and motor.

The line voltage drop can be calculated by the following formula:

 $\sqrt{3}$ × wire resistance [mΩ/m] × wiring distance [m] × current [A] Line voltage drop [V]= 1000

Use a larger diameter cable when the wiring distance is long or when it is desired to decrease the voltage drop (torque reduction) in the low speed range.

(2) Total wiring length

The overall wiring length for connection of a single motor or multiple motors should be within the value in the table below.

Cable Type	Pr. 72 Setting (carrier frequency)	Voltage Class	0.1K	0.2K	0.4K	0.75K	1.5K	2.2K	3.7K or Higher
	1 (1kHz) or lower	100V/200V	200m	200m	300m	500m	500m	500m	500m
Unshielded	I (IKHZ) OI IOWEI	400V	-	-	200m	200m	300m	500m	500m
cable	2 (2kHz) or higher	100V/200V	30m	100m	200m	300m	500m	500m	500m
		400V	-	-	30m	100m	200m	300m	500m
	1 (1kHz) or lower	100V/200V	50m	50m	75m	100m	100m	100m	100m
Shielded	I (IKHZ) OI IOWEI	400V	-	-	50m	50m	75m	100m	100m
cable	2 (2kHz) or higher	100V/200V	10m	25m	50m	75m	100m	100m	100m
		400V	-	-	10m	25m	50m	75m	100m

When driving a 400V class motor by the inverter, surge voltages attributable to the wiring constants may occur at the motor terminals, deteriorating the insulation of the motor. Take the following measures 1) or 2) in this case.

1) Use a "400V class inverter-driven insulation-enhanced motor" and set frequency in Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection according to wiring length.

	Wiring Length		
	50m or less 50m to 100m Exceeding 100m		
Carrier frequency	14.5kHz or less	8kHz or less	2kHz or less

2) Connect the surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) on the inverter output side.



NOTE

• Especially for long-distance wiring, the inverter may be affected by a charging current caused by the stray capacitances of the wiring, leading to a malfunction of the overcurrent protective function, fast response current limit function, or stall prevention function or a malfunction or fault of the equipment connected on the inverter output side. If malfunction of fast-response current limit function occurs, disable this function. If malfunction of stall prevention

function occurs, increase the stall level. (Refer to Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level and Pr. 156 Stall prevention operation selection in Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

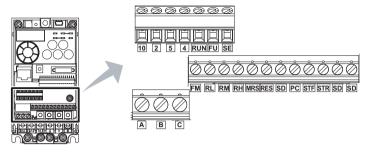
When using the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function with the wiring length exceeding 100m,

select without frequency search (Pr. 162 = "1, 11"). (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

2.3.4 Wiring of control circuit

Terminal layout

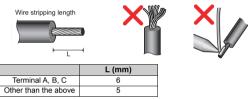
Terminal screw size M3: (Terminal A, B, C) M2: (Other than the above)



• Wiring method

1) Strip the signal wires for the control circuit wiring.

Strip the signal wires as shown below. If too much of the wire is stripped, a short circuit may occur with neighboring wires. If not enough of the wire is stripped, wires may become loose and fall out. Twist the stripped end of wires to prevent them from fraying. Do not solder it. Use a crimp terminal as necessary.



Crimp terminals commercially available (as of January 2017)

•Phoenix Contact Co., Ltd.

Terminal Screw Size	Wire Gauge	Ferrule Part No.		Crimping Tool
Terminal Screw Size	(mm ²)	With Insulation Sleeve	Without Insulation Sleeve	Model No.
	0.3	AI 0,34-6TQ	A 0,34-7	
M3 (terminal A, B, C)	0.5	AI 0,5-6WH	A 0,5-6	CRIMPFOX 6
	0.75	AI 0,75-6GY	A 0,75-6	CRIMPPOX 0
M2 (other than the above)	0.3, 0.5	AI 0,5-6WH	A 0,5-6	

•NICHIFU Co., Ltd.

Terminal Screw Size	Wire Gauge (mm ²)	Blade Terminal Part No.	Insulation Cap Part No.	Crimping Tool Model No.
M3 (terminal A, B, C) M2 (other than the above)	0.3 to 0.75	BT 0.75-7	VC 0.75	NH 69

- 2) Loosen the terminal screw and insert the wire into the terminal.
- 3) Tighten the screw to the specified torque.

Undertightening can cause wire disconnection or malfunction. Overtightening can cause a short circuit or malfunction due to damage to the screw or unit.

Tightening torque: 0.5N·m to 0.6N·m (terminal A, B, C)

0.22N·m to 0.25N·m (other than the above)

Screwdriver: ⊖Small flathead screwdriver (Tip thickness: 0.4mm/tip width: 2.5mm)

(1) Control circuit common terminals (SD, 5, SE)

- Terminals SD, SE and 5 are common terminals for I/O signals. (All common terminals are isolated from each other.) Do not
 earth them. Avoid connecting the terminals SD and 5 and the terminals SE and 5.
- Terminal SD is a common terminal for the contact input terminals (STF, STR, RH, RM, RL, MRS, RES) and the pulse train
 output (FM). The open collector circuit is isolated from the internal control circuit by photocoupler.
- Terminal 5 is a common terminal for the frequency setting signals (terminal 2 or 4). It should be protected from external noise using a shielded or twisted wire.
- Terminal SE is a common terminal for the open collector output terminal (RUN, FU). The contact input circuit is isolated from the internal control circuit by photocoupler.

(2) Wiring instructions

- It is recommended to use the wires of 0.3mm² to 0.75mm² gauge for connection to the control circuit terminals.
- The maximum wiring length should be 30m (200m for terminal FM).
- · Do not short terminals PC and SD. Inverter may be damaged.
- When using contact inputs, use two or more parallel micro-signal contacts or twin contacts to prevent contact faults since the control circuit input signals are micro-currents.
- To suppress EMI, use shielded or twisted cables for the control circuit terminals and run them away from the main and power circuits (including the 200V relay sequence circuit). For the cables connected to the control circuit terminals.

connect their shields to the common terminal of the connected control circuit terminal. When connecting an external power supply to terminal PC, however, connect the shield of the power supply cable to the negative side of the external power supply. Do not directly earth (ground) the shield to the enclosure, etc.

- · Always apply a voltage to the fault output terminals (A, B, C) via a relay coil, lamp, etc.
- When using an external power supply for transistor output, note the following points to prevent a malfunction caused by undesirable current.

Do not connect any terminal SD on the inverter and the 0V terminal of the external power supply (when the sink logic is selected).

Do not connect terminal PC on the inverter and the +24V terminal of the external power supply (when the source logic is selected).

Do not install an external power source in parallel with the internal 24VDC power source (connected to terminals PC and SD) to use them together.

Refer to Chapter 2 of the Instruction Manual (Applied) for the detail.

Twin contacts

2



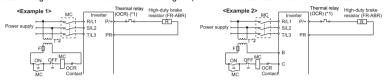
Connection of a dedicated external brake resistor (MRS type, 2.4 **MYS type, FR-ABR)**

Install a dedicated brake resistor (MRS type, MYS type, FR-ABR) outside when the motor driven by the inverter is made to run by the load, quick deceleration is required, etc. Connect a dedicated brake resistor (MRS type, MYS type, FR-ABR) to terminal P/+ and PR. (For the locations of terminal P/+ and PR, refer to the terminal block layout (page 10).)

Set parameters below. (Refer to the Instruction Manual (Applied) for the parameter details.)

Connected Brake Resistor Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection Setting		Pr. 70 Special regenerati	ve brake duty Setting
MRS type, MYS type	0 (initial value)	-	
MYS type (used at 100% torque/6%ED)	1	6%	
FR-ABR	1	7.5K or lower	10%
FR-ABR	l · · · · ·	11K or higher	6%

It is recommended to configure a sequence, which shuts off power in the input side of the inverter by the external thermal relay as shown below, to prevent overheat and burnout of the brake resistor (MRS, MYS) and high duty brake resistor (FR-ABR) in case the regenerative brake transistor is damaged. (The brake resistor cannot be connected to the 0.1K or 0.2K.)

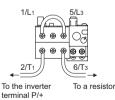


Refer to the table below for the type number of each capacity of thermal relay and the diagram below for the connection. (Always install a thermal relay when using a brake resistor whose capacity is 11K or higher)

*2 When the power supply is 400V class, install a step-down transformer.

Power Supply Voltage	Brake Resistor	Thermal Relay Type (Mitsubishi Electric product)	Rated Operating Current
	MRS120W200	TH-T25-0.7A	120VAC: 2A (NO contact) /3A
	MRS120W100	TH-T25-1.3A	(NC contact),
100V, 200V	MRS120W60	TH-T25-2.1A	240VAC: 1A (NO contact) / 2A
1000, 2000	MRS120W40	TH-T25-3.6A	(NC contact) (AC15 class)
	MYS220W50 (two	TH-T25-5A	110VDC: 0.2A,
	units in parallel)		220VDC: 0.1A (DC13 class)

Power Supply Voltage	Brake Resistor	Thermal Relay Type (Mitsubishi Electric product)	Rated Operating Current
	FR-ABR-0.4K	TH-T25-0.7A	
	FR-ABR-0.75K	TH-T25-1.3A]
	FR-ABR-2.2K	TH-T25-2.1A	1
4001/ 0001/	FR-ABR-3.7K	TH-T25-3.6A	1
100V, 200V	FR-ABR-5.5K	TH-T25-5A	120VAC: 2A (NO contact) /3A (NC contact), 240VAC: 1A (NO contact) / 2A (NC contact) (AC15 class) 110VDC: 0.2A, 220VDC: 0.1A (DC13 class)
	FR-ABR-7.5K	TH-T25-6.6A	
	FR-ABR-11K	TH-T25-11A	
	FR-ABR-15K	TH-T25-11A	
	FR-ABR-H0.4K	TH-T25-0.24A	
	FR-ABR-H0.75K	TH-T25-0.35A	
	FR-ABR-H1.5K	TH-T25-0.9A	
400V	FR-ABR-H2.2K	TH-T25-1.3A	
	FR-ABR-H3.7K	TH-T25-2.1A	1
	FR-ABR-H5.5K	TH-T25-2.5A	1
	FR-ABR-H7.5K	TH-T25-3.6A	1
	FR-ABR-H11K	TH-T25-6.6A	1
	FR-ABR-H15K	TH-T25-6.6A	1





Note

- · The brake resistor connected should only be the dedicated brake resistor.
- Perform wiring and operation according to the Instruction Manual of each option unit.
- Brake resistor cannot be used with the brake unit, high power factor converter, power supply regeneration converter, etc. Do not use the brake resistor (MRS type, MYS type) with a lead wire extended.
- Do not connect the resistor directly to the terminals P/+ and N/-. This could cause a fire.

3 PRECAUTIONS FOR USE OF THE INVERTER

The FR-E700 series is a highly reliable product, but using incorrect peripheral circuits or incorrect operation/handling method may shorten the product life or damage the product.

Before starting operation, always recheck the following points.

- (1) Use crimp terminals with insulation sleeve to wire the power supply and motor.
- (2) Application of power to the output terminals (U, V, W) of the inverter will damage the inverter. Never perform such wiring.
- (3) After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.

Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.

(4) Use cables of the appropriate size to make a voltage drop of 2% or less.

If the wiring distance is long between the inverter and motor, a main circuit cable voltage drop will cause the motor torque to decrease especially at the output of a low frequency. *Refer to page 12* for the recommended wire sizes.

(5) The total wiring length should be within the prescribed length.

Especially for long distance wiring, the fast-response current limit function may decrease, or the equipment connected to the secondary side may malfunction. This is caused by a charging current due to the stray capacity of the wiring. Therefore, note the overall wiring length. (*Refer to page 13*)

(6) Electromagnetic wave interference

The input/output (main circuit) of the inverter includes high frequency components, which may interfere with the communication devices (such as AM radios) used near the inverter. In this case, install options among the capacitor type EMC filter FR-BIF (for use in the input side only), the ferrite core type EMC filter FR-BSF01/FR-BLF, Filterpack, and EMC filter to minimize the interference.

(7) Electrical corrosion of the bearing

When a motor is driven by the inverter, axial voltage is generated on the motor shaft, which may cause electrical corrosion of the bearing in rare cases depending on the wiring, load, operating conditions of the motor or specific inverter settings (high carrier frequency, use of a capacitive filter+1). The following shows examples of countermeasures for the inverter.

- · Decrease the carrier frequency.
- Remove the capacitive filter.
- Provide a common mode choke+2 on the output side of the inverter. (This is effective regardless of the use of the capacitive filter.)
- *1 Mitsubishi Electric capacitive filter: FR-BIF, SF[], FR-E5NF-[], FR-S5NFSA[], FR-BFP2-[]
- *2 Recommended common mode choke: FT-3KM F series FINEMETR[®] common mode choke cores manufactured by Hitachi Metals, Ltd. FINEMET is a registered trademark of Hitachi Metals, Ltd.
- (8) Do not install a power factor correction capacitor, surge suppressor or capacitor type filter on the inverter output side.

This will cause the inverter to trip or the capacitor and surge suppressor to be damaged. If any of the above devices are connected, immediately remove them. (When using capacitor type filter (FR-BIF) for single-phase power input model, make sure of secure insulation of T-phase, and connect to the input side of the inverter.)

(9) For some short time after the power is switched OFF, a high voltage remains in the smoothing capacitor.

When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched OFF, and then make sure that the voltage across the main circuit terminals P/+ and N/- of the inverter is no more than 30VDC using a tester, etc.

(10) A short circuit or earth (ground) fault on the inverter output side may damage the inverter modules.

- Fully check the insulation resistance of the circuit prior to inverter operation since repeated short circuits may damage the inverter modules. These short circuits may be caused by peripheral circuit inadequacy, an earth (ground) fault caused by wiring inadequacy, or reduced motor insulation resistance.
- Fully check the to-earth (ground) insulation and phase to phase insulation of the inverter output side before power-ON. Especially for an old motor or use in a hostile atmosphere, securely check the motor insulation resistance etc.

(11) Do not use the inverter input side magnetic contactor to start/stop the inverter.

Since repeated inrush currents at power ON will shorten the life of the converter circuit (switching life is about 1,000,000 times), frequent starts and stops of the MC must be avoided. Turn ON/OFF the inverter start controlling terminals (STF, STR) to run/stop the inverter. (mm Refer to the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

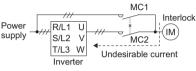
(12) Across terminals P/+ and PR, connect only an external brake resistor. Do not connect a mechanical brake. The brake resistor cannot be connected to the 0.1K(SC) or 0.2K(SC). Leave terminals P/+ and PR open. Also, never short between these terminals.

(13) Do not apply a voltage higher than the permissible voltage to the inverter I/O signal circuits.

Application of a voltage higher than the permissible voltage to the inverter I/O signal circuits or opposite polarity may damage the I/O devices. Especially check the wiring to prevent the speed setting potentiometer from being connected incorrectly to short terminals 10 and 5.

(14) To use the commercial power supply, be sure to provide electrical and mechanical interlocks between the electronic bypass contactors MC1 and MC2. When using a switching circuit as shown right, chattering due to misconfigured sequence or arc generated at switching may allow undesirable current to flow in and damage the inverter.

Miswiring may also damage the inverter.



- (15) If the machine must not be restarted when power is restored after a power failure, provide a magnetic contactor in the inverter's input side and also make up a sequence which will not switch ON the start signal. If the start signal (start switch) remains ON after a power failure, the inverter will automatically restart as soon as the
- power is restored.

(16) Inverter input side magnetic contactor (MC)

On the inverter input side, connect a MC for the following purposes. (Refer to page 6 for selection.)

- 1) To release the inverter from the power supply when a fault occurs or when the drive is not functioning (e.g. emergency stop operation). For example, MC avoids overheat or burnout of the brake resistor when heat capacity of the resistor is insufficient or brake regenerative transistor is damaged with short while connecting an optional brake resistor.
- 2) To prevent any accident due to an automatic restart at restoration of power after an inverter stop made by a power failure
- 3) To separate the inverter from the power supply to ensure safe maintenance and inspection work. If using an MC for emergency stop during operation, select an MC regarding the inverter input side current as JEM 1038-AC-3 class rated current.

(17) Handling of inverter output side magnetic contactor

Switch the magnetic contactor between the inverter and motor only when both the inverter and motor are at a stop. When the magnetic contactor is turned ON while the inverter is operating, overcurrent protection of the inverter and such will activate. When MC is provided for switching to the commercial power supply, for example, switch it ON/OFF after the inverter and motor have stopped.

(18) Countermeasures against inverter-generated EMI

If electromagnetic noise generated from the inverter causes frequency setting signal to fluctuate and motor rotation speed to be unstable when changing motor speed with analog signal, the following countermeasures are effective.

- Do not run the signal cables and power cables (inverter I/O cables) in parallel with each other and do not bundle them.
- Run signal cables as far away as possible from power cables (inverter I/O cables).
- Use shield cables as signal cables.
- Install a ferrite core on the signal cable (Example: ZCAT3035-1330 TDK).

(19) Instructions for overload operation

When performing operation of frequent start/stop of the inverter, rise/fall in the temperature of the transistor element of the inverter will repeat due to a repeated flow of large current, shortening the life from thermal fatigue. Since thermal fatigue is related to the amount of current, the life can be increased by reducing current at locked condition, starting current, etc. Decreasing current may increase the life. However, decreasing current will result in insufficient torque and the inverter may not start. Therefore, choose the inverter which has enough allowance for current (up to 2 rank larger in capacity).

(20) Make sure that the specifications and rating match the system requirements.

4 FAILSAFE OF THE SYSTEM WHICH USES THE INVERTER

When a fault occurs, the inverter trips to output a fault signal. However, a fault output signal may not be output at an inverter fault occurrence when the detection circuit or output circuit fails, etc. Although Mitsubishi Electric assures best quality products, provide an interlock which uses inverter status output signals to prevent accidents such as damage to machine when the inverter fails for some reason and at the same time consider the system configuration where failsafe from outside the inverter, without using the inverter, is enabled even if the inverter fails.

(1) Interlock method which uses the inverter status output signals

By combining the inverter status output signals to provide an interlock as shown below, an inverter alarm can be detected.

No.	Interlock Method	Check Method	Used Signals	Refer to Page
1)	Inverter protective function operation	Operation check of an alarm contact Circuit error detection by negative logic	Fault (ALM) signal	Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).
2)	Inverter running status	Operation ready signal check	Operation ready (RY) signal	Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).
3)	Inverter running status	Logic check of the start signal and running signal	Start (STF/STR) signal Inverter running (RUN) signal	Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).
4)	Inverter running status	Logic check of the start signal and output current	Start (STF/STR) signal Output current detection (Y12) signal	Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).

(2) Backup method outside the inverter

Even if the interlock is provided by the inverter status signal, enough failsafe is not ensured depending on the failure status of the inverter itself. For example, when the inverter CPU fails, even if the interlock is provided using the inverter fault output signal, start signal and RUN signal output, there is a case where a fault output signal is not output and RUN signal is kept output even if an inverter fault occurs.

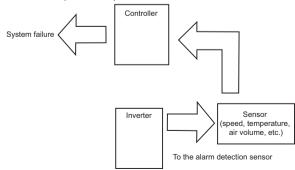
Provide a speed detector to detect the motor speed and current detector to detect the motor current and consider the backup system such as checking up as below according to the level of importance of the system.

1) Start signal and actual operation check

Check the motor running and motor current while the start signal is input to the inverter by comparing the start signal to the inverter and detected speed of the speed detector or detected current of the current detector. Note that the motor current runs as the motor is running for the period until the motor stops since the inverter starts decelerating even if the start signal turns off. For the logic check, configure a sequence considering the inverter deceleration time. In addition, it is recommended to check the three-phase current when using the current detector.

2) Command speed and actual operation check

Check if there is no gap between the actual speed and commanded speed by comparing the inverter speed command and detected speed of the speed detector.



5 DRIVING THE MOTOR

The inverter needs frequency command and start command.

Frequency command (set frequency) determines the rotation speed of the motor. Turning ON the start command starts the motor to rotate.

REMARKS

• Set the required parameters according to the load and operating conditions. (*Refer to page 32.*)



POINT

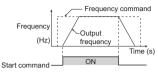
From where is the frequency command given?

- Operation at the frequency set in the frequency setting mode of the operation panel (3) refer to 5.1.1 (Refer to page 20.)
- Operation using the setting dial as the potentiometer (P International Content of the Instruction Manual (Applied)
- Change of frequency with ON/OFF switches connected to terminals (Prefer to 5.1.3 (Refer to page 22.)
- Perform frequency setting using voltage input signal (P refer to 5.1.4 (Refer to page 23.)
- Perform frequency setting using current input signal (P refer to 5.1.4 (Refer to page 23.)

5.1.1 Setting the frequency by the operation panel



	Operation
1. 5	Screen at power-ON
1.	The monitor display appears.
	Dperation mode change
2.	Press $\left(\frac{PU}{EXT}\right)$ to choose the PU operation mode. PU indicator is lit.
F	Frequency setting
	Turn 🚱 to show the frequency " 3 [[[] [] " (30.00Hz) you want to set. The frequency blinks for about 5s. While the value is
3.	blinking, press (SET) to set the frequency. " F " and " $\exists $ $\Box \Box \Box \Box$ " appear alternately. After about 3s, the indication of the value
	goes back to " [] [] [] " (0.00Hz) (monitor display). (If SET) is not pressed, the indication of the value goes back to " [] [] [] [" "
	(0.00Hz) after about 5s of blinking. In that case, turn 🚱 again, and set the frequency.)
S	Start \rightarrow acceleration \rightarrow constant speed
4.	Press (RUN) to start operation.
	The frequency value on the indication increases in Pr. 7 Acceleration time, and " 3 0 0 0" " (30.00Hz) appears.
	(To change the set frequency, perform the operation in above step 3. The previously set frequency is displayed at first.)
Ľ	Deceleration \rightarrow stop
5.	Press (stop) to stop. The frequency value on the indication decreases in Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor stops rotating with
	" [] [] [] " (0.00Hz) displayed.
\bigcirc	REMARKS
	• 🚱 can also be used like a potentiometer to perform operation. (📖 Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)
	• When you always operate in the PU operation mode at power-ON, set Pr.79 Operation mode selection = "1" to choose the PU
	operation mode always.



5.1.2 Using the setting dial like a potentiometer to perform operation

·	eration example Change the frequency from 0Hz to 60Hz during operation
	Operation
1.	Screen at power-ON
••	The monitor display appears.
2.	Operation mode change
۷.	Press $\left(\frac{PU}{EN}\right)$ to choose the PU operation mode. PU indicator is lit.
	Selecting the setting dial mode
3.	Change the Pr. 160 setting to "0" and the Pr. 161 setting to "1".
	(Refer to page 4 for change of the setting.)
	Start
4.	Press (RUN) to start the inverter.
	Frequency setting
-	
5.	Turn 🛞 until " 🗧 💭 🖓 " (60.00Hz) appears. The blinking frequency is the set frequency.
	You need not press (SET).

Independently of whether the inverter is running or at a stop, the frequency can be set by merely turning the (Use *Pr. 295 Magnitude of frequency change setting* to change the frequency setting increments of ().)



NOTE • When setting frequency by turning setting dial, the frequency goes up to the set value of *Pr. 1 Maximum frequency* (initial value: 120Hz). Adjust *Pr. 1 Maximum frequency* setting according to the application.

5.1.3 Setting the frequency by switches (three-speed setting) (Pr. 4 to Pr. 6)

. 1.3	Setting the frequency by Switches (three-speed Setting) (F1. 4 to F1. 0)				
(ċ					
(F	• Use the operation panel ((Run)) to give a start command.				
	Switch ON the RH, RM, or RL signal to give a frequency command.				
	Set "4" (External/PU combined operation mode 2) in <i>Pr. 79 Operation mode selection</i> . [Connection diagram]				
	High speed Middle speed Low speed RL SD BBBBB BBBBB BBBBB BBBBB BBBB BBBBB BBBB BBBB BBBB BBBB BBBBB BBBB BBBB BBBB BBBB BBBBBB				
	Low speed RL REAR BERRY Middle speed				
	RH ON RH				
	RM ON				
	RL ON				
Op	eration example Operation at low speed (10Hz)				
	Operation				
1.	Screen at power-ON				
_	The monitor display appears.				
2.	Easy operation mode setting				
	Press $\left(\frac{PU}{EXT}\right)$ and $\left(\frac{MODE}{EXT}\right)$ for 0.5s. " 79 " appears, and the [PRM] indicator blinks.				
2	Operation mode selection				
3.	Turn 🛞 until " 79 - 4 " appears. [PU] and [PRM] indicators blink.				
	Operation mode setting				
4.	Press $(\overline{\text{set}})$ to enter the setting. (Set "4" in <i>Pr.79.</i>)				
	" η 9 - η " and " η 9 " appear alternately. [PU] and [EXT] indicators are lit.				
-	Start				
5.	Turn ON the low-speed switch (RL).				
	Acceleration \rightarrow constant speed				
6.	Press (RUN) to start running.				
0.	The frequency value on the indication increases in Pr. 7 Acceleration time, and " IOOO" (10.00Hz) appears.				
	[RUN] indicator is lit during forward rotation operation and blinks slowly during reverse rotation operation.				
	Deceleration				
7.	Press (STOP) to stop.				
<i>'</i> .	The frequency value on the indication decreases in Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor stops rotating with "				
	displayed.				
8.	Stop				
	Turn OFF the low-speed switch (RL).				
	REMARKS				
	The initial values of the terminals RH, RM, RL are 60Hz, 30Hz, and 10Hz. (Use Pr. 4, Pr. 5 and Pr. 6 to change.)				
	 In the initial setting, when two or three of multi-speed settings are simultaneously selected, priority is given to the set frequency 				
	of the lower signal. For example, when the RH and RM signals turn ON, the RM signal ($Pr. 5$) has a higher priority.				
	 Maximum of 15-speed operation can be performed. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).) 				
	The internation of the period operation out be period (The internation of the instruction manual (Applied).)				

5

.1.4	Setting the frequency by analog input (voltage input/current input)				
<u>(-</u>	POINT				
((Use the operation panel ((RW)) to give a start command.				
)	Use the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) (voltage input) or 4-to-20mA input (current input) to give a frequency command.				
	• Set "4" (External/PU combined operation mode 2) in Pr. 79 Operation mode selection.				
[0	Connection example for voltage input] [Connection example for current input]				
	The inverter supplies 5V power to the frequency setting Assign the AU signal in one of <i>Pr. 178 to Pr. 184</i> .				
р	otentiometer. (terminal 10)) Inverter				
	Frequency setting potentiometer				
Ор	eration example Operate at 60Hz.				
	Operation				
1.	Screen at power-ON				
	The monitor display appears.				
2.	Assignment of the AU signal (current input) (Refer to the step 3 for voltage input.) Set <i>Pr.</i> 160 to "0" to activate extended parameters. To assign the AU signal, set "4" in one of <i>Pr.</i> 178 to <i>Pr.</i> 184. (Refer to <i>page 4</i> to change the setting.) Turn ON the AU signal.				
•	Easy operation mode setting				
3.	Press $\left(\frac{PU}{EXT}\right)$ and $\left(\frac{WODE}{EXT}\right)$ for 0.5s. " 79 " appears, and the [PRM] indicator blinks.				
4.	Operation mode selection Turn O until * 7 9 - 4 * appears. [PU] and [PRM] indicators blink.				
	Operation mode setting				
5.	Press (SET) to enter the setting. (Set "4" in <i>Pr.</i> 79.)				
	" γg - \breve{q} " and " γg " appear alternately. [PU] and [EXT] indicators are lit.				
6.	Start Press (RUN). [RUN] blinks fast as no frequency command is given.				
7.	Acceleration → constant speed For voltage input, turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) clockwise slowly to full. For current input, input 20mA.				
	The frequency value on the display increases in <i>Pr. 7 Acceleration time</i> , and " S_{UUU} " (60.00Hz) appears. [RUN] indicator is lit during forward rotation operation and blinks slowly during reverse rotation operation.				
	Deceleration				
8.	For voltage input, turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) counterclockwise slowly to full. For current input, input 4mA.				
0.	The frequency value on the display decreases in <i>Pr. 8 Deceleration time</i> , and the motor stops rotating with " (), (), (0.00Hz) displayed. [RUN] blinks fast.				
9.	Stop Press 🕮 . [RUN] indicator turns OFF.				
0	D REMARKS				
<u> </u>	 For voltage input, the frequency (maximum potentiometer setting) at the full right turn of the (frequency setting) potentiometer is 60Hz in the initial setting. (To change the setting, use <i>Pr.125.</i>) (<i>Refer to page 27.</i>) To input 10VDC to terminal 2, set <i>Pr. 73 Analog input selection</i> = "0". The initial value is "1 (0 to 5V input)" (<i>PMRefer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).</i>) For current input, the frequency at 20mA input is 60Hz in the initial setting. (To change the setting, use <i>Pr. 126.</i>) (<i>PMRefer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).</i>) 				

• When terminal 10 is used, the maximum output frequency may fluctuate in a range of ±2 to 3Hz due to fluctuations in the output voltage (5.2V ± 0.2VDC). Use Pr.125 or C4 to adjust the output frequency at the maximum analog input as required. (min Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

5.2 Start and stop using terminals (External operation)

	POINT	
(Ç	From where is the frequency command given?	
0	• Operation at the frequency set in the frequency setting mode of the operation panel (F) refer to 5.2.1 (Refer to page 24.)	
	• Give a frequency command by switch (multi-speed setting) (Prefer to 5.2.2 (Refer to page 25.)	
	• Perform frequency setting by a voltage input signal (refer to 5.2.3 (Refer to page 26.)	
	• Perform frequency setting by a current input signal (F) refer to 5.2.3 (Refer to page 26.)	
5.2.1	Setting the frequency by the operation panel (Pr. 79 = 3)	
<u>(</u>	POINT	
	Switch ON the STF (STR) signal to give a start command.	
	Use the operation panel ((
	• Set "3" (External/PU combined operation mode 1) in Pr. 79.	
	[Connection diagram]	
	[connection diagram] Inverter	
	Forward rotation start	
	Reverse rotation start STR	
	SD (III)	
Op	peration example Operate at 30Hz.	
	Operation	
	Screen at power-ON	
1.	The monitor display appears.	
Easy operation mode setting		
2.	Press $\left(\frac{PU}{EXT}\right)$ and wore for 0.5s. " 73 " appears, and the [PRM] indicator blinks.	
	Operation mode selection	
3.	Turn 🚱 until " 7 9 - 3 " appears. [EXT] and [PRM] indicators blink.	
	Operation mode setting	
4.		
4.	Press (SET) to enter the setting. (Set "3" in <i>Pr.</i> 79.)	
	" ? 9 - 3 " and " ? 9 " appear alternately. [PU] and [EXT] indicators are lit. Frequency setting	
	Turn 🚱 to show the frequency " 🖁 [] [] [] " you want to set. The frequency blinks for about 5s. While the value is blinking,	
5.	press (SET) to set the frequency. " F " and " 3 [] [] [] appear alternately. After about 3s, the indication of the value goes back	
	to "[] [] [] (monitor display). (If (SET) is not pressed, the indication of the value goes back to "[] [] [] " (0.00Hz) after about 5s	
	of blinking. In that case, turn 🥨 again, and set the frequency.)	
	Start \rightarrow acceleration \rightarrow constant speed	
6.	Turn the start switch (STF or STR) ON. The frequency value on the display increases in <i>Pr. 7 Acceleration time</i> , and "] [] [] (30.00Hz) appears.	
•.	[RUN] indicator is lit during forward rotation operation and blinks during reverse rotation operation.	
	(To change the set frequency, perform the operation in above step 5. Starting from the previously set frequency.)	
_	Deceleration → stop	
7.	Turn OFF the start switch (STF or STR). The frequency value on the indication decreases in <i>Pr. 8 Deceleration time</i> , and the	
	motor stops rotating with "	

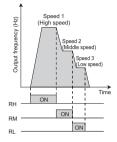
5.2.2 Setting the frequency by switches (three-speed setting) (Pr. 4 to Pr. 6)

POINT

Switch ON the STF (STR) signal to give a start command.

• Switch ON the RH, RM, or RL signal to give a frequency command.

[Connection diagram]



Operation example Operation at high speed (60Hz)

Operation

1.	The monitor display appears.
2.	Start
	Turn ON the high-speed switch (RH).
3.	Acceleration → constant speed
	Turn ON the start switch (STF or STR). The frequency value on the indication increases in Pr. 7 Acceleration time, and
	" 5 [] [] " (60.00Hz) appears.
	[RUN] indicator is lit during forward rotation operation and blinks during reverse rotation operation.
	 When RM is turned ON, 30Hz is displayed. When RL is turned ON, 10Hz is displayed.
	Deceleration
4.	Turn OFF the start switch (STF or STR). The frequency value on the indication decreases in Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the
	motor stops rotating with " [] [] [] " (0.00Hz) displayed. [RUN] turns OFF.
5.	Stop
	Turn OFF the high-speed switch (RH)

- To always select the External operation mode, set Pr.79 Operation mode selection = "2 (External operation mode)".
- Initial values of terminals RH, RM, and RL are 60Hz, 30Hz, and 10Hz. (To change, set Pr. 4, Pr. 5 and Pr. 6.)
- In the initial setting, when two or three of multi-speed settings are simultaneously selected, priority is given to the set frequency
 of the lower signal.
- For example, when the RH and RM signals turn ON, the RM signal (Pr. 5) has a higher priority.
- Maximum of 15-speed operation can be performed. (MRefer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

5.2.3 Setting the frequency by analog input (voltage input/current input)

Inverter

• Switch • Use th

• Switch ON the STF (STR) signal to give a start command.

STE

STR SD

10

2

5

Use the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) (voltage input) or 4-to-20mA input (current input) to give a frequency command.

[Connection example for voltage input]

Forward rotation start

Reverse rotation start

Operation example

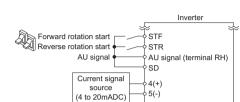
(The inverter supplies 5V power to the frequency setting potentiometer. (terminal 10))

Frequency setting

Operate at 60Hz.

potentiometer

[Connection example for current input] Assign the AU signal in one of *Pr. 178 to Pr. 184*.



Operation

1	Screen at power-ON
••	The monitor display appears.
	Assignment of the AU signal (current input) (Refer to the step 3 for voltage input.)
2.	Set Pr. 160 to "0" to activate extended parameters.
	To assign the AU signal, set "4" in one of Pr. 178 to Pr. 184. (Refer to page 4 to change the setting.)
	Turn ON the AU signal.
	Start
3.	Turn the start switch (STF or STR) ON.
	[RUN] blinks fast because the frequency command is not given.
	Acceleration \rightarrow constant speed
4.	For voltage input, turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) clockwise slowly to full.
	For current input, input 20mA.
	The frequency value on the display increases in <i>Pr. 7 Acceleration time</i> , and "5 [[[[[]]]" (60.00Hz) appears. [RUN] indicator is lit during forward rotation operation and blinks slowly during reverse rotation operation.
	Deceleration
-	For voltage input, turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) counterclockwise slowly to full.
5.	For current input, input 4mA.
	The frequency value on the display decreases in Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor stops rotating with "
	[RUN] blinks fast.
-	Stop
6.	Turn the start switch (STF or STR) OFF.
	[RUN] turns OFF.
•	D REMARKS
<u> </u>	 For voltage input, the frequency (maximum potentiometer setting) at the full right turn of the (frequency setting) potentiometer is
	60Hz in the initial setting. (To change the setting, use <i>Pr.125.</i>) (<i>Refer to page 27.</i>)
	 To input 10VDC to the terminal 2, set Pr. 73 Analog input selection = "0". The initial value is "1 (0 to 5V input)" (mm Refer to Chapter)
	4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)
	 For current input, the frequency at 20mA input is 60Hz in the initial setting. (To change the setting, use Pr. 126.) (marketer to the setting) (marketer to the s
	 Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).) To always select the External operation mode, set Pr. 79 Operation mode selection = "2 (External operation mode)".
	 Io always select the External operation mode, set Pr. 79 Operation mode selection = "2 (External operation mode)". When terminal 10 is used, the maximum output frequency may fluctuate in a range of ±2 to 3Hz due to fluctuations in the output
	 when terminal 10 is used, the maximum output frequency may fluctuate in a range of ±2 to 3H2 due to fluctuations in the output voltage (5.2V ± 0.2VDC). Use Pr.125 or C4 to adjust the output frequency at the maximum analog input as required. (maximum analog input as required.)
	to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)
	a control of the cont

5.2.4 Operating at 60Hz or higher using the external potentiometer

< How to change the maximum frequency>

Changing	want to	use 0	to 5VI	DC i

nput frequency setting potentiometer to change the frequency at 5V from 60Hz (initial value) example to 70Hz, make adjustment to output "70Hz" at 5V voltage input. Set "70Hz" in Pr. 125.

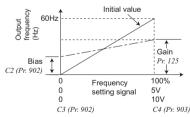
	Operation
	Parameter selection
1.	Turn 💮 until "P_125" (Pr. 125) appears.
	Press (SET) to show the present set value " $\{ G \ G \ G \ G \ G \ G \ O \ O \ O \ O \$
	Changing the maximum frequency
2.	Turn of to change the set value to " ? [] [] "(70.00Hz).
	Press (SET) to enter. " $\Omega \Omega \Omega$ " and " $P_1 P_2 S$ " appear alternately.
	Mode/monitor check
3.	
	Press (MODE) twice to choose the monitor/frequency monitor.
	Start
4.	Turn the start switch (STF or STR) ON.
	[RUN] blinks fast because the frequency command is not given.
	Acceleration \rightarrow constant speed
5.	Turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) clockwise slowly to full.
5.	The frequency value on the display increases in Pr. 7 Acceleration time, and " $\Omega_{\mu}^{\alpha}\Omega_{\mu}^{\alpha}$ " (70.00Hz) appears.
	[RUN] indicator is lit during forward rotation operation and blinks slowly during reverse rotation operation.
	Deceleration
~	Turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) counterclockwise slowly to full.
6.	The frequency value on the display decreases in Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor stops rotating with "
	displayed. [RUN] blinks fast.
7	Stop
7.	Turn the start switch (STF or STR) OFF.
	[RUN] turns OFF.

REMARKS

 $(\mathbf{0})$

To change the value to 120Hz or more, the maximum frequency must be set to 120Hz or more.

- ? Use calibration parameter C2 to set frequency at OV and calibration parameter C0 to adjust the meter.
- (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).) To input 10VDC to the terminal 2, set Pr.73 Analog input
- selection = "0". The initial value is "1 (0 to 5V input)".
- (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)



As other adjustment methods of frequency setting voltage gain, there are methods to adjust with a voltage applied across terminals 2 and 5 or a method to adjust at any point without a voltage applied. (I Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied) for the setting method of calibration parameter C4.)

Change the frequency (60Hz) at the maximum current input (20mA in the initial setting) CAdjust it with Pr. 126 Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency. (🛄 Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

Change the frequency (0Hz) at the minimum current input (4mA in the initial setting)

- TAdjust with the calibration parameter C5 Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)
- When terminal 10 is used, the maximum output frequency may fluctuate in a range of ±2 to 3Hz due to fluctuations in the output voltage (5.2V ± 0.2VDC). Use Pr:125 or C4 to adjust the output frequency at the maximum analog input as required. (merceretaria) to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

5.3 Acquiring large starting torque and low speed torque (Advanced magnetic flux vector control, General-purpose magnetic flux vector control) (Pr. 71, Pr. 80, Pr. 81, Pr. 800)

Advanced magnetic flux vector control can be selected by setting the capacity, poles and type of the motor used in *Pr*: 80 and *Pr*: 81.

• Advanced magnetic flux vector control, General-purpose magnetic flux vector control?

The low speed torque can be improved by providing voltage compensation to flow a motor current which meets the load torque. Output frequency compensation (slip compensation) is made so that the motor actual speed approximates a speed command value. Effective when load fluctuates drastically, etc.

General-purpose magnetic flux vector control is the same function as it is for the FR-E500 series. Select this control when operation characteristics as similar as possible are required when replacing from the FR-E500 series. For other cases, select Advanced magnetic flux vector control.

Parameter Number	Name	Initial Va	lue	Setting Range	Description
71	Applied motor	0		0,1, 3 to 6, 13 to 16, 23, 24 40, 43, 44 50, 53, 54	By selecting a standard motor or constant-torque motor, thermal characteristic and motor constants of each motor are set.
80	Motor capacity	9999		0.1 to 15kW 9999	Set the applied motor capacity. V/F control
04	Number of motor	9999		2, 4, 6, 8, 10	Set the number of motor poles.
81	poles			9999	V/F control
83	Rated motor	200V class	200V	0 to 1000V	Set the rated motor voltage (V).
03	voltage	400V class	400V		
84	Rated motor frequency	60Hz		10 to 120Hz	Set the rated motor frequency (Hz).
800	Control method	20		20	Advanced magnetic flux vector control *
000	selection			30	General-purpose magnetic flux vector control *

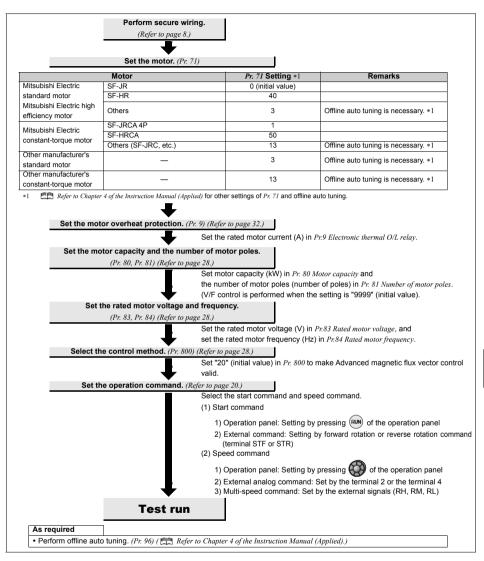
* Set a value other than "9999" in Pr. 80 and Pr. 81.

POINT

If the following conditions are not satisfied, select V/F control since malfunction such as insufficient torque and uneven rotation may occur.

- The motor capacity should be equal to or one rank lower than the inverter capacity. (Note that the capacity should be 0.1kW or higher.)
- Motor to be used is any of Mitsubishi Electric standard motor (SF-JR 0.2kW or more), high efficiency motor (SF-HR 0.2kW or more) or Mitsubishi Electric constant-torque motor (SF-JRCA four-pole, SF-HRCA 0.2kW to 15kW). When using a motor other than the above (other manufacturer's motor), perform offline auto tuning without fail.
- Single-motor operation (one motor run by one inverter) should be performed.
- The wiring length from inverter to motor should be within 30m. (Perform offline auto tuning in the state where wiring work is performed when the wiring length exceeds 30m.)
- Permissible wiring length between inverter and motor differs according to the inverter capacity and setting value of *Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection* (carrier frequency). *Refer to page 13* for the permissible wiring length.

5.3.1 Selection method of Advanced magnetic flux vector control



١

NOTE

- Uneven rotation slightly increases as compared to the V/F control. (It is not suitable for machines such as grinding machine and wrapping machine which requires less uneven rotation at low speed.)
- When a surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) is connected between the inverter and motor, output torque may decrease.

REMARKS

• Use Pr. 89 to adjust the motor speed fluctuation at load fluctuation. (Manual (Applied).)

Selection method of General-purpose magnetic flux vector control 5.3.2

	Set the motor.(Pr: 7.	1)	
	Motor	Pr. 71 Setting *1	Remarks
Mitsubishi Electric	SF-JR	0 (initial value)	
standard motor	SF-HR	40	
Mitsubishi Electric high efficiency motor	Others	3	Offline auto tuning is necessary. *1
Mitsubishi Electric	SF-JRCA 4P	1	
constant-torque	SF-HRCA	50	
motor	Others (SF-JRC, etc.)	13	Offline auto tuning is necessary. *1
Other manufacturer's	_	3	Offline auto tuning is necessary. *1
standard motor		-	
Other manufacturer's constant-torque motor	_	13	Offline auto tuning is necessary. *1
	ten 4 -f the Instruction Manuel (4	pplied) for other settings of Pr. 71 and offli	no outo tuning
*1 Kejer to Chap	ner 4 of the Instruction Manual (A	ppliea) for other settings of Pr. /1 and onit	ne auto tuning.
	◆		
Set the moto	or overheat protection. (Page 1)	r. 9) (Refer to page 32.)	
	1	Set the rated motor current (A) in	Pr.9 Electronic thermal O/L relay.
Sot the me	tor capacity and the num		
Set the mo	(Pr. 80, Pr. 81) (Refer to page	•	
	(F1. 80, F1. 81) (Refer to pag		l (stan ann acity and
		Set motor capacity (kW) in Pr. 80 I	er of poles) in Pr. 81 Number of motor poles
		(V/F control is performed when th	
Set t	he rated motor voltage an		
Gerti	(Pr. 83, Pr. 84) (Refer to pa		
	(F1. 85, F1. 84) (Refer to page		D 02 D / L / L and
		Set the rated motor voltage (V) in set the rated motor frequency (Hz	
Salact th	e control method. (Pr. 800)		f in 17.64 Ralea motor frequency.
Jelect th		(Rejer to page 20.)	
		Set "30" in Pr. 800 to make Generation	al-purpose magnetic flux vector control va
Sot th	e operation command. (Re	afar to page 20)	
Set ui	e operation command. (Ad	ejer to puge 20.)	
		Select the start command and spe	eed command.
		(1) Start command	
		1) Operation panel: Setting b	y pressing (RUN) of the operation panel
		2) External command: Sett	ing by forward rotation or reverse re
		command (terminal STF o	
		(2) Speed command	
		1) Operation panel: Setting b	y pressing 🙀 of the operation panel
			: Set by the terminal 2 or the terminal 4
			t by the external signals (RH, RM, RL)
	Test run		
	Test run		
As required	restruit		

- NOTE
 Uneven rotation slightly increases as compared to the V/F control. (It is not suitable for machines such as grinding machine and wrapping machine which requires less uneven rotation at low speed.)
 When a surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) is connected between the inverter and motor, output
 - torque may decrease.

6 ENERGY SAVING OPERATION FOR FANS AND PUMPS

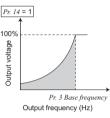
Set the following functions to perform energy saving operation for fans and pumps.

(1) Load pattern selection (Pr. 14)

Select the optimum output characteristic (V/F characteristic) that is suitable for the application and load characteristics.

- Set Pr.14 Load pattern selection = "1 (for variable-torque load)."
- When the output frequency is equal to or less than the base frequency, the output voltage changes by its square in proportion to the output frequency.

Use this setting to drive a load whose load torque changes in proportion to the square of the speed, such as a fan and a pump.





NOTE

Load pattern selection is available only under V/F control. Load pattern selection is not available under Advanced magnetic flux vector control and General-purpose magnetic flux vector control. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

(2) Optimum excitation control (Pr. 60)

Without a detailed parameter setting, the inverter automatically performs energy saving operation.

This operation is optimum for fan and pump applications.

- Set Pr:60 Energy saving control selection = "9 (optimum excitation control mode)."
- The Optimum excitation control mode is a control system which controls excitation current to improve the motor efficiency to the maximum and determines output voltage as an energy saving method.

REMARKS

 When the motor capacity is too small as compared to the inverter capacity or two or more motors are connected to one inverter, the energy saving effect is not expected.



NOTE

- When the Optimum excitation control mode is selected, deceleration time may be longer than the setting value. Since
 overvoltage alarm tends to occur as compared to the constant-torque load characteristics, set a longer deceleration
 time.
- Optimum excitation control is available only under V/F control. Optimum excitation control is not available under
- Advanced magnetic flux vector control and General-purpose magnetic flux vector control. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)
- · Optimum excitation control will not be performed during an automatic restart after instantaneous power failure.
- Since output voltage is controlled by Optimum excitation control, output current may slightly increase.

7 PARAMETERS

Simple variable-speed operation can be performed with the inverter in the initial settings. Set the required parameters according to the load and operating conditions. Use the operation panel to set or change a parameter. (Refer to the *Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)* for the detailed description of parameters.

7.1 Simple mode parameters

Only simple mode parameter can be displayed using *Pr. 160 User group read selection*. (All parameters are displayed with the initial setting.) Set *Pr. 160 User group read selection* as required. (*Refer to page 4* for parameter change.)

Parameter Number	Name	Unit	Initial Value	Range	Application
0	Torque boost	0.1%	6%/4%/ 3%/2%*	0 to 30%	Set when you want to increase a starting torque or when the motor with a load will not rotate, resulting in an alarm [OL] and a trip [OC1]. * Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (0.75K or lower/1.5K to 3.7K/3.5K, 7.5K/11K, 15K)
1	Maximum frequency	0.01Hz	120Hz	0 to 120Hz	Set when the maximum output frequency need to be limited.
2	Minimum frequency	0.01Hz	0Hz	0 to 120Hz	Set when the minimum output frequency need to be limited.
3	Base frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set when the rated motor frequency is 50Hz. Check the motor rating plate.
4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	
5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0.01Hz	30Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set when changing the preset speed in the parameter with a terminal.
6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0.01Hz	10Hz	0 to 400Hz	
7	Acceleration time	0.1s	5s/10s/ 15s*	0 to 3600s	Acceleration/deceleration time can be set.
8	Deceleration time	0.1s	5s/10s/ 15s*	0 to 3600s	 Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (3.7K or lower/5.5K, 7.5K/11K, 15K)
9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0.01A	Inverter rated current	0 to 500A	The inverter protects the motor from overheat. Set the rated motor current.
79	Operation mode selection	1	0	0 1 2 3 4 6 7	External/PU switchover mode Fixed to PU operation mode Fixed to External operation mode 1 (Start command from External, frequency command from PU) External/PU combined operation mode 2 (Frequency command from External, start command from PU) Switchover mode External operation mode (PU operation interlock)
125	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Frequency for the maximum value of the potentiometer (5V initial value) can be changed.
126	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Frequency for the maximum current input (20mA initial value) can be changed.
160	User group read selection	1	0	0 1 9999	Display all parameters Only the parameters registered to the user group can be displayed. Only the simple mode parameters can be displayed.
Pr.CL	Parameter clear	1	0	0, 1	Setting "1" returns all parameters except calibration parameters to the initial values.
ALLC	All parameter clear	1	0	0, 1	Setting "1" returns all parameters to the initial values.
Er.CL	Fault history clear	1	0	0, 1	Setting "1" clears eight past faults.
Pr.CH	Initial value change list	—	—	—	Displays and sets the parameters changed from the initial value.

7.2 Parameter list

() **REMARKS**

•
 on indicates simple mode parameters. (initially set to extended mode)

• The parameters surrounded by a black border in the table allow its setting to be changed during operation even if "0" (initial value) is set in *Pr. 77 Parameter write selection*.

• Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied) for the detailed description of parameters.

Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
© 0	Torque boost	0 to 30%	6/4/3/2% *1	32	Frequency jump 1B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
© 1	Maximum frequency			33	Frequency jump 2A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
<mark>@ 2</mark> @ 3	Minimum frequency Base frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz	34	Frequency jump 2B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
◎ 4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0 to 400Hz	60Hz	35	Frequency jump 3A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
© 5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0 to 400Hz	30Hz	36	Frequency jump 3B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
© 6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0 to 400Hz	10Hz	37	Speed display	0, 0.01 to 9998	0
◎ 7	Acceleration time	0 to 3600/ 360s	5/10/15s *2	40	RUN key rotation direction selection	0, 1	0
© 8	Deceleration time	0 to 3600/ 360s	5/10/15s *2	41	Up-to-frequency sensitivity	0 to 100%	10%
			Inverter	42	Output frequency detection	0 to 400Hz	6Hz
© 9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A	rated	43	Output frequency detection for reverse rotation	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
10	DC injection brake operation frequency	0 to 120Hz	3Hz	44	Second acceleration/ deceleration time	0 to 3600/ 360s	5/10/15s *2
11	DC injection brake operation time	0 to 10s	0.5s	45	Second deceleration time	0 to 3600/ 360s, 9999	9999
12	DC injection brake operation voltage	0 to 30%	6/4/2% *3	46	Second torque boost	0 to 30%, 9999	9999
13 14	Starting frequency Load pattern selection	0 to 60Hz 0 to 3	0.5Hz	47	Second V/F (base frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
14	Jog frequency	0 to 3 0 to 400Hz	5Hz	48	Second stall prevention operation current	0 to 200%, 9999	9999
16	Jog acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600/ 360s	0.5s	51	Second electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A, 9999	9999
17	MRS input selection	0, 2, 4	0		Telay	0, 5, 7 to 12,	
18 19	High speed maximum frequency	120 to 400Hz 0 to 1000V,	120Hz 9999	52	DU/PU main display data selection	14, 20, 23 to 25, 52 to 57, 61,	0
19	Base frequency voltage	8888, 9999	9999			62, 100	
20	Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	1 to 400Hz	60Hz	54	FM terminal function selection	1 to 3, 5, 7 to 12, 14, 21, 24, 52,	1
21	Acceleration/deceleration time increments	0, 1	0		Frequency monitoring	53, 61, 62	
22	Stall prevention operation level	0 to 200%	150%	55	reference	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
23	Stall prevention operation level compensation factor at double speed	0 to 200%, 9999	9999	56	Current monitoring reference	0 to 500A	Inverter rated current
24	Multi-speed setting (speed 4)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	57	Restart coasting time	0, 0.1 to 5s, 9999	9999
25	Multi-speed setting (speed 5)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	58 59	Restart cushion time Remote function selection	0 to 60s	1s 0
26	Multi-speed setting (speed 6)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	60	Energy saving control selection	0, 1, 2, 3 0, 9	0
27	Multi-speed setting (speed 7)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	61	Reference current	0 to 500A, 9999	9999
29	Acceleration/deceleration pattern selection	0, 1, 2	0	62	Reference value at	0 to 200%,	9999
30	Regenerative function selection	0, 1, 2	0	63	acceleration Reference value at deceleration	9999 0 to 200%, 9999	9999
31	Frequency jump 1A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	65	Retry selection	0 to 5	0

🌱 Parameter list

Bits Stall prevention operation 0 to 400Hz 60Hz 66 Retry outing item 0.1 to 300s 1 67 Number of retries a fault 0 to 10, 0 68 Retry outing item 0.1 to 300s 1s 67 Special regenerative brake 0 0 0.4 400Hz 60Hz 70 Special regenerative brake 0 0.5 30% 0% 0 122 PD control automatic 0.5 400Hz 60Hz 71 Applied motor 0.1, 3 to 8, 35, 54 1 1 130 PD action selection 0.1 0, 3000s, 100%	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
0 courrence 101 to 110 0	66		0 to 400Hz	60Hz	124		0, 1, 2	1
60 Retry count display erase duty 0 <t< td=""><td>67</td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td><td>© 125</td><td colspan="2"></td><td>60Hz</td></t<>	67			0	© 125			60Hz
669 Retry count displayerase 0 0 70 Special regenerative brake 0 to 30% 0 71 Applied motor 13 to 16, 23, 24, 44, 50, 23, 54 122 PID contor automatic system 9999 71 Applied motor 0, 1, 3 to 16, 23, 24, 45, 53, 54 128 PID action selection 0, 1, 10, 10, 11 72 PVM frequency selection 0, 1, 1, 10, 11 14 130 PID action selection 0, 1, 10, 10, 11 75 PU detection/PU statistics 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 0 131 PID upper limit 005, 100%, 100% 76 Reverse rotation prevention selection 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 0 113 PID upper limit 005, 9999 9999 81 Number of motor poles 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 9999 9999 1134 PID display language selection 0, 1 1 143 Number of motor poles 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 9999 9999 132 PID diver limit 00, 10, 00, 00, 9999 10 83 Rated motor frequency 10 to 1200% 10000/200/40/40 11 146 <t< td=""><td>68</td><td>Retry waiting time</td><td>0.1 to 360s</td><td>1s</td><td>©126</td><td></td><td>0 to 400Hz</td><td>60Hz</td></t<>	68	Retry waiting time	0.1 to 360s	1s	©126		0 to 400Hz	60Hz
70 charm 91 30% 0% 0% 127 switchover frequency 9999	69		0	0	-	0 1 3	0 to 400Hz	
71 Applied motor 13 to 16 23, 24, 40, 43, 04, 45, 05, 53, 54 9 72 PWM frequency selection 0, 1, 10, 11 1 74 Analog input selection 0, 1, 10, 11 1 74 Input filter time constant 0 to 8 1 77 Preset selection/discornected 0 to 3, 10, 1 1 78 Reset selection/discornected 0, 1, 2 0 78 Reset selection 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 0 80 Motor capacity 0, 1, 10, 15K/4 9999 81 Number of motor poles 2, 4, 6, 5, 10, 9999 9999 82 Motor capacity 0, 1, 10, 15K/4 9999 82 Motor capacity 0, 1, 10, 15K/4 9999 83 Rated motor rolage 0, 10, 100V/ 200/400V 44 Rated motor rolage 0, 10, 100V/ 200/400V 49 Steed corrol gain (Advanced 0 to 200%, 9999 9999 91 Motor constant (R1) 0 to 1000V 200/40V 92 Motor constant (R2) 0 to 5000, 9999 </td <td>70</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0%</td> <td>127</td> <td></td> <td>9999</td> <td>9999</td>	70			0%	127		9999	9999
12 PWM Frequency selection 0 to 15 1 73 Analog input selection 0 to 15 1 74 Input filer time constant 0 to 8 1 75 PU detection/PU stop 14 to 17 14 76 Put detection/PU stop 14 to 17 14 77 Parameter write selection 0, 1, 2 0 78 Reverse rotation prevention selection 0, 1, 2 0 78 Reverse rotation prevention selection 0, 1, 2 0 79 Operation mode selection 0, 1, 2 0 80 Motor capacity 9, 10 0, 1, 10 14 81 Number of motor poles 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 9999 82 Motor excitation current 0 to 500A 9999 98 Rated motor voltage 0 to 100/10 145 89 Speed control gain (Advanced 0 to 200%, 150% 152 2ero current detection signal output time 0 to 200%, 150% 152 Zero current detection signal output time 0 to 200%, 150% 154 U	71	Applied motor	13 to 16, 23, 24, 40, 43,	0		PID action selection	40 to 43, 50, 51, 60, 61	-
73 Analog input selection 0.1.1.0.11 1 74 Input filter time constant 0 to 8 1 75 Preset selection/disconnected PU detection PU stop selection 0 to 3. 14 77 Parameter write selection 0.1.2 0 78 Parameter write selection 0.1.2 0 79 Operation mode selection selection 0.1.2.3.4, 0.1.10 150K, 9999 0 133 PID action set point 0 to 100%, 9999 9999 80 Motor capacity 0.1.10 150K, 9999 9999 145 PU display language selection 0 to 7 0 81 Number of motor poiles 2.4.6.8.10, 9999 9999 145 PU display language selection intered 0 to 200% 150% 0 to 100% 0 to 10% 0 to 10% <td< td=""><td>72</td><td>PWM frequency selection</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>129</td><td>PID proportional band</td><td></td><td>100%</td></td<>	72	PWM frequency selection		1	129	PID proportional band		100%
74 Input filter time constant 0 to 8 1 75 PU detection(PU stop selection 0 to 3, 14 to 17 14 76 Parameter write selection(accounce) PU detection(PU stop selection 0, 1, 2 0 77 Parameter write selection 0, 1, 2 0 78 Reverse rotation prevention 6, 7, 2 0, 1, 2 0 79 Operation mode selection 0, 1, 2 0 80 Motor capacity 0, 1, 10 fSW, 9999 9999 80 Motor capacity 0, 1, 10 fSW, 9999 9999 81 Number of motor poles 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 9999 9999 82 Motor excitation current 0 to 500A 9999 9999 83 Rated motor reguency 10 to 1000V					130	PID integral time		1s
Reset selection/lisconnected selection/lisconnected selection/lisconnected selection/lisconnected selection 113 Pib uper limit 9999 9999 9999 9999 77 Parameter write selection 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 0 0 133 Pib uper limit 901 00%, 9999 133 PiD actors set point 0 to 100%, 10, 10% 11 1 146 % 146 % 146 % 146 % 146 % 146 % 146 % 146 % 146 % 146 % 146 % 146 %	74	Input filter time constant	0 to 8	1				-
Selection 1.2 0 77 Parameter write selection 0, 1, 2 0 8 Reverse rotation prevention 0, 1, 2 0 80 Motor capacity 0, 1 to 15kW, 9999 9999 81 Number of motor poles 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 9999 9999 82 Motor excitation current 0, 0500A, (0, 0'''''') 9999 83 Rated motor voltage 0 to 1000V, 200/400V 46 < Acceleration/deceleration time	75	PU detection/PU stop		14		PID upper limit	9999	9999
78 Reverse rotation prevention selection 0, 1, 2 0 78 Selection 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 0 80 Motor capacity 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 0 80 Motor capacity 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 0 81 Number of motor poles 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 9999 9999 82 Motor excitation current 90 999 · 5 9999 83 Rated motor voltage 0 to 1000V 200/400V 84 Rated motor voltage 0 to 1000V 200/400V 84 Rated motor frequency 10 to 1201±2 60Hz 99 9999 · 5 9999 150 Output current detection level 0 to 200%, 151 5% 90 Motor constant (R1) 0 to 5000, (0 to ****), 9999 · 5 9999 999 · 5 156 Stall prevention operation 101 0 to 31, 100, 101 0 91 Motor constant (R2) 0 to 10000mH 9999 · 5 9999 999 · 5 9999 999 · 5 157 OL signal output timer inductance 0, 1, 10, 11 0 92 Motor constant (R2) 0 to 1000mH 9999 · 5				-	132	PID lower limit		9999
• 79 Operation mode selection 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 7, 0, 1, 10, 005, 9999 9999		Reverse rotation prevention			133	PID action set point		9999
80 Motor capacity 0.1 to 15kW, 9999 9999 81 Number of motor poles 2.4, 6, 8, 10, 9999 9999 82 Motor excitation current 0 to 500A (0 to """), 9999 9999 83 Rated motor voltage 0 to 1000V 200/40V/-4 84 Rated motor frequency 10 to 120Hz 60Hz 89 Speed control gain (Advanced on to 500A (0 to ****), 9999 0 to 1000V 200/40V/-4 84 Rated motor frequency 10 to 120Hz 60Hz 89 Speed control gain (Advanced on to 500A (0 to ****), 9999 9999 9999 91 Motor constant (R1) 0 to 500A (0 to ****), 9999 9999 92 Motor constant (R2) 0 to 1000MH (0 to 500A, (0 to ****), 9999 9999 92 Motor constant (L1)/d-shaft inductance 0 to 1000MH (0 to 500A, (0 to ****), 9999 9999 94 Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance 0 to 100, (0 to 247) 0 to 10 100% (0 to 500A, (0 to 509, (0 to 16) 94 Mo	© 79		0, 1, 2, 3, 4,	0	134	PID differential time		9999
Built capabily 9999 9999 81 Number of motor poles 2,4,6,8,10, 9999 9999 82 Motor excitation current 0 to 500A (9999, 9999, 5) 9999 83 Rated motor voltage 0 to 1000V 200/400V -44 84 Rated motor voltage 0 to 1000V 200/400V -44 84 Rated motor requency 10 to 120Hz 60Hz 89 Speed control gain (Advanced 0 to 5002 magnetic flux vector) 0 to 5002 (0 to 5002 (0 to 5002 (0 to 5002 (0 to 5002) (0 to 5002) (0 to 5002 (0 to 5002) (0		•			145	PU display language selection	0 to 7	0
1 Number of induct puters 9999 9999 9999 82 Motor excitation current 0 to 5000, 0 to 5000, 0 to 1000V 200/400V	80	Motor capacity	9999	9999	146 *6		0, 1	1
82 Motor excitation current 9999 +5 9999 9999 +5 9999 150 Cutput current detection level 0 to 200% 4 0 to 200% 5% 150% 83 Rated motor voltage 0 to 1000V 200/400V 4 151 Output current detection level 0 to 200% 0 to 100 5% 84 Rated motor frequency 10 to 1201% 9999 600+2 200/400V 152 Zero current detection level 0 to 200% 0 to 10 5% 89 Speed control gain (Advanced magnetic flux vector) 0 to 5000 0 to 5000 9999 9999 153 Zero current detection selection during stall prevention operation 101 0 to 13 0.58 91 Motor constant (R1) 0 to 5000 (to 5000, 0 to 5000 9999 5 156 Stall prevention operation 101 0 to 225, 9999 0s 92 Motor constant (L1)/d-shaft inductance 0 to 10000mH (to 5000, 0 to 5000, 0 t	81	Number of motor poles	9999	9999	147			9999
83 Rated motor voltage 0 to 1000V 200/400V 84 Rated motor frequency 10 to 120Hz 60Hz 152 Zero current detection level 0 to 200% 5% 89 Speed control gain (Advanced 0 to 200%, 9999 amagnetic flux vector) 0 to 500 (0 to sector) 9999 amagnetic flux vector) 0 to 500 (0 to sector) 0 to 500 (0 to sector) 0 to 310 (0 to 31, 100, 100) 91 Motor constant (R2) 0 to 500 (0 to 500 (0 to sector) 9999 amagnetic flux vector) 9999 amagnetic flux vector) 0 to 31, 100, 100 (0 to 31, 100, 100) 92 Motor constant (L1)/d-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 500, 0 to ****), 9999 amagnetic flux vector) 9999 amagnetic restart after instantaneous power failure selection 0, 1, 10, 11 1 0 to 1000mH (0 to 500, 0 to ****), 9999 amagnetic restart after instantaneous power failure selection 0, 1, 10, 11 1 1 93 Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance 0 to 1000 (0 to 547) 0 to ****), 9999 amagnetic flux vector) 9999 amagnetic restart after instantaneous power failure selection 0, 1, 10, 11 1 1 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 547) 0 to '***), 9999 amagnetic flux vector) 0 to 100% (0 to 247) 0 to '***), 9999 amagnetic flux vector) 0 to 999, 9999 172 User group registered displ	82	Motor excitation current		9999	150	Output current detection level	0 to 200%	150%
84 Rated motor frequency 10 to 120Hz 60Hz 89 Speed control gain (Advanced magnetic flux vector) 0 to 200%, 9999 9999 90 Motor constant (R1) 0 to 500.0 (0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 153 Zero current detection time 0 to 13 0.5s 91 Motor constant (R2) 0 to 500.0 (0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 156 Stall prevention operation 0 to 31, 100, 101 0 0 to 31, 100, 101 0 92 Motor constant (L1)/d-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 500.0, 0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 9999 157 OL signal output timer operation 0 to 20%, 0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 93 Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance 0 to 1000%, 0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 9999 *5 9999 9999 *5 9999 9170 166 Stall prevention operation level or to accompany testing/key lock operation selection 0, 1, 10, 11 1 162 Auto tuning setting/status 0, 1, 11, 21 0 166 Stall prevention operation level of to restart 0 to 200% 150% 172 PU communication staton inductance 0, 1, 10, 11 1 172 User group reg	00	Dated material lines	9999 *5	200/400V	151		0 to 10s	0s
89 Speed control gain (Advanced magnetic flux vector) 0 to 200%, 9999 9999 9999 90 Motor constant (R1) 0 to 500, 0		•						
obs magnetic flux vector) 9999 9999 9999 154 during stall prevention operation operation 1, 11 1 90 Motor constant (R1) 0 to 50Ω (0 to ***), 9999 + 5 9999 156 Stall prevention operation selection 0 to 31, 100, 101 0 91 Motor constant (R2) 0 to 50Ω (0 to ****), 9999 + 5 9999 156 Stall prevention operation selection 0 to 31, 100, 101 0 92 Motor constant (L1)/d-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****), 9999 + 5 9999 160 User group read selection 0, 1, 10, 11 0 93 Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****), 9999 + 5 9999 9999 4 0 to 200% 150% 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****), 9999 + 5 9999 168 Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set. 170 Watt-hour meter clear 0, 10, 9999 9999 + 5 9999 118 PU communication speed ength 48, 96, 192, 384 192 173 User group registration 0 to 399, 99999 9999 9999 <td>84</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>60Hz</td> <td colspan="2"></td> <td>0 to 1s</td> <td>0.5s</td>	84			60Hz			0 to 1s	0.5s
90 Motor constant (R1) 0 to ****), 9999 =: 9999 9999 =: 156 Stall prevention operation selection 0 to 31, 100, 101 0 91 Motor constant (R2) 0 to 500, (0 to ****), 9999 =: 9999 156 Stall prevention operation selection 0 to 31, 100, 101 0 92 Motor constant (L1)/d-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 5000, 0 to ****), 9999 =: 9999 156 Stall prevention operation selection 0, 1, 10, 11 0 93 Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 5000, 0 to ****), 9999 =: 9999 165 Stall prevention operation selection 0, 1, 10, 11 1 162 Motor constant (X) 0 to 1000mH (0 to 5000, 0 to ****), 9999 =: 9999 165 Stall prevention operation level operation selection 0, 1, 10, 11 1 168 Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set. 0 to 200% 150% 170 Watt touing setting/status 0, 1, 11, 21 0 172 User group registred display/ (0 to 16) 9999 18 PU communication speed 48, 96, 192, 384 192 174 User group registration 9999, 9	89		9999	9999	154	during stall prevention	1, 11	1
91 Motor constant (R2) 0 to 50Ω (0 to ****), 9999 +5 9999 9999 +5 92 Motor constant (L1)/d-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 50Ω, 9999 +5 9999 9099 +5 157 OL signal output timer 0 to 258, 9999 0s 93 Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 50Ω, 9999 +5 9999 4utomatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection 0, 1, 10, 11 1 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****), 9999 +5 9999 161 Frequency setting/key lock operation selection 0, 1, 10, 11 1 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****), 9999 +5 9999 165 Stall prevention operation level 0 to 200% 150% 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****), 9999 +5 9999 168 Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set. 117 PU communication station (0 to 247) 0 to 13 0 172 User group registration 9999 9999 174 User group registration 9999 9999 174 User group clear 0 to 999, 9999 9999 174 User group clear 0 to 9999, 9999 9999	90	Motor constant (R1)	(0 to ****),	9999	156	Stall prevention operation		0
92 Motor constant (L1)/d-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 500, 9999 *5 9999 999 *5 93 Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 500, 9999 *5 9999 999 *5 161 Frequency setting/key lock operation selection 0, 1, 10, 11 0 93 Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 500, 0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 4 Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection 0, 1, 10, 11 1 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 5000, 0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 165 Stall prevention operation level for restart 0 to 200% 150% 169 Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set. 170 Watt-hour meter clear 0, 10, 9999 9999 117 PU communication station number 0, 1, 10, 11 1 172 User group registered display/ (0 to 16) 0 118 PU communication stop bit length 0, 1, 10, 11 1 174 User group registration 0 to 999, 9999 9999 120 PU communication parity check 0, 1, 10, 999 1 174 User group clear 0 to 999, 9999 9999	91	Motor constant (R2)	(0 to ****),	9999	157		0 to 25s,	0s
92 Motor constant (L1)/d-shaft inductance (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 93 Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 50Ω, 9999 *5 9999 94 Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 96 Auto tuning setting/status number 0, 1, 11, 21 0 117 PU communication station number 0, 1, 10, 11 1 118 PU communication speed 48, 96, 192, 384 192 119 PU communication stap bit length 0, 1, 10, 11 1 120 PU communication parity check 0, 1, 2 2 121 Number of PU communication check 0, 11, 0, 9999 1 122 PU communication check time other 0, 0, 11, 0, 11 1 122 PU communication check time other 0, 0, 110, 9999 1 123 PU communication waiting 0 to 100ms, 999.8s, 9999					© 160	User group read selection	0, 1, 9999	0
9999 • 5 4 4 9999 • 5 162 Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection 0, 1, 10, 11 1 93 Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance 0 to 1000mH (0 to 500, 0 to ****), 9999 • 5 9999 96 Stall prevention operation level for restart 0 to 200% 150% 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 500, 0 to ****), 9999 • 5 9999 168 Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set. 169 Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set. 169 170 Watt-hour meter clear 0, 10, 9999 9999 117 PU communication station number 0, 1, 10, 11 1 0<	92		(0 to 50Ω,	9999	161		0, 1, 10, 11	0
93 inductance 0 to *****, 9999 *5 9999 165 Stall prevention operation level for restart 0 to 200% 150% 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 500Ω, 9999 *5 9999 165 Stall prevention operation level for restart 0 to 200% 150% 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 500Ω, 9999 *5 9999 165 Stall prevention operation operation level for restart 0 to 200% 150% 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 500Ω, 9999 *5 9999 9999 165 Stall prevention operation level for restart 0 to 200% 150% 94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 500Ω, 0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 171 Operation hour meter clear 0, 10, 9999 9999 172 User group registered display/ (0 to 16) 0 118 PU communication stop bit length 0, 1, 10, 11 1 1 173 User group registration 9999 165 9999 9999 120 PU communication parity check 0, 1, 10, 11 1 1 174 User group clear 0 to 999, 9999 9999 174			9999 *5 0 to 1000mH		162	instantaneous power failure	0, 1, 10, 11	1
94 Motor constant (X) 0 to 100% (0 to 5000, 0 to ****), 9999 *5 9999 96 Auto tuning setting/status 0, 1, 11, 21 0 117 PU communication station number 0 to 317 0 118 PU communication speed 48, 96, 192, 384 192 119 PU communication stop bit length 0, 1, 10, 11 1 120 PU communication parity check 0, 10, 9999 1 122 PU communication check time of the retries 0, 0, 110 1 122 PU communication check time of the retries 0, 0, 10, 9999 1 122 PU communication waiting 0 to 10, 9999 1 123 PU communication waiting 0 to 10, 9999 1	93		0 to ****),	9999	165		0 to 200%	150%
94 Wold Constant (X) 0 to *****, 9999 *5 9999 96 Auto tuning setting/status 0, 1, 11, 21 0 117 PU communication station number 0, to 31 (0 to 247) 0 118 PU communication speed 48, 96, 192, 384 192 119 PU communication stop bit length 0, 1, 10, 11 1 120 PU communication parity check 0, 1, 2 2 121 Number of PU communication retries 0 to 10, 9999 1 122 PU communication check time 999.8s, 9999 0 1 123 PU communication waiting 0 to 100, 999 1 123 PU communication waiting 0 to 150ms, 999.8s, 9999 0			0 to 100%			Parameter for manufacturer se	tting. Do not se	et.
96 Auto tuning setting/status 0, 1, 11, 21 0 117 PU communication station number 0, 0, 1, 11, 21 0 117 PU communication station number 0, 1, 11, 21 0 118 PU communication speed 48, 96, 192, 384 192 119 PU communication stop bit length 0, 1, 10, 11 1 120 PU communication parity check 0, 1, 2 2 121 Number of PU communication retries 0 to 10, 9999 1 122 PU communication check time 999.8s, 9999 0 1 123 PU communication waiting 0 to 150ms, 999.8s, 9999 0	94	wotor constant (X)	0 to ****),	9999		Watt-hour meter clear	0, 10, 9999	9999
117 PU communication station number 0 to 31 (0 to 247) 0 (10 to 247) 172 User group registered display/ batch clear 9999, (0 to 16) 0 118 PU communication speed 48, 96, 192, 384 192 173 User group registered display/ batch clear 90 to 999, 9999 9999 119 PU communication stop bit length 0, 1, 10, 11 1 1 174 User group clear 0 to 999, 9999 9999 120 PU communication parity check 0, 1, 2 2 2 174 User group clear 0 to 999, 9999 9999 122 PU communication check time of PU communication check time of PU communication check time 999.8s, 9999 0 1 123 PU communication waiting 0 to 150ms, 999.8s, 9999 0 1	06	Auto tuning setting/status		0				
118 PU communication speed 48, 96, 192, 384 192 119 PU communication stop bit length 0, 1, 10, 11 1 120 PU communication parity check 0, 1, 2 2 121 Number of PU communication check time of the retries 0 to 10, 999, 1 9999 122 PU communication check time of 990, see, 9999 0 1 122 PU communication check time of 990, see, 9999 0 1 122 PU communication check time of 990, see, 9999 0 1 122 PU communication waiting 0 to 150ms, 9999, 9999 1		PU communication station	0 to 31	-	172			0
119 PU communication stop bit length 0, 1, 10, 11 1 120 PU communication parity check 0, 1, 2 2 121 Number of PU communication retries 0 to 10, 999 1 122 PU communication check time PU communication check time 999.8s, 9999 0 123 PU communication waiting 0 to 150ms, 0 to 150ms, 0000	118		48, 96, 192,	192	173	User group registration		9999
120 PU communication parity check 0, 1, 2 2 121 Number of PU communication retries 0 to 10, 9999 1 122 PU communication check time interval 0, 0.1 to 999.8s, 9999 0 123 PU communication waiting 0 to 150ms, 900.000 0000	119			1	174	User group clear		9999
121 Number of PU communication retries 0 to 10, 9999 1 122 PU communication check time interval 0, 0.1 to 999.8s, 9999 0 123 PU communication waiting 0 to 150ms, 0 to 150ms, 0000	-	PU communication parity		2				
122 PU communication check time 0, 0.1 to 999.8s, 9999 0 123 PU communication waiting 0 to 150ms,		Number of PU communication						
PU communication waiting 0 to 150ms, goog	-	PU communication check time	0, 0.1 to					
		PU communication waiting	0 to 150ms,					

Parameter list

Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
178	STF terminal function selection		60	258	Main circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	100%
179	STR terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12,	61	259	Main circuit capacitor life measuring	0, 1 (2, 3, 8, 9)	0
180	RL terminal function selection	14 to 16, 18,	0	261	Power failure stop selection	0, 1, 2	0
181	RM terminal function selection	24, 25, 60 (Pr. 178),	1	267	Terminal 4 input selection	0, 1, 2	0
182	RH terminal function selection MRS terminal function	61 (Pr. 179), 62, 65 to 67,	2	268	Monitor decimal digits selection	0, 1, 9999	9999
183	selection	9999			Parameter for manufacturer se	tting. Do not se	t.
184	RES terminal function selection		62	270	Stop-on contact control selection	0, 1	0
190	RUN terminal function	0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 to 16, 20, 25, 26,	0	275	Stop-on contact excitation current low-speed multiplying factor	0 to 300%, 9999	9999
150	selection	46, 47, 64, 90, 91, 93,	0	276	PWM carrier frequency at stop-on contact	0 to 9, 9999	9999
		95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101,		277	Stall prevention operation current switchover	0, 1	0
		103, 104, 107, 108,		278	Brake opening frequency	0 to 30Hz	3Hz
191	FU terminal function selection	107, 108, 111 to 116,	4	279	Brake opening current	0 to 200%	130%
		120, 125, 126, 146,		280	Brake opening current detection time	0 to 2s	0.3s
		147, 164,		281	Brake operation time at start	0 to 5s	0.3s
	A,B,C terminal function	190, 191, 193 (Pr. 190,		282	Brake operation frequency	0 to 30Hz	6Hz
192	selection	Pr. 191), 195,	99	283	Brake operation time at stop	0 to 5s	0.3s
		196, 198,		286	Droop gain	0 to 100%	0%
		199, 9999		287	Droop filter time constant	0 to 1s	0.3s
232	Multi-speed setting (speed 8)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	292	Automatic acceleration/ deceleration	0, 1, 7, 8, 11	0.35
233	Multi-speed setting (speed 9)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	293	Acceleration/deceleration separate selection	0 to 2	0
234	Multi-speed setting (speed 10)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0Hz, 9999		Magnitude of frequency	0, 0.01, 0.1,	0
235	Multi-speed setting (speed 11)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	206	change setting	1, 10 0 to 6, 99,	0000
236	Multi-speed setting (speed 12)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	296	Password lock level	100 to 106, 199, 9999	9999
237	Multi-speed setting (speed 13)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	297	Password lock/unlock	(0 to 5), 1000 to 9998, 9999	9999
238	Multi-speed setting (speed 14)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	298	Frequency search gain	0 to 32767, 9999	9999
239	Multi-speed setting (speed 15)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	299	Rotation direction detection selection at restarting	0, 1, 9999	0
240 241	Soft-PWM operation selection Analog input display unit	0, 1 0, 1	1	338	Communication operation command source	0, 1	0
241	switchover Cooling fan operation	0, 1	1	339	Communication speed command source	0, 1, 2	0
245	selection Rated slip	0 to 50%,	9999	340	Communication startup mode selection	0, 1, 10	0
246	Slip compensation time	9999 0.01 to 10s	0.5s	342	Communication EEPROM write selection	0, 1	0
2.0	constant	2.01.00100	0.00	343	Communication error count	—	0
247	Constant-power range slip compensation selection	0, 9999	9999	450	Second applied motor	0, 1, 9999	9999
	Earth (ground) fault detection			495	Remote output selection	0, 1, 10, 11	0
249	at start	0, 1	0	496	Remote output data 1	0 to 4095	0
		0 to 100s,		497	Remote output data 2	0 to 4095	0
250	Stop selection	1000 to 1100s, 8888, 9999	9999	502	Stop mode selection at communication error	0, 1, 2, 3	0
251	Output phase loss protection selection	0, 1	1	503	Maintenance timer Maintenance timer alarm	0 (1 to 9998) 0 to 9998,	0
255	Life alarm status display	(0 to 15)	0	504	output set time	0 to 9998, 9999	9999
256	Inrush current limit circuit life display	(0 to 100%)	100%	547	USB communication station number	0 to 31	0
257	Control circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	100%	548	USB communication check time interval	0 to 999.8s, 9999	9999
				549	Protocol selection	0, 1	0

Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
550	NET mode operation command source selection	0, 2, 9999	9999
551	PU mode operation command source selection	2 to 4, 9999	9999
555	Current average time	0.1 to 1.0s	1s
556	Data output mask time	0 to 20s	0s
557	Current average value monitor signal output reference current	0 to 500A	Inverter Rated current
563	Energization time carrying- over times	(0 to 65535)	0
564	Operating time carrying-over times	(0 to 65535)	0
571	Holding time at a start	0 to 10s, 9999	9999
611	Acceleration time at a restart	0 to 3600s, 9999	9999
653	Speed smoothing control	0 to 200%	0%
665	Regeneration avoidance frequency gain	0 to 200%	100%
800	Control method selection	20, 30	20
859	Torque current	0 to 500A (0 to ****), 9999 *5	9999
872 *8	Input phase loss protection selection	0, 1	1
882	Regeneration avoidance operation selection	0, 1, 2	0
883	Regeneration avoidance operation level	300 to 800V	400VDC/ 780VDC *4
885	Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value	0 to 10Hz, 9999	6Hz
886	Regeneration avoidance voltage gain	0 to 200%	100%
888	Free parameter 1	0 to 9999	9999
889	Free parameter 2	0 to 9999	9999
C0 (900) *7	FM terminal calibration	_	—
C2 (902) *7	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0Hz
C3 (902) *7	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0%
125 (903) *7	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
C4 (903) *7	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	100%
C5 (904) *7	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0Hz
C6 (904) *7	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	20%
126 (905) *7	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
C7 (905) *7	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	100%
C22 (922) *6*7	Frequency setting voltage bias frequency (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 400Hz	0
C23 (922) *6*7	Frequency setting voltage bias (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 300%	0
C24 (923) *6*7	Frequency setting voltage gain frequency (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
C25 (923) *6*7	Frequency setting voltage gain (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 300%	100%
990	PU buzzer control	0, 1	1

Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
991	PU contrast adjustment	0 to 63	58
Pr.CL	Parameter clear	0, 1	0
ALLC	All parameter clear	0, 1	0
Er.CL	Fault history clear	0, 1	0
Pr.CH	Initial value change list	—	—

*1 Differ according to capacities.

6%: 0.75K or lower

4%: 1.5K to 3.7K

3%: 5.5K, 7.5K 2%: 11K, 15K

Differ according to capacities.
 5s: 3.7K or lower
 10s: 5.5K, 7.5K

15s: 11K, 15K

*3 Differ according to capacities. 6%: 0.1K, 0.2K

4%: 0.4K to 7.5K

2%: 11K, 15K

*4 The initial value differs according to the voltage class. (100V, 200V class/ 400V class)

*5 The range differs according to the Pr. 71 setting.

*6 Set this parameter when calibrating the operation panel built-in potentiometer for the FR-E500 series operation panel (PA02) connected with cable.

*7 The parameter number in parentheses is the one for use with the operation panel (PA02) for the FR-E500 series or parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07).

*8 Available only for the three-phase power input model.

8 TROUBLESHOOTING

When a fault occurs in the inverter, the inverter output is shut off and the PU display automatically changes to one of the following fault or alarm indications.

If the fault does not correspond to any of the following faults or if you have any other problem, please contact your sales representative.

- Retention of fault output signal .. When the magnetic contactor (MC) provided on the input side of the inverter is opened when
 a fault occurs, the inverter's control power will be lost and the fault output will not be held.
- Fault or alarm indication.......When a fault or alarm occurs, the operation panel display automatically switches to the fault or alarm indication.
- Resetting method......When a fault occurs, the inverter output is kept stopped. Unless reset, therefore, the inverter cannot restart. (*Refer to page 37.*)
- When any fault occurs, take the appropriate corrective action, then reset the inverter, and resume operation. Not doing so may lead to the inverter fault and damage.

Inverter fault or alarm indications are roughly categorized as below.

(1) Error message

A message regarding operational fault and setting fault by the operation panel and parameter unit (FR-PU04 /FR-PU07) is displayed. The inverter output is not shut off.

(2) Warning

The inverter output is not shut off even when a warning is displayed. However, failure to take appropriate measures will lead to a fault.

(3) Alarm

The inverter output is not shut off. You can also output an alarm signal by making parameter setting.

(4) Fault

When a fault occurs, the inverter output is shut off and a fault signal is output.

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- For the details of fault displays and other malfunctions, also management of the Instruction Manual (Applied).
- Past eight faults can be displayed using the setting dial. (Refer to page 3 for the operation.)

8.1 Reset method of protective function

The inverter can be reset by performing any of the following operations. Note that the internal thermal integrated value of the electronic thermal relay function and the number of retries are cleared (erased) by resetting the inverter. Inverter recovers about 1s after the reset is released.

Operation 1 Using the operation panel, press (STOP) to reset the inverter.

(This may only be performed when a fault occurs (Refer to page 38 for fault.))



Operation 2 Turn ON the reset signal (RES) for more than 0.1s. (If the RES signal is kept ON, "Err." appears (blinks) to indicate that the inverter is in a reset status.)

Operation 3 Switch power OFF once. After the indicator of the operation panel turns OFF, switch it ON again.







OFF status of the start signal must be confirmed before resetting the inverter fault. Resetting inverter fault with the start signal ON restarts the motor suddenly.

8.2 List of fault displays

When a fault occurs in the inverter, the inverter trips and the PU display automatically changes to one of the following fault or alarm indications.

The error message shows an operational error. The inverter output is not shut off.

Warnings are messages given before faults occur. The inverter output is not shut off.

Alarms warn the operator of failures with output signals. The inverter output is not shut off.

When faults occur, the protective functions are activated to inverter trip and output the fault signals.

	Function Name	Description	Corrective action	Display		
	Operation panel lock	Operation has been attempted during the	Press (MODE) for 2s to release the lock.	кога		
	operation parter lock	operation panel lock.		πυιο		
	Password locked	Reading/writing of a password-restricted	Enter the password in Pr. 297 Password lock/unlock to unlock the	6301		
		parameter has been attempted. Parameter setting has been attempted although 	password function before operating.			
		parameter writing is set to be disabled.				
		Overlapping range has been set for the	Check the setting of Pr. 77 Parameter write selection.			
	Write disable error	frequency jump.	Check the settings of <i>Pr. 31 to Pr. 36 (frequency jump)</i> .	Er I		
		 PU and the inverter cannot make normal 	Check the connection of PU and the inverter.			
e		communication.				
message	Write error during	Parameter writing has been attempted while a	Set "2" in Pr. 77 Parameter write selection.			
nes	operation	value other than "2" is set in Pr. 77 Parameter write	After stopping the operation, set parameters.	8-2		
orn		selection and the STF (STR) is ON.				
Error	Calibration error	Analog input bias and gain calibration values have been set too close.	Check the settings of calibration parameters C3, C4, C6 and C7	8-3		
		been set too close.	(calibration functions). • After setting the operation mode to the "PU operation mode,"			
		 Parameter setting has been attempted in the 	set parameters.			
		External or NET operation mode when Pr.77	Set "2" in <i>Pr.77 Parameter write selection</i> .			
	Mode designation error	Parameter write selection is not "2."	 Disconnect FR Configurator (USB connector) and the 	EcH		
		· Parameter writing has been attempted when the	parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07), then set Pr. 551 PU mode			
		command source is not at the operation panel.	operation command source selection = "9999 (initial setting)."			
			 Set Pr. 551 PU mode operation command source selection = "4." 			
	Inverter reset	The reset signal (RES signal) is ON.	Turn OFF the reset command.	Ecc.		
		(Inverter output is shutoff.)		<i>C</i> 11.		
			Increase or decrease the Pr. 0 Torque boost setting by 1% and			
			check the motor status.			
			 Set the acceleration/deceleration time longer. Reduce the load. Try Advanced magnetic flux vector control or 			
			General-purpose magnetic flux vector control.			
			Check the peripheral devices for faults.			
	- · · ·		rent stall prevention has been - Adjust the <i>Pr. 13 Starting frequency</i> setting. Change the <i>Pr. 14 Load pattern selection</i> setting.			
	Stall prevention					
	(overcurrent)	activated.	Set the stall prevention operation current in Pr. 22 Stall	OL		
			prevention operation level. (The acceleration/deceleration time			
			may change.) Increase the stall prevention operation level			
			with Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level, or disable stall			
			prevention with Pr. 156 Stall prevention operation selection.			
			(Operation at OL occurrence can be selected using Pr. 156			
Warning		The overvoltage stall prevention function has been	Stall prevention operation selection.)			
arni	Stall prevention	activated.				
Ň	(overvoltage)	(This warning is also output during the	Set the deceleration time longer.	οί		
	(************	regeneration avoidance operation.)				
	Deservertive busies and	The regenerative brake duty has reached 85% of	Set the deceleration time longer.			
	Regenerative brake pre- alarm *2	the Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty setting or	Check the Pr.30 Regenerative function selection and Pr. 70 Special	rb		
	alal III *2	higher.	regenerative brake duty settings.			
	Electronic thermal relay	The cumulative value of the electronic thermal O/L	 Reduce the load and frequency of operation. 	<i></i>		
	function pre-alarm *1	relay has reached 85% of the Pr. 9 Electronic	Set an appropriate value in Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay.	ſH		
	-	thermal O/L relay setting or higher.				
	PU stop	(STOP) on the operation panel has been pressed	Turn the start signal OFF and release with (\overrightarrow{PU}) .	PS		
		during the External operation.	Turri the start signal OFF and release with EXT.	r 3		
	Maintenance signal	The cumulative energization time has exceeded		00		
	output *2	the maintenance output timer set value.	Setting "0" in Pr. 503 Maintenance timer erases the signal.	nr		
	Undervoltage	The voltage at the main circuit power has been	Investigate the devices on the power supply line such as the			
	Undervollage	lowered.	power supply itself.	Uυ		
ε		The cooling fan is at a standstill although it is				
	Fan alarm	required to be operated. The cooling fan speed	Check for fan failure. Please contact your sales representative.	Fn		
Alarm	· un ului il	has decelerated.				

List of fault displays

L.	Function Name	Description	Corrective action	Display			
			 Set the acceleration time longer. (Shorten the downward acceleration time in vertical lift application.) 				
			If "E.OC1" always appears at start, disconnect the motor once				
			and restart the inverter. If "E.OC1" still appears, the inverter				
			may be faulty. Contact your sales representative. • Check the wiring for output short circuit and ground fault.				
	Overcurrent trip during		When the rated motor frequency is 50Hz, set the <i>Pr. 3 Base</i>				
	acceleration	Overcurrent has occurred during acceleration.	frequency to 50Hz.	E.DC I			
			Lower the stall prevention operation level.				
			 Activate the stall prevention operation and the fast-response 				
			current limit operation. (Pr.156)				
			 For the operation with frequent regenerative driving, set the base voltage (rated motor voltage, etc.) in Pr. 19 Base frequency 				
			voltage.				
			Keep the load stable.				
	Overcurrent trip during	Overcurrent has occurred during constant speed	Check the wiring to avoid output short circuit or ground fault.				
	constant speed	operation.	Lower the stall prevention operation level.	5.0C 2			
			Activate the stall prevention operation and the fast-response				
			current limit operation. (Pr.156) Set the deceleration time longer.				
			Check the wiring to avoid output short circuit or ground fault.				
	Overcurrent trip during	Overcurrent has occurred during deceleration or	 Check if the mechanical brake is set to be activated too early. 				
	deceleration or stop	at a stop.	Lower the stall prevention operation level.	E.OC 3			
			 Activate the stall prevention operation and the fast-response 				
			current limit operation. (Pr.156)				
			 Set the acceleration time shorter. Use the regeneration avoidance function (<i>Pr. 882, Pr. 883,</i> 				
	Regenerative		• Use the regeneration avoidance function (Pr. 882, Pr. 883, Pr.885, Pr.886)				
	overvoltage trip during	Overvoltage has occurred during acceleration.	Set the Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level correctly.	6.0 u			
	acceleration		Set Pr.154 Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention				
			operation = "11".				
			Keep the load stable.				
		 Use the regeneration avoidance function (Pr. 882, Pr. 883, Pr.885, Pr.886). 					
Fault	Regenerative	Overvoltage has occurred during constant speed operation.	Use the brake resistor, brake unit or power regeneration				
ц	overvoltage trip during		common converter (FR-CV) as required.	5.003			
	constant speed		Set the Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level correctly.				
			Set Pr:154 Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention				
			operation = "11".				
			 Set the deceleration time longer. (Set the deceleration time which matches the moment of inertia of the load.) 				
			Make the brake cycle longer.				
	Regenerative		Use the regeneration avoidance function (Pr. 882, Pr. 883,				
	overvoltage trip during	Overvoltage has occurred during deceleration or at a stop.	Pr.885, Pr.886)	£.0 u 3			
	deceleration or stop		 Use the brake resistor, brake unit or power regeneration 				
			common converter (FR-CV) as required.				
			 Set Pr.154 Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention operation = "11". 				
			Set the acceleration time longer.				
			Adjust the Pr. 0 Torque boost setting.				
	Inverter overload trip	The electronic thermal relay function for inverter	Set the Pr. 14 Load pattern selection setting according to the				
	(electronic thermal O/L	element protection has been activated.	load pattern of the using machine.	6,F H.F			
	relay function) *1		 Reduce the load. Set the surrounding air temperature to within the 				
			 Set the surrounding air temperature to within the specifications. 				
			Reduce the load.				
	Motor overload trip	The electronic thermal relay function for motor	For a constant-torque motor, set the constant-torque motor in				
	(electronic thermal O/L relay function) *1	protection has been activated.	Pr. 71 Applied motor.	е, сна			
			Set the stall prevention operation level accordingly.				
			Set the surrounding air temperature to within the specifications				
		The heatsink has overheated.	specifications. • Clean the heatsink.	6.F1 n			
	Heatsink overheat	The neutoinic has overheated.					
	Heatsink overheat	The nearshink has overheated.					
	Heatsink overheat		Replace the cooling fan. Wire the cables properly.				
	Heatsink overheat	One of the three phases on the inverter input side	Replace the cooling fan. Wire the cables properly. Repair a break portion in the cable.				
		One of the three phases on the inverter input side has been lost. It may also appear if phase-to-	Replace the cooling fan. Wire the cables properly. Repair a break portion in the cable. Check the <i>Pr.</i> 872 Input phase loss protection selection setting.	ELLE			
	Heatsink overheat	One of the three phases on the inverter input side	Replace the cooling fan. Wire the cables properly. Repair a break portion in the cable.	EJ L F			

Function Name	Description	Corrective action	Display		
Stall prevention stop	The output frequency has dropped to 1Hz as a	Reduce the load. (Check the Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level	6.0LT		
oran prevention stop	result of deceleration due to the excess motor load.	setting.)	0.001		
Brake transistor alarm detection	A fault has occurred in the brake circuit, such as a brake transistor breakage. (In this case, the inverter must be powered off immediately.)	Replace the inverter.	Е. БЕ		
Output side earth (ground)	An earth (ground) fault has occurred on the				
fault overcurrent at start *2		Remedy the ground fault portion.	ε. GF		
	One of the three phases (U, V, W) on the inverter's	Wire the cables properly.			
Output phase loss *3	output side (load side) has been lost during inverter operation.	 If the motor capacity is smaller than the inverter capacity, choose the inverter and motor capacities that match. 	E. LF		
External thermal relay operation *2	The external thermal relay connected to the OH signal has been activated.	 Reduce the load and operate less frequently. Even if the relay contacts are reset automatically, the inverter will not restart unless it is reset. 	<i>Е.ОНГ</i>		
Option fault	A communication option has been connected while <i>Pr.296 Password lock level</i> = "0, 100".	 To apply the password lock when installing a communication option, set <i>Pr.296 Password lock level</i> ≠ "0, 100." If the problem still persists after taking the above measure, contact your sales representative. 	E.OPT		
Communication option fault	A communication error has occurred on the communication line of the communication option.	Check the settings of the option functions. Connect the built-in option securely. Check the connections of the communication cables. Connect terminating resistors correctly.	E.DP 1		
Option fault	A fault, such as a contact fault, has occurred at the contactor of the inverter or the plug-in option. The setting of the switch on the plug-in option, which is for manufacturer setting, has been changed.	Connect the plug-in option securely. Take measures against noises if there are devices producing excess electrical noises around the inverter. If the situation does not improve after taking the above measure, please contact your sales representative. Set the switch on the plug-in option, which is for manufacturer setting, back to the initial setting. () Refer to the Instruction Manual of each option.)	ε. ι		
Parameter storage device fault	Operation of the component where parameters are stored (control circuit board) has become abnormal.	Please contact your sales representative. When performing parameter writing frequently for communication purposes, set "1" in <i>Pr. 342 Communication</i> <i>EEPROM write selection</i> to enable RAM write. Note that powering OFF returns the inverter to the status before RAM write.			
Internal board fault	The control circuit board and the main circuit board do not match.	Please contact your sales representative. (For parts replacement, consult the nearest Mitsubishi Electric FA Center.)	<i>ерег</i>		
PU disconnection	A communication error has occurred between the PU and the inverter. The communication interval has exceeded the permissible time period during RS-485 communication via the PU connector. The number of communication errors has exceeded the number of retries.	Connect the parameter unit cable securely. Check the communication data and communication settings. Increase the <i>Pr. 122 PU communication check time interval</i> setting, or set "9999" (no communication check).	EPUE		
Retry count excess *2	Operation restart within the set number of retries has failed.	Eliminate the cause of the error preceding this error indication.	E.r. E.f.		
CPU fault	An error has occurred in the CPU and in the peripheral circuits.	 Take measures against noises if there are devices producing excess electrical noises around the inverter. Check the connection between the terminals PC and SD. (E6/ E7) If the situation does not improve after taking the above measure, please contact your sales representative. 	E. 57 E. 67 E. 97 E.CPU		
Brake sequence fault *2	A sequence error has occurred while the brake sequence function (<i>Pr.278 to Pr.283</i>) is valid.	Check the parameter setting and check the wiring.	ЕЛЬЧ т ЕЛЬ		
Inrush current limit circuit fault	The resistor of the inrush current limit circuit has overheated.	Configure a circuit where frequent power ON/OFF is not repeated. If the situation does not improve after taking the above measure, please contact your sales representative.	ел он		
Analog input fault	A voltage (current) has been input to terminal 4 when the setting in <i>Pr.</i> 267 <i>Terminal 4 input selection</i> and the setting of voltage/current input switch are different.	Give a frequency command by a current input or set <i>Pr.267</i> <i>Terminal 4 input selection</i> , and set the voltage/current input switch to voltage input.	E.RI E		
USB communication fault	The communication has been broken for Pr. 548 USB communication check time interval.	Check the Pr.548 USB communication check time interval setting. Check the USB communication cable. Increase the Pr.548 USB communication check time interval setting, or set "9999."	<i>Е.</i> IJSЪ		

If faults other than the above appear, contact your sales representative.

Resetting the inverter initializes the internal cumulative heat value of the electronic thermal relay function. This protective function is not available in the initial status. Available for the three-phase power input models. *1

*2 *3

8.3 Check first when you have a trouble

Description	Countermeasure				
Motor does not start.	Check start and frequency command sources and enter a start command (STF, etc.) and a				
Motor does not start.	frequency command.				
Motor or machine is making abnormal	Take EMC measures if a steady operation cannot be performed due to EMI. Alternatively, set				
acoustic noise.	the Pr.74 Input filter time constant setting higher.				
Inverter generates abnormal noise.	Install a fan cover correctly.				
Motor generates heat abnormally.	Clean the motor fan. Improve the environment.				
	Connect phase sequence of the output cables (terminal U, V, W) to the motor correctly.				
Motor rotates in the opposite direction.	Alternatively, check the connection of the start signal. (STF: forward rotation, STR: reverse				
	rotation)				
Speed greatly differs from the setting	Check the settings of Pr.1 Maximum frequency, Pr.2 Minimum frequency, Pr.18 High speed maximum				
Speed greatly differs from the setting.	frequency, and calibration parameters C2 to C7.				
Acceleration/deceleration is not smooth.	Reduce the load. Alternatively, increase the acceleration/deceleration time.				
Speed varies during operation.	Check the frequency setting signals. If the load fluctuates, select Advanced magnetic flux				
Speed valles during operation.	vector control or General-purpose magnetic flux vector control.				
Operation mode is not changed properly.	Turn OFF the start signal (STF or STR). Check if Pr.79 Operation mode selection is set				
Operation mode is not changed properly.	appropriately.				
Operation panel display is not operating.	Check the wiring and the installation.				
Motor ourrent in Jorge	Increase/decrease the Pr.0 Torque boost setting value by 0.5% increments so that stall				
Motor current is large.	prevention does not occur. Set the rated motor frequency to Pr.3 Base frequency.				
Speed doos not accelerate	Check the settings of Pr.1 Maximum frequency, Pr.2 Minimum frequency, and calibration parameters				
Speed does not accelerate.	C2 to C7. To operate at 120Hz or higher, set Pr:18 High speed maximum frequency.				
Unable to write parameter setting.	Check Pr:77 Parameter write selection setting.				

* For further information on troubleshooting, Tefer to the Instruction Manual (Applied).

8

9 PRECAUTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

The inverter is a static unit mainly consisting of semiconductor devices. Daily inspection must be performed to prevent any fault from occurring due to the adverse effects of the operating environment, such as temperature, humidity, dust, dirt and vibration, changes in the parts with time, service life, and other factors.

REMARKS

• For maintenance/inspection and parts life, also minimized refer to the Instruction Manual (Applied).

•Precautions for maintenance and inspection

For some short time after the power is switched OFF, a high voltage remains in the smoothing capacitor. When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched OFF, and then make sure that the voltage across the main circuit terminals P/+ and N/- of the inverter is not more than 30VDC using a tester, etc.

9.1 Inspection items

Area of	In	pection			terval	Corrective Action at Alarm	Customer's
Inspection	in	Item	Description	Daily	Periodic *3	Occurrence	Clustomers
		rounding	Check the surrounding air temperature, humidity, dirt, corrosive gas, oil mist, etc.	0		Improve environment.	
General	Ov	erall unit	Check for unusual vibration and noise.	0		Check alarm location and retighten.	
			Check for dirt, oil, and other foreign material.*1	0		Clean.	
		wer supply age	Check that the main circuit voltages are normal. $\ast 2$	0		Inspect the power supply.	
			 Check with megger (across main circuit terminals and earth (ground) terminal). 		0	Contact the manufacturer.	
	Ge	neral	(2) Check for loose screws and bolts.		0	Retighten.	
			(3) Check for overheat traces on the parts.		0	Contact the manufacturer.	
Main circuit			Check for stains.		0	Clean.	
	0		 Check conductors for distortion. 		0	Contact the manufacturer.	
	Conductors, cables		(2) Check cable sheaths for breakage and deterioration (crack, discoloration, etc.).		0	Contact the manufacturer.	
Main circuit	Ter blo	minal ck	Check for damage.		0	Stop the device and contact the manufacturer.	
	-		Check for liquid leakage.		0	Contact the manufacturer.	
	Smoothing aluminum electrolytic capacitor Relay		(2) Check for safety valve projection and bulge.(3) Visual check and judge by the life check of		0	Contact the manufacturer.	
			the main circuit capacitor (m Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)		0		
			Check that the operation is normal and no chatter is heard.		0	Contact the manufacturer.	
	On	eration	 Check that the output voltages across phases with the inverter operated alone is balanced. 		0	Contact the manufacturer.	
Control	check		(2) Check that no fault is found in protective and display circuits in a sequence protective operation test.		0	Contact the manufacturer.	
circuit, Protective		Overall	(1) Check for unusual odors and discoloration.		0	Stop the device and contact the manufacturer.	
circuit	Š		(2) Check for serious rust development.		0	Contact the manufacturer.	
onoun	Parts check	Aluminum	(1) Check for liquid leakage in a capacitor and deformation trace.		0	Contact the manufacturer.	
	P	electrolytic capacitor	(2) Visual check and judge by the life check of the main circuit capacitor (market ro Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)		0		
			 Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).) Check for unusual vibration and noise. 	0		Replace the fan.	
Cooling	Co	oling fan	(1) Check for loose screws and bolts.	Ŭ	0	Fix with the fan cover fixing screws.	
Cooling system			(3) Check for stains.	1	0	Clean	
system			(1) Check for clogging.		0	Clean.	
	Hea	atsink	(2) Check for stains.		0	Clean.	
	-		(1) Check that display is normal.	0		Contact the manufacturer.	
	Ind	ication	 Check that display is normal. Check for stains. 		0	Clean.	
Display			(2) CHECK IOI SIGHIS.		0		
	Me		Check that reading is normal. Check for vibration and abnormal increase in	0		Stop the device and contact the manufacturer.	
Load motor	che	eration eck	operation noise.	0		Stop the device and contact the manufacturer.	

- Oil component of the heat dissipation grease used inside the inverter may leak out. The oil component, however, is not flammable, corrosive, nor conductive *1 and is not harmful to humans. Wipe off such oil component.
- It is recommended to install a device to monitor voltage for checking the power supply voltage to the inverter. *2 *3 One to two years of periodic inspection cycle is recommended. However, it differs according to the installation environment. For a periodic inspection, contact your sales representative.



NOTE

· Continuous use of a leaked, deformed, or degraded smoothing aluminum electrolytic capacitor (as shown in the table above) may lead to a burst, breakage or fire. Replace such capacitor without delay.

9.2 **Replacement of parts**

The inverter consists of many electronic parts such as semiconductor devices.

The following parts may deteriorate with age because of their structures or physical characteristics, leading to reduced performance or fault of the inverter. For preventive maintenance, the parts must be replaced periodically. Use the life check function as a guidance of parts replacement.

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Part Name	Estimated lifespan *1	Description
Cooling fan	10 years	Replace (as required)
Main circuit smoothing capacitor	10 years *2	Replace (as required)
On-board smoothing capacitor	10 years *2	Replace the board (as required)
Relay output terminals	_	As required

*1 Estimated lifespan for when the yearly average surrounding air temperature is 40°C (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt etc.) *2 Output current: 80% of the inverter rated current

NOTE

For parts replacement, consult the nearest Mitsubishi Electric FA Center.

10 SPECIFICATIONS

10.1 Rating

• Three-phase 200V power supply

	Model FR-E720-DK	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
App	blicable motor capacity (kW) *1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
	Rated capacity (kVA) *2	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.0	3.2	4.4	7.0	9.5	13.1	18.7	23.9
Output	Rated current (A) *7	0.8 (0.8)	1.5 (1.4)	3 (2.5)	5 (4.1)	8 (7)	11 (10)	17.5 (16.5)	24 (23)	33 (31)	47 (44)	60 (57)
Out	Overload current rating *3			15	50% 60s,	200% 3s	(inverse	-time cha	racteristic	s)		
Ũ	Rated voltage *4					Three-p	hase 200	to 240V				
	Regenerative braking torque *5	15	0%	10	0%	50%			20	1%		
supply	Rated input AC (DC) voltage/frequency		Three-phase 200 to 240V 50Hz/60Hz (283 to 339VDC *8)									
Power sup	Permissible AC (DC) voltage fluctuation				170 to 2	64V 50H:	z/60Hz (2	240 to 373	3VDC *8)			
Po	Permissible frequency fluctuation						±5%					
	Power supply capacity (kVA) *6	0.4	0.8	1.5	2.5	4.5	5.5 9		9 12	17	20	28
Pro	tective structure (JEM 1030)					Enclo	sed type	(IP20)				
Cod	oling system		Nat	ural				I	orced ai	r		
Арр	proximate mass (kg)	0.5	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.7	4.3	4.3	6.5	6.5

• Three-phase 400V power supply

	Model FR-E740-⊡K	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15		
Ap	plicable motor capacity (kW) *1	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15		
	Rated capacity (kVA) *2	1.2	2.0	3.0	4.6	7.2	9.1	13.0	17.5	23.0		
Output	Rated current (A) *7	1.6 (1.4)	2.6 (2.2)	4.0 (3.8)	6.0 (5.4)	9.5 (8.7)	12	17	23	30		
Out	Overload current rating *3			150% 60	s, 200% 3	s (inverse-t	ime charac	teristics)				
-	Rated voltage *4				Three-p	bhase 380 f	to 480V					
	Regenerative braking torque *5	10	0%	50%			20)%				
Ŋ	Rated input voltage/frequency		Т	hree-phase	e 380 to 48	80 to 480V 50Hz/60Hz (537 to 679VDC*8)						
hpply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation			325 te	o 528V 50Hz/60Hz (457 to 740VDC*8)							
ers	Permissible frequency fluctuation					±5%						
Power	Power supply capacity (kVA) *6	1.5	2.5	4.5	5.5	9.5	12	17	20	28		
Pro	otective structure (JEM 1030)				Enclo	osed type (IP20)					
Co	oling system	Nat	ural				Forced air					
Ap	proximate mass (kg)	1.4	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.9	3.2	3.2	6.0	6.0		

• Single-phase 200V power supply

	Model FR-E720S-□K	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2			
App	licable motor capacity (kW) *1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2			
	Rated capacity (kVA) *2	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.0	3.2	4.4			
Output	Rated current (A) *7	0.8 (0.8)	1.5 (1.4)	3.0 (2.5)	5.0 (4.1)	8.0 (7.0)	11.0 (10.0)			
Out	Overload current rating *3	15	50% 60s, 20	00% 3s (inve	erse-time cl	naracteristic	cs)			
Ŭ	Rated voltage *4		Т	hree-phase	200 to 240	V				
	Regenerative braking torque *5	15	0%	10	0%	50%	20%			
Ŋ	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Single-phase 200 to 240V 50Hz/60Hz								
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation	170 to 264V 50Hz/60Hz								
ers	Permissible frequency fluctuation			Withir	ו ±5%					
Power:	Power supply capacity (kVA) *6	0.5	0.9	1.5	2.5	4.0	5.2			
Pro	tective structure (JEM 1030)			Enclosed t	type (IP20)					
Coo	oling system		Natural			Forced air				
App	proximate mass (kg)	0.6	0.6	0.9	1.4	1.5	2.0			

Single-phase 100V power supply

	Model FR-E710W-⊟K	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75		
App	blicable motor capacity (kW) *1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75		
	Rated capacity (kVA) *2	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.0		
ŧ	Rated Current (A) *7	0.8 (0.8)	1.5 (1.4)	3.0 (2.5)	5.0 (4.1)		
Output	Overload current rating *3	(inv	150% 60s verse-time o	, 200% 3s characterist	ics)		
	Rated voltage	Three-phase 200 to 230V *9, *10					
	Regenerative braking torque *5	15	0%	10	0%		
Ŋ	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Single-	phase 100 t	o 115V 50H	lz/60Hz		
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation	90 to 132V 50Hz/60Hz					
ers	Permissible frequency fluctuation		Withir	1 ±5%			
Power	Power supply capacity (kVA) *6	0.5 0.9 1.5					
Pro	tective structure (JEM 1030)		Enclosed t	ype (IP20)			
Coo	oling system		Nat	ural			
App	proximate mass (kg)	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.5		

*1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi Electric 4-pole standard motor.

*2 The rated output capacity assumes the following output voltages: 230V for three-phase 200V/single-phase 200V/single-phase 100V, and 440V for threephase 400V.

*3 The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load. In a single-phase 100V/200V class inverter with the automatic restart after the instantaneous power failure (*Pr.57*) and the power failure stop (*Pr.261*) functions are set valid, a voltage drop at the power supply and a large load may bring down the bus voltage to the level recognized as a power failure, disabling the inverter to drive a load 100% or higher.

- *4 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about \sqrt{Z} that of the power supply.
- *5 The braking torque indicated is a short-duration average torque (which varies with motor loss) when the motor alone is decelerated from 60Hz in the shortest time and is not a continuous regenerative torque. When the motor is decelerated from the frequency higher than the base frequency, the average deceleration torque will reduce. Since the inverter does not contain a brake resistor, use the optional brake resistor when regenerative energy is large. A brake unit (FR-BU2) may also be used. (Option brake resistor cannot be used for 0.1K and 0.2K.)

*6 The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables).

- *7 Setting 2kHz or more in Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection to perform low acoustic noise operation with the surrounding air temperature exceeding 40°C, the rated output current is the value in parenthesis.
- *8 Connect DC power supply to terminal P/+ and N/-. Connect the plus side of the power supply to terminal P/+ and minus side to terminal N/-.
 - When energy is regenerated from the motor, the voltage between terminals P/+ and N/- may rise to 415V of more for the 200V class, or 810V or more for the 400V class. Use a DC power supply resistant to the regenerative voltage/energy. If using the power supply which can not withstand voltage/energy during regeneration, insert diodes in series for reverse current prevention.

 Although the FR-E700 series has the built-in inrush current limit circuit, select the DC power supply considering the inrush current at powering ON as the inrush current four times of the rated inverter flows at powering ON.

- Since the power supply capacity depends on the output impedance of the power, select the power supply capacity which has enough allowance according to the AC power supply system capacity.
- 9 For a single-phase 100V power input model, the maximum output voltage is twice the amount of the power supply voltage and cannot be exceeded.
- *10 In a single-phase 100V power input model, the output voltage may fall down when the load is heavy, and larger output current may flow compared to a three-phase input model. Use the motor with less load so that the output current is within the rated motor current range.

10.2 Common specifications

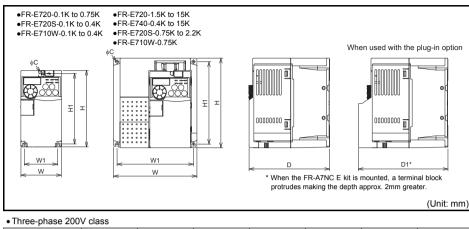
_									
	Control method		Soft-PWM control/high carrier frequency PWM control (V/F control, Advanced magnetic flux vector control, General-purpose magnetic flux vector control, Optimum excitation control are available)						
	Output frequency ra	ange	0.2 to 400Hz						
pecifications	Frequency setting resolution	Analog input	0.06Hz/60Hz (terminal 2, 4: 0 to 10/V10-bit) 0.12Hz/60Hz (terminal 2, 4: 0 to 5V/9-bit) 0.06Hz/60Hz (terminal 4: 0 to 20mA/10-bit)						
ati		Digital input	0.01Hz						
Ē	Frequency	Analog input	Within ±0.5% of the max. output frequency (25°C ±10°C)						
bed	accuracy	Digital input	Vithin 0.01% of the set output frequency						
-s	Voltage/frequency of	characteristics	Base frequency can be set from 0 to 400Hz, Constant-torque/variable torque pattern can be selected						
ntrol	Starting torque		200% or more (at 0.5Hz)when Advanced magnetic flux vector control is set (3.7K or lower)						
S	Torque boost		Manual torque boost						
	Acceleration/deceler	ration time setting	0.01 to 360s, 0.1 to 3600s (acceleration and deceleration can be set individually), linear or S-pattern acceleration/ deceleration modes are available.						
	DC injection brake		Operation frequency (0 to 120Hz), operation time (0 to 10s), operation voltage (0 to 30%) can be changed.						
	Stall prevention ope	eration level	Operation current level can be set (0 to 200% adjustable), whether to use the function or not can be selected						
Ħ	Surrounding air ten	nperature	-10°C to +50°C (non-freezing) *1						
đ	Ambient humidity		90%RH or less (non-condensing)						
LO.	Storage temperatur	e *2	-20°C to +65°C						
nvir	Atmosphere		Indoors (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt etc.)						
ш	Altitude/vibration		Maximum 1000m, 5.9m/s ² or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y, Z axes)						
_									

*1 When using the inverters at the surrounding air temperature of 40°C or less, the inverters can be installed closely attached (0cm clearance).

*2 Temperatures applicable for a short time, e.g. in transit.

10

10.3 Outline dimension drawings



Inverter Type	W	W1	н	H1	D	D1	С
FR-E720-0.1K					80.5	95.6	
FR-E720-0.2K	68	56			00.5	95.0	
FR-E720-0.4K	68	50			112.5	127.6	
FR-E720-0.75K				128	118	132.5	147.6
FR-E720-1.5K	108	96			135.5	150.6	
FR-E720-2.2K	100	50			155.5	150.0	
FR-E720-3.7K	170	158			142.5	157.6	
FR-E720-5.5K	180	164			165	180.1	
FR-E720-7.5K	100	104	260	244	105	100.1	6
FR-E720-11K	220	195	200	244	190	205.1	5
FR-E720-15K	220	135			130	200.1	

• Three-phase 400V class

Inverter Model	w	W1	н	H1	D	D1	С	
FR-E740-0.4K					114	129.1		
FR-E740-0.75K	140	128			114	120.1		
FR-E740-1.5K								
FR-E740-2.2K				150	138	135	150.1	5
FR-E740-3.7K								
FR-E740-5.5K		208			147	162.1		
FR-E740-7.5K	220	200			147	102.1		
FR-E740-11K	220	195	260	244	190	205.1	6	
FR-E740-15K		195	200	244	190	205.1	0	

• Single-phase 200V class

Inverter Model	W	W1	н	H1	D	D1	С
FR-E720S-0.1K					80.5	95.6	
FR-E720S-0.2K	68	56			00.0	35.0	
FR-E720S-0.4K			128	118	142.5	157.6	F
FR-E720S-0.75K	108	06			135.5	150.6	5
FR-E720S-1.5K	100	96			161	176.1	
FR-E720S-2.2K	140	128	150	138	155.5	170.6	

• Single-phase 100V class

Inverter Type	w	W1	н	H1	D	D1	С
FR-E710W-0.1K					80.5	95.6	
FR-E710W-0.2K	68	56	128	118	110.5	125.6	F
FR-E710W-0.4K			120	110	142.5	157.6	5
FR-E710W-0.75K	108	96			155	170.1	

APPENDIX

Appendix 1 Instructions for compliance with the EU Directives

The EU Directives are issued to standardize different national regulations of the EU Member States and to facilitate free movement of the equipment, whose safety is ensured, in the EU territory.

Since 1996, compliance with the EMC Directive that is one of the EU Directives has been legally required. Since 1997, compliance with the Low Voltage Directive, another EU Directive, has been also legally required. When a manufacturer confirms its equipment to be compliant with the EMC Directive and the Low Voltage Directive, the manufacturer must declare the conformity and affix the CE marking.

The authorized representative in the EU

The authorized representative in the EU is shown below. Name: Mitsubishi Electric Europe B.V. Address: Mitsubishi-Electric-Platz 1, 40882 Ratingen, Germany

(1) EMC Directive

We declare that this inverter, when equipped with the EMC Directive compliant EMC filter, conforms with the EMC Directive and affix the CE marking on the inverter.

- EMC Directive: 2014/30/EU
- Standard(s): EN 61800-3:2004+A1:2012 (Second environment / PDS Category "C3")

Note: First environment

Environment including buildings/facilities which are directly connected to a low voltage main supply which also supplies residential buildings.

Directly connected means that there is no intermediate transformer between these buildings.

Second environment

Environment including all buildings/facilities which are not directly connected to a low voltage main supply which also supplies residential buildings.

Note

- * Set the EMC Directive compliant EMC filter to the inverter. Insert line noise filters and ferrite cores to the power and control cables as required.
- * Connect the inverter to an earthed (grounded) power supply.
- Install a motor, the EMC Directive compliant EMC filter, and a control cable according to the instructions written in the EMC Installation Guidelines (BCN-A21041-204). (Please contact your sales representative for the EMC Installation Guidelines.)
- * The cable length to the motor should be 5m at maximum so that the EMC Directive compliant noise filter functions sufficiently.
- * Confirm that the final integrated system with the inverter conforms with the EMC Directive.

(2) Low Voltage Directive

We have self-confirmed our inverters as products compliant to the Low Voltage Directive and affix the CE marking on the inverters.

- Low Voltage Directive: 2014/35/EU
- Standard: EN 61800-5-1:2007

Outline of instructions

- * Do not use an earth leakage circuit breaker as an electric shock protector without connecting the equipment to the earth. Connect the equipment to the earth securely.
- * Wire the earth (ground) terminal independently. (Do not connect two or more cables to one terminal.)
- * Use the cable sizes on page 12 under the following conditions.

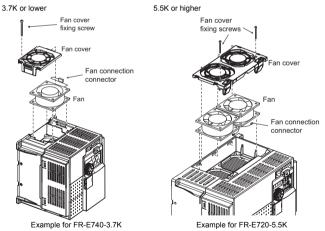
•Surrounding air temperature: 40°C maximum

If conditions are different from above, select appropriate wire according to EN 60204.

* Use a tinned (plating should not include zinc) crimp terminal to connect the earth cable. When tightening the screw, be careful not to damage the threads.

For use as a product compliant with the Low Voltage Directive, use PVC cable on page 12.

- * Use the molded case circuit breaker and magnetic contactor which conform to the EN or IEC Standard.
- * When using an earth leakage circuit breaker, use a residual current operated protective device (RCD) of type B (breaker which can detect both AC and DC). If not, provide double or reinforced insulation between the inverter and other equipment, or put a transformer between the main power supply and inverter.
- * Use the inverter under the conditions of overvoltage category II (usable regardless of the earth (ground) condition of the power supply), overvoltage category III (usable with the earthed-neutral system power supply, 400V class only) specified in IEC 60664.
 - •To use the inverter under the conditions of pollution degree 3, install it in the enclosure of IP54 or higher.
 - •To use the inverter outside of an enclosure in the environment of pollution degree 2, fix a fan cover with fan cover fixing screws enclosed.



Note, the protection structure of the Inverter units is considered to be an IP00.

*On the input and output of the inverter, use cables of the type and size set forth in EN 60204.

*The operating capacity of the relay outputs (terminal symbols A, B, C) should be 30VDC, 0.3A. (Relay output has basic isolation from the inverter internal circuit.)

*Control circuit terminals on page 8 are safely isolated from the main circuit.

*Environment

	Running	In Storage	During Transportation
Ambient Temperature	-10°C to +50°C	-20°C to +65°C	-20°C to +65°C
Humidity	90% RH or less	90% RH or less	90% RH or less
Maximum Altitude	1000m	1000m	10000m

*For branch circuit protection, select an appropriate UL and cUL listed fuse with a cut-off speed of Class T. Class J. Class CC, or faster, or a UL 489 molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) in accordance with the following table.

720-□□K	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
(V)					240	V or m	iore				
Without power factor improving reactor	15	15	15	20	30	40	60	70	80	150	175
With power factor improving reactor	15	15	15	20	20	30	50	60	70	125	150
breaker (MCCB) a rating (A)*1,*2	15	15	15	15	20	25	40	60	80	110	150
740-□□K	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	1	
Rated fuse voltage (V)				480	V or m	ore					
Without power factor improving reactor	6	10	15	20	30	40	70	80	90		
With power factor improving reactor	6	10	10	15	25	35	60	70	90		
breaker (MCCB) e rating (A)*1,*2	15	15	15	15	20	30	40	50	70		
20S-□□K	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	1				
(V)	240V or more										
Without power factor improving reactor	15	20	20	30	40	60					
Without power factor improving reactor With power factor improving reactor	15 15	20 20	20 20		40 30	60 50					
Without power factor improving reactor With power factor	-		-	30							
Without power factor improving reactor With power factor improving reactor breaker (MCCB)	15	20	20	30 20	30	50					
Without power factor improving reactor With power factor improving reactor breaker (MCCB) e rating (A)*1,*2	15 15	20 15	20 15 0.4	30 20 20 0.75	30	50					
Without power factor improving reactor With power factor improving reactor breaker (MCCB) reating (A)*1,*2 IOW-DICK (V) Without power factor improving reactor	15 15	20 15 0.2	20 15 0.4	30 20 20 0.75	30	50					
Without power factor improving reactor With power factor improving reactor breaker (MCCB) e rating (A)*1,*2 10W-□ K (V) Without power factor	15 15 0.1	20 15 0.2 115V c	20 15 0.4 or more	30 20 20 0.75	30	50					
	Without power factor improving reactor With power factor improving reactor breaker (MCCB) erating (A)*1,*2 40-□□K (V) Without power factor improving reactor With power factor improving reactor breaker (MCCB) reating (A)*1,*2 20S-□□K	Without power factor improving reactor 15 With power factor improving reactor 15 breaker (MCCB) 15 erating (A)=1,*2 15 40-□K 0.4 (V) Without power factor improving reactor Without power factor improving reactor 6 Without power factor improving reactor 6 Improving reactor 15 breaker (MCCB) 15 208-□CK 0.1	Without power factor improving reactor 15 15 With power factor improving reactor 15 15 breaker (MCCB) 15 15 tating (A)*1,*2 15 15 Vith power factor improving reactor 6 10 With power factor improving reactor 6 10 Trating (A)*1,*2 15 15	Without power factor improving reactor 15 15 15 With power factor improving reactor 15 15 15 15 breaker (MCCB) 15 15 15 15 traing (A)=1,*2 15 15 15 15 Without power factor improving reactor 6 10 15 Without power factor improving reactor 6 10 15 Without power factor improving reactor 6 10 15 breaker (MCCB) 15 15 15 stater (MCCB) 15 15 15 20S-□LK 0.1 0.2 0.4	Without power factor improving reactor 15 15 15 20 With power factor improving reactor 15 15 15 20 breaker (MCCB) 15 15 15 15 15 traing (A)+1,*2 15 15 15 15 20 With power factor improving reactor 6 10 15 20 Without power factor improving reactor 6 10 15 20 With power factor improving reactor 6 10 15 20 With power factor improving reactor 6 10 15 15 traing (A)+1,*2 15 15 15 15 15 208 15 15 15 15 15 15	Without power factor improving reactor 15 15 15 20 30 With power factor improving reactor 15 15 15 20 20 breaker (MCCB) erating (A)*1,*2 15 15 15 15 20 20 40-□K 0.4 0.75 1.5 2.2 3.7 (V) 480V or m 480V or m 480V or m 480V or m With power factor improving reactor 6 10 15 20 30 With power factor improving reactor 6 10 10 15 25 breaker (MCCB) 15 15 15 15 20 208.□□K 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.75 1.5	Without power factor improving reactor 15 15 15 20 30 40 With power factor improving reactor 15 15 15 20 20 30 breaker (MCCB) trating (A)=1,*2 15 15 15 15 20 20 30 40-□□K 0.4 0.75 1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 (V) 480V or more 480V or more 480V or more Without power factor improving reactor 6 10 15 20 30 40 With power factor improving reactor 6 10 15 25 35 breaker (MCCB) rating (A)=1,*2 15 15 15 15 20 30 20S-□□K 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.75 1.5 2.2	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Without power factor improving reactor 15 15 15 20 30 40 60 70 With power factor improving reactor 15 15 15 15 20 30 50 60 breaker (MCCB) 15 15 15 15 20 20 30 50 60 40-□CK 0.4 0.75 1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 (V) 480V or more 480V or more 480V or more 480V or more 70 80 With power factor improving reactor 6 10 15 20 30 40 70 80 With power factor improving reactor 6 10 15 25 35 60 70 With power factor improving reactor 15 15 15 20 30 40 50 Teating (A)=1,*2 15 15 15 20 30 40 50	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

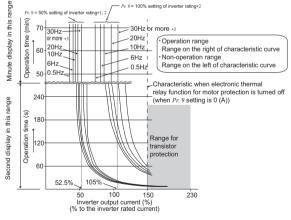
*1

Maximum allowable rating by US National Electrical Code. Exact size must be chosen for each installation.

*2 Select an appropriate molded case circuit breaker with a rating that is suitable for the size of the cable.

*When using the electronic thermal relay function as motor overload protection, set the rated motor current to Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay."

Electronic thermal relay function operation characteristic



This function detects the overload (overheat) of the motor, stops the operation of the inverter's output transistor, and stops the output.

(The operation characteristic is shown on the left.)

- When using the Mitsubishi Electric
- constant-torque motor
- 1) Set "1" or any of "13" to "16", "50", "53", "54" in Pr. 71. (This provides a 100% continuous torque characteristic in the low-speed range.)
- 2) Set the rated current of the motor in Pr. 9.
- When a value 50% of the inverter rated output *1 current (current value) is set in Pr. 9
- *2 The % value denotes the percentage to the inverter rated output current. It is not the percentage to the motor rated current.
- When you set the electronic thermal relay *3 function dedicated to the Mitsubishi Electric constant-torque motor, this characteristic curve applies to operation at 6Hz or higher. (For selection of the operation characteristic,

refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

NOTE

The electronic thermal memory retention function is not provided by the drive.

*Short circuit ratings

100V class

Suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5 kA rms symmetrical amperes, 132 V maximum. · 200V class

Suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5 kA rms symmetrical amperes, 264 V maximum. 400V class

Suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5 kA rms symmetrical amperes, 528 V maximum.

Appendix 2 Instructions for UL and cUL

(Standard to comply with: UL 508C, CSA C22.2 No. 274)

1. General Precaution

CAUTION - Risk of Electric Shock -

The bus capacitor discharge time is 10 minutes. Before starting wiring or inspection, switch power off, wait for more than 10 minutes, and check for residual voltage between terminal P/+ and N/- with a meter etc., to avoid a hazard of electrical shock.

ATTENTION - Risque de choc électrique -

La durée de décharge du condensateur de bus est de 10 minutes. Avant de commencer le câblage ou l'inspection, mettez l'appareil hors tension et attendez plus de 10 minutes.

2. Installation

The below types of inverter have been approved as products for use in enclosure and approval tests were conducted under the following conditions. Design the enclosure so that the surrounding air temperature, humidity and ambience of the inverter will satisfy the specifications. (Refer to page 45.)

Branch Circuit Protection

Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code for the U.S. or the Canadian Electrical Code for Canada and any additional codes. As specified, UL Class T, Class J, Class CC fuses, or any faster acting fuse with the appropriate rating or listed UL 489 molded case circuit breaker (MCCB), or Type E combination motor controller must be employed.

FR-	E720-□□K	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
Rated fuse voltage(V)			240V or more									
Fuse allowable	Without power factor improving reactor	15	15	15	20	30	40	60	70	80	150	175
rating (A)	With power factor improving reactor	15	15	15	20	20	30	50	60	70	125	150
Molded case circuit be Maximum allowable ra		15	15	15	15	20	25	40	60	80	110	150
Type E combination	Maximum current rating (A)	1.6	4	6.3	10	13	18	25	_	-	-	
motor controller*3	Maximum SCCR (kA)*4	50	50	50	50	50	50	25	—			—
FR-	E740-□□K	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15		
Rated fuse voltage(V)					480)V or m	ore					

Rated fuse voltage(V)					480	DV or m	ore			
Fuse allowable	Without power factor improving reactor	6	10	15	20	30	40	70	80	90
rating (A)	With power factor improving reactor	6	10	10	15	25	35	60	70	90
Molded case circuit br Maximum allowable ra		15	15	15	15	20	30	40	50	70
Type E combination	Maximum current rating (A)	4	6.3	8	10	18	25	32	—	—
motor controller*3	Maximum SCCR (kA)*4	50	50	50	50	50	25	25	—	—

FR-E720S-□□K		0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2
Rated fuse voltage(V)			240V or more				
Fuse allowable rating (A)	Without power factor improving reactor	15	20	20	30	40	60
	With power factor improving reactor	15	20	20	20	30	50
Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) Maximum allowable rating (A)*1,*2		15	15	15	20	25	40

FR-E710W-DDK			0.2	0.4	0.75
Rated fuse voltage(V)		115V or more			
Fuse allowable rating (A)	Without power factor improving reactor	20	20	40	60
	With power factor improving reactor	20	20	30	50
Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) Maximum allowable rating (A)*1,*2		15	15	25	40

*1 Maximum allowable rating by US National Electrical Code. Exact size must be chosen for each installation.

*2 Select an appropriate molded case circuit breaker with a rating that is suitable for the size of the cable.

For UL/cUL certification use the following product *3

·	TOF OLICOL COntineation, asc		
	Model	Manufacturer	Rated Voltage, Vac
	MMP-T32	Mitsubishi Electric Corp.	480Y/277

Suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than 50 or 25 kA rms symmetrical amperes, 480Y/277 volts maximum when protected by the Type *4 E combination motor controllers indicated in the above table.

3. Short circuit ratings

100V class

Suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100 kA rms symmetrical amperes, 132 V maximum. 200V class

Suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100 kA rms symmetrical amperes, 264 V maximum.

400V class

Suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100 kA rms symmetrical amperes, 528 V maximum.

4. Wiring

Refer to the National Electrical Code (Article 310) regarding the allowable current of the cable. Select the cable size for 125% of the rated current according to the National Electrical Code (Article 430). For wiring the input (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) and output (U, V, W) terminals of the inverter, use the UL listed copper, stranded wires (rated at 75°C) and round crimp terminals. Crimp the crimp terminals with the crimping tool recommended by the terminal maker.

5. Motor overload protection

When using the electronic thermal relay function as motor overload protection, set the rated motor current to Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay. (Refer to page 49.)



Motor over temperature sensing is not provided by the drive.

Appendix 3 SERIAL number check

The SERIAL number can be checked on the inverter rating plate or package. (Refer to page 1.)

Rating plate example



SERIAL

The SERIAL consists of one symbol, two characters indicating production year and month, and six characters indicating control number. The last digit of the production year is indicated as the Year, and the Month is indicated by 1 to 9, X (October), Y (November), or Z (December).

Appendix 4 Instructions for EAC

EUL

The product certified in compliance with the Eurasian Conformity has the EAC marking.

Note: EAC marking

In 2010, three countries (Russia, Belarus, and Kazakhstan) established a Customs Union for the purposes of revitalizing the economy by forming a large economic bloc by abolishing or reducing tariffs and unifying regulatory procedures for the handling of articles.

Products to be distributed over these three countries of the Customs Union must comply with the Customs Union Technical Regulations (CU-TR), and the EAC marking must be affixed to the products.

For information on the country of origin, manufacture year and month, and authorized sales representative (importer) in the CU area of this product, refer to the following:

- Country of origin indication Check the rating plate of the product. (*Refer to page 1.*) Example: MADE IN JAPAN
- Manufactured year and month The SERIAL number (refer to Appendix 3) can be checked on the rating plate (refer to page 1) of the product.
- Authorized sales representative (importer) in the CU area The authorized sales representative (importer) in the CU area is shown below. Name: Mitsubishi Electric (Russia) LLC Address: 52, bld 1 Kosmodamianskaya Nab 115054, Moscow, Russia Phone: +7 (495) 721-2070 Fax: +7 (495) 721-2071

Appendix 5 Restricted Use of Hazardous Substances in Electronic and **Electrical Products**

The mark of restricted use of hazardous substances in electronic and electrical products is applied to the product as follows based on the "Management Methods for the Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products" of the People's Republic of China.

电器电子产品有害物质限制使用标识要求



本产品中所含有的有害物质的名称、含量、含有部件如下表所示。

•产品中所含有害物质的名称及含量

	有害物质 *1					
部件名称 *2	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr (VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
电路板组件(包括印刷电 路板及其构成的零部件, 如电阻、电容、集成电路、 连接器等)、电子部件	×	0	×	0	0	0
金属壳体、金属部件	×	0	0	0	0	0
树脂壳体、树脂部件	0	0	0	0	0	0
螺丝、电线	0	0	0	0	0	0

上表依据 ST/T11364 的规定编制。

〇:表示该有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在 GB/T26572 规定的限量要求以下。

大不该有害物质在该部件的至少一种均质材料中的含量超出GB/126572 规定的限量要求。
 *1 即使表中记载为×,根据产品型号,也可能会有有害物质的含量为限制值以下的情况。

*2 根据产品型号,一部分部件可能不包含在产品中。

Appendix 6 Referenced Standard (Requirement of Chinese standardized law)

This Product is designed and manufactured accordance with following Chinese standards.

Electrical safety : GB/T 12668.501 EMC : GB/T 12668.3

When using this product, make sure to understand the warranty described below.

1. Warranty period and coverage

We will repair any failure or defect (hereinafter referred to as "failure") in our FA equipment (hereinafter referred to as the "Product") arisen during warranty period at no charge due to causes for which we are responsible through the distributor from which you purchased the Product or our service provider. However, we will charge the actual cost of dispatching our engineer for an on-site repair work on request by customer in Japan or overseas countries. We are not responsible for any on-site readjustment and/or trial run that may be required after a defective unit are repaired or replaced.

[Term]

The term of warranty for Product is twelve months after your purchase or delivery of the Product to a place designated by you or eighteen months from the date of manufacture whichever comes first ("Warranty Period"). Warranty period for repaired Product cannot exceed beyond the original warranty period before any repair work.

[Limitations]

- (1) You are requested to conduct an initial failure diagnosis by yourself, as a general rule. It can also be carried out by us or our service company upon your request and the actual cost will be charged.
 - However, it will not be charged if we are responsible for the cause of the failure.
- (2) This limited warranty applies only when the condition, method, environment, etc. of use are in compliance with the terms and conditions and instructions that are set forth in the instruction manual and user manual for the Product and the caution label affixed to the Product.
- (3) Even during the term of warranty, the repair cost will be charged on you in the following cases;
 - a failure caused by your improper storing or handling, carelessness or negligence, etc., and a failure caused by your hardware
 or software problem
 - 2) a failure caused by any alteration, etc. to the Product made on your side without our approval
 - 3) a failure which may be regarded as avoidable, if your equipment in which the Product is incorporated is equipped with a safety device required by applicable laws and has any function or structure considered to be indispensable according to a common sense in the industry
 - a failure which may be regarded as avoidable if consumable parts designated in the instruction manual, etc. are duly maintained and replaced
 - 5) any replacement of consumable parts (condenser, cooling fan, etc.)
 - 6) a failure caused by external factors such as inevitable accidents, including without limitation fire and abnormal fluctuation of voltage, and acts of God, including without limitation earthquake, lightning and natural disasters
 - a failure generated by an unforeseeable cause with a scientific technology that was not available at the time of the shipment of the Product from our company
 - 8) any other failures which we are not responsible for or which you acknowledge we are not responsible for

2. Term of warranty after the stop of production

- (1) We may accept the repair at charge for another seven (7) years after the production of the product is discontinued. The
 - announcement of the stop of production for each model can be seen in our Sales and Service, etc.
- (2) Please note that the Product (including its spare parts) cannot be ordered after its stop of production.

3. Service in overseas

Our regional FA Center in overseas countries will accept the repair work of the Product; however, the terms and conditions of the repair work may differ depending on each FA Center. Please ask your local FA center for details.

- 4. Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability
 - Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi Electric shall not be liable for compensation to:
 - (1) Damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi Electric.
 - (2) Loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi Electric products.
 - (3) Special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi Electric products.
 - (4) Replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.

5. Change of Product specifications

Specifications listed in our catalogs, manuals or technical documents may be changed without notice.

6. Application and use of the Product

- (1) For the use of our product, its applications should be those that may not result in a serious damage even if any failure or malfunction occurs in product, and a backup or fail-safe function should operate on an external system to product when any failure or malfunction occurs.
- (2) Our product is designed and manufactured as a general purpose product for use at general industries.

Therefore, applications substantially influential on the public interest for such as atomic power plants and other power plants of electric power companies, and also which require a special quality assurance system, including applications for railway companies and government or public offices are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used.

In addition, applications which may be substantially influential to human lives or properties for such as airlines, medical treatments, railway service, incineration and fuel systems, man-operated material handling equipment, entertainment machines, safety machines, etc. are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used. We will review the acceptability of the abovementioned applications, if you agree not to require a specific quality for a specific application. Please contact us for consultation.

REVISIONS

*The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

Revision Date	*Manual Number	Revision
Dec. 2010	IB(NA)-0600441ENG-A	First edition
Jul. 2018	IB(NA)-0600441ENG-B	Addition •Pr.154 Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention operation •Appendix 4 Instructions for EAC •Appendix 5 Restricted Use of Hazardous Substances in Electronic and Electrical Products
		•Appendix 6 Referenced Standard (Requirement of Chinese standardized law)
		Modification
Jan. 2019		Appendix 2 Instructions for UL and cUL
Jan. 2019	IB(NA)-0600441ENG-C	Addition •Application of caution labels

International FA Center

Shanghai FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMAITON (CHINA) LTD. Shanghai FA Center Mitsubishi Electric Automation Center No.1386 Hongqiao Road, Shanghai, China TEL. 86-21-2322-3030 FAX. 86-21-2322-3000 (9611#)

Beijing FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION (CHINA) LTD. Beijing FA Center 5/F, ONE INDIGO, 20 Jiuxianqiao Road Chaoyang District, Beijing, China TEL, 86-10-6518-8830 FAX. 86-10-6518-2938

Tianjin FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION (CHINA) LTD. Tianiin FA Center Room 2003 City Tower, No.35, Youyi Road, Hexi District, Tianjin, China TEL. 86-22-2813-1015 FAX. 86-22-2813-1017

Guangzhou FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION (CHINA) LTD. Guangzhou FA Center Room 1609, North Tower, The Hub Center, No.1068, Xingang East Road, Haizhu District, Guangzhou, China TEL. 86-20-8923-6730 FAX. 86-20-8923-6715

Korea FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION KOREA CO., LTD. 8F, Gangseo Hangang Xi-tower A, 401, Yangcheon-ro, Gangseo-Gu, Seoul 07528, Korea TEL. 82-2-3660-9630 FAX. 82-2-3664-0475

Taipei FA Center

SETSUYO ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. SF, No. 105, Wugong 3rd Road, Wugu District, New Taipei City 24889, Taiwan TEL. 886-2-2299-99163 FAX. 81-80-4020-1609 India Chennai FA Center MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC INDIA Chennai Branch

Taichung FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC TAIWAN CO .. LTD. No.8-1, Industrial 16th Road, Taichung Industrial Park, Taichung City 40768 Taiwan TEL. 886-4-2359-0688 FAX 886-4-2359-0689

Thai FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC FACTORY AUTOMATION (THAILAND) CO., LTD. 12th Floor, SV.City Building, Office Tower 1, No. 896/19 and 20 Rama 3 Road, Kwaeng Bangpongpang, Khet Yannawa, Bangkok 10120, Thailand TEL. 66-2682-6522 to 31 FAX. 66-2682-6020

ASEAN FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC ASIA PTE, LTD, 307, Alexandra Road, Mitsubishi Electric Building, Singapore 159943 TEL. 65-6470-2480 FAX. 65-6476-7439

Indonesia FA Center

PT. MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC INDONESIA Cikarang Office Jl. Kenari Raya Blok G2-07A Delta Silicon 5, Lippo Cikarang - Bekasi 17550, Indonesia TEL, 62-21-2961-7797 FAX. 62-21-2961-7794

Hanoi FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC VIETNAM COMPANY LIMITED Hanoi Branch Office 6th Floor, Detech Tower, 8 Ton That Thuyet Street, My Dinh 2 Ward, Nam Tu Liem District, Hanoi, Vietnam TEL. 84-4-3937-8075 FAX. 84-4-3937-8076

Ho Chi Minh FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC VIETNAM COMPANY LIMITED Unit 01-04, 10th Floor, Vincom Center, 72 Le Thanh Ton Street, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam TEL. 84-8-3910-5945 FAX. 84-8-3910-5947

India Pune FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC INDIA PVT. LTD. Pune Branch Emerald House, EL -3, J Block, M.I.D.C Bhosari, Pune - 411026, Maharashtra, India TEL, 91-20-2710-2000 FAX 91-20-2710-2100

India Gurgaon FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC INDIA PVT. LTD. Gurgaon Head Office 2nd Floor, Tower A & B, Cyber Greens, DLF Cyber City, DLF Phase - III, Gurgaon -122002 Haryana, India TEL. 91-124-463-0300 FAX. 91-124-463-0399

India Bangalore FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC INDIA PVT. LTD. Bangalore Branch Prestige Emerald, 6th Floor, Municipal No. 2, Madras Bank Road, Bangalore - 560001, Karnataka, India TEL. 91-80-4020-1600

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC INDIA PVT. LTD. Citilights Corporate Centre No.1, Vivekananda Road, Srinivasa Nagar Chetpet, Chennai - 600031, Tamil Nadu, India TEL. 91-44-4554-8772 FAX. 91-4445548773

India Ahmedabad FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC INDIA PVT. LTD. Ahmedabad Branch Road, Prahaladnagar, Satellite, Ahmedabad - 380015, Gujarat, India TEL. 91-79-6512-0063 FAX 91-79-6512-0063

North America FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION. INC 500 Corporate Woods Parkway, Vernon Hills, IL 60061, U.S.A. TEL. 1-847-478-2334 FAX. 1-847-478-2253

Mexico FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION, INC. Queretaro Office Parque Tecnologico Innovacion Queretaro Lateral Carretera Estatal 431, Km 2 200, Lote 91 Modulos 1 y 2 Hacienda la Machorra, CP 76246, El Marques, Queretaro, Mexico TEL. 52-442-153-6014

Mexico Monterrey FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION, INC. Monterrey Office Plaza Mirage, Av. Gonzalitos 460 Sur, Local 28, Col. San Jeronimo, Monterrey, Nuevo Leon, C.P. 64640, Mexico TEL. 52-55-3067-7521

Mexico City FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION, INC. Mexico Branch Mariano Escobedo #69, Col.Zona Industrial, Tlalnepantla Edo. Mexico, C.P.54030 TEL. 52-55-3067-7511

Brazil FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC DO BRASIL COMERCIO E SERVICOS LTDA. Avenida Adelino Cardana, 293, 21 andar, Bethaville, Barueri SP, Brazil TEL. 55-11-4689-3000 FAX. 55-11-4689-3016

Brazil Votorantim FA Center

MELCO CNC DO BRASIL COMERCIO E SERVICOS S A Avenida Gisele Constantino, 1578, Parque Bela Vista - Votorantim-SP, Brazil TEL, 55-15-3023-9000

Europe FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. Polish Branch ul. Krakowska 50, 32-083 Balice, Poland TEL. 48-12-347-65-81 FAX. 48-12-630-47-01

Germany FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. German Branch Mitsubishi-Electric-Platz 1, 40882 Ratingen, Germany TEL. 49-2102-486-0 FAX. 49-2102-486-1120

OUK FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. UK Branch Travellers Lane, Hatfield, Hertfordshire, AL10 8XB, UK. TEL. 44-1707-28-8780 FAX, 44-1707-27-8695

Czech Republic FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. Czech Branch Pekarska 621/7, 155 00 Praha 5, Czech Republic TEL. 420-255-719-200 FAX, 420-251-551-471

Italv FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. Italian Branch Centro Direzionale Colleoni - Palazzo Sirio. Viale Colleoni 7, 20864 Agrate Brianza (MB), Italy TEL. 39-039-60531 FAX. 39-039-6053-312

Russia FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC (Russia) LLC St. Petersburg Branch Piskarevsky pr. 2, bld 2, lit "Sch", BC "Benua", office 720; 195027, St. Petersburg, Russia TEL. 7-812-633-3497 FAX. 7-812-633-3499

Turkey FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC TURKEY A.S. Umraniye Branch Serifali Mahallesi Nutuk Sokak No:5, TR-34775 Umraniye / Istanbul, Turkey TEL, 90-216-526-3990 FAX. 90-216-526-3995

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: TOKYO BUILDING 2-7-3, MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN

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	MODEL CODE	1AJ021