

Numerical Protection Relay



MODEL COC1-A01D1

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Request

Ensure that this Instruction Manual is delivered to the end users and the maintenance manager.

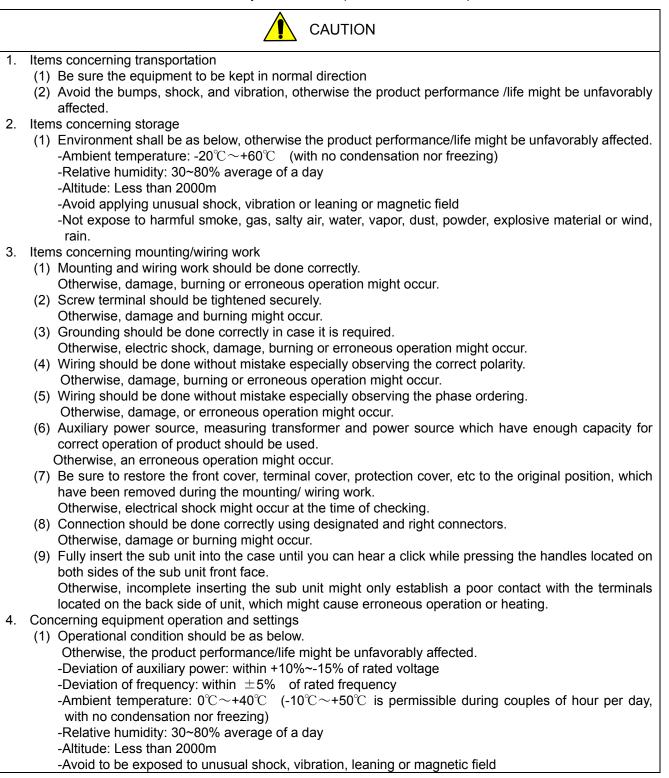
- Safety section -

This Safety section should be read before starting any work on the relay. Be sure to read the instruction manuals and other related documents prior to commencing any work on the relay in order to maintain them in a safe condition. Be sure to be familiar with the knowledge, safety information and all caution items of the product prior to use.



Caution means that failure to un-observe safety information, incorrect use, or improper use may endanger personnel and equipment and cause personnel injury or physical damage.

Items as classified to the caution may become to occur more sever results according to the circumstance. Therefore, all items described in the safety section are important and to be respected without fail.



-Not expose to harmful smoke, gas, salty air, water, vapor, dust, powder, explosive material, wind or rain.

- (2) Qualified personnel may work on or operate this product, otherwise, the product performance/life might be unfavorably affected and/or burning or erroneous operation might occur.
- (3) Be sure to read and understand the instruction manuals and other related documents prior to commencing operation and maintenance work on the product. Otherwise, electrical shock, injury, damage, or erroneous operation might occur.
- (4) While energizing product, be sure not to remove any unit or parts without permissible one. Otherwise, damage, or erroneous operation might occur.
- (5) While energizing product, be sure to make short circuit of current transformer secondary circuits before setting change or drawing out the sub unit. Otherwise, secondary circuit of live current transformer might be opened and damage or burning might occur due to the high level voltage.
- (6) While energizing product, be sure to open trip lock terminal before setting change or drawing out the internal unit of product. Otherwise, erroneous operation might occur.
- (7) Be sure to use the product within rated voltage and current. Otherwise, damage or mal-operation might be occurred.
- (8) While energizing product, be sure not to clean up the product.Only wiping a stain on the front cover of product with a damp waste might be allowable. (Be sure to wring hardly the water out of the waste.)
- 5. Items concerning maintenance and checking
 - (1) Be sure that only qualified personnel might work on or operate this product. Otherwise, electrical shock, injury, damage, or erroneous operation might occur.
 - (2) Be sure to read and understand the instruction manuals and other related documents prior to commencing operation and maintenance work on the product. Otherwise, electrical shock, injury, damage, or erroneous operation might occur.
 - (3) In case of replacing the parts, be sure to use the ones of same type, rating and specifications, etc. If impossible to use above parts, be sure to contact the sales office or distributor nearest you. Otherwise, damage or burning might occur.
 - (4) Testing shall be done with the following conditions.
 - -Ambient temperature: 20°C±10°C
 - -Relative humidity: Less than 90%
 - -Magnetic field: Less than 80A/m
 - -Atmospheric pressure: $86 \sim 106 \times 10^3$ Pa
 - -Installation angle: Normal direction $\pm 2^{\circ}$
 - -Deviation of frequency: within $\pm 1\%$ of nominal frequency
 - -Wave form(in case of AC): Distortion factor less than 2%

(Distortion factor=100% × effective value of harmonics/effective value of fundamental)

- -Ripple (in case of DC): Ripple factor less than 3%
- (Ripple factor=100% × (max-min)/average of DC)
- -Deviation of auxiliary power: within $\pm 2\%$ of nominal voltage
- -Be sure not to inject the voltage or current beyond the overload immunity.
- Otherwise, damage or burning might occur.
- -Be careful not to touch the energized parts.
- Otherwise, the electric shock might occur.
- 6. Items concerning modification and/or repair work
- Be sure to ask any modification and/ or repair work for product to the sales office or distributor nearest you.

Unless otherwise, any incidents occurred with modification or repair works (including software) done by any other entity than MITSUBIHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION shall be out of scope on warranty covered by MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION.

7. Items concerning disposal

Particular regulations within the country of operation shall be applied to the disposal.

- Introduction -

Thank for your purchasing MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC **MELPRO**[™] – D Series Digital Protection Relay.

Please read this manual carefully to be familiar with the functions and performances enough to use the product properly.

Please note end users are required to be provided with this instruction manual.

For operation of the product, this manual should be used in conjunction with the following materials:

Title of document	Document No.
MELPRO – D Series Protection Relay General Operation Manual	JEP0-IL9416

When the protection relay is used together with a communication card, use the following documents too:

(For CC-Link)

Title of document	Document No.
MELPRO – D Series Protection Relay CC-COM Communication Card (CC-Link) Operation Manual (General information)	JEP0-IL9417
MELPRO – D Series Protection Relay CC-COM Communication Card (CC-Link) Operation Manual (Model-specific information)	JEP0-IL9418

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1 Features

1.1 General description

Mitsubishi Electric MELPRO-D Series is a digital protection relay product with a microprocessor for protecting high/extra-high-voltage electric power system.

With its improved functions, including operation support using the advanced communication networks, data saving at the power system faults and power system voltage/current measurement, this series of protection relay will allow stable and effective control and monitoring of electric power systems as well as provide high-reliable protection.

1.2 Features

(1) High-reliable protection

The product includes a single-phase overcurrent protection element. It will be possible to protect general overloads, phase faults, or earth faults on a solidly earthed neutral system.

- (2) Diverse operation and reset characteristics The product is provided with diversified operation and reset characteristics that meet the requirements of IEC 60255-3, and can be used for protecting various types of electric systems.
- (3) Communication Network
 - With an open field bus system, the relays can be used to build a high-speed, high-performance network system. In addition, the relay's multi-drop serial wiring reduces the amount of labor required for communication wiring.
 - Control of measurement values, operation status, as well as setting changes, etc., can be performed from a remote location.
 - In consideration of future network system variations and compatibility with communication networks, communication features are mounted in the relay using a replaceable card.
- (4) Measurement & Recording Functions
 - Real time monitoring of relay input data

The relay can measure steady state relay input values, supporting energy management.

- Fault Data Monitoring

When a fault occurs, the relay saves the past 5 effective input values and waveform data to assist with fault analysis.

(5) Programmable Output Configuration

The operating output contacts (DO) can be set by combining the outputs of the protection relay element using 'OR' logic, thereby simplifying sequence design.

(6) High Accurate Digital Computation

The digital computation using high-speed sampling minimizes the effect of high harmonics, etc., and results in highly accurate protection.

(7) Self-diagnosis

The relay continuously monitors electronic circuits from input to output so that it can detect internal failure before that failure causes damage on the power system, thereby improving reliability.

(8) Easy Replacement

The dimensions of the panel cutout are the same as the prior MULTICAP series. Changing from an existing relay type to this new type is easy.

(9) Easy Maintenance

The relays are adopted as draw-out unit mechanisms with automatic CT shorting at drawing, thereby making maintenance easy.

(10) Easy wiring check

It is possible to carry out forced operation of the output contacts individually. This will allow an easy wiring check.

2 Rating and specifications

2.1 General information

Self-diagnosis the RUN LED and self-diagnosis output (ALARM). Image: Configurations For trip 2 make contacts: X4 and X5 (programmable output) Image: Configurations For signaling 4 make contacts: X0 to X3 (programmable output) Image: Configurations For signaling 4 make contacts: X0 to X3 (programmable output) Image: Configurations For signaling 4 make contacts: X0 to X3 (programmable output) Image: Configurations For signaling 4 make contacts: X0 to X3 (programmable output) Image: Configurations For signaling 4 make contacts: X0 to X3 (programmable output) Image: Configurations For signaling and self-diagnosis 1 break contact: Y (open for normal result of self-diagnosis with power of 220VDC, 10A, 0.5 s (L/R = 0 s) Image: Contacts For trip Make 110VDC, 0.3A (L/R≤40 ms) Image: Contacts For signaling and self-diagnosis Break 220VDC, 0.15A (L/R≤40 ms) Image: Contacts For signaling and self-diagnosis Make and Break 500 VA (cosop= 0.4), 60W (L/R = 0.007 s) Image: Contact For signaling and self-diagnosis Max. current 5 A Image: Contact 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) 60W (L/R = 0.007 s	2.1 Ger						
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Output contacts For signaling output 4 make contacts: X ₀ to X ₃ (programmable output) Output contacts For self-diagnosis output 1 break contact: Y (open for normal result of self-diagnosis with power of 220VDC, 10A, 0.5 s (L/R = 0 s) Capacity For trip Make 110VDC, 15A, 0.5 s (L/R = 0 s) Capacity For trip Break 110VDC, 0.3A (L/R≤40 ms) Carry 1.5 A, continuously Carry 1.5 A, continuously For signaling and self-diagnosis output Make and Break 500 VA (cosq= 0.4), 60W (L/R = 0.007 s) Burden Phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) 5 A Burden Zero-phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) 5 W (approx. 7W including communication card) For 100VDC: approx. 5 W (approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 2.3 kg							
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Output contacts For self-diagnosis output 1 break contact: Y (open for normal result of self-diagnosis with power of 220VDC, 10A, 0.5 s (L/R = 0 s) 220VDC, 10A, 0.5 s (L/R = 0 s) Output contacts For trip Make 110VDC, 0.3A (L/R≤40 ms) 220VDC, 0.15A (L/R≤40 ms) 220VDC, 0.15A (L/R≤40 ms) Capacity For signaling and self-diagnosis output Make and Break 500 VA (cosφ= 0.4), 60W (L/R = 0.007 s) Max. current 5 A Max. voltage 380VAC, 125VDC Burden Zero-phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) Auxiliary power supply circuit For 100VDC: approx. 5 W (approx. 7W including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 2.3 kg							
Output contacts For trip Make 220VDC, 10A, 0.5 s (L/R = 0 s) Protein Break 110VDC, 0.3A (L/R≤40 ms) 220VDC, 0.15A (L/R≤40 ms) 220VDC, 0.15A (L/R≤40 ms) Self-diagnosis Carry 1.5 A, continuously Make and Break 500 VA (cosφ= 0.4), 60W (L/R = 0.007 s) 60W (L/R = 0.007 s) Max. voltage 380VAC, 125VDC 380VAC, 125VDC Max. voltage 380VAC, 125VDC 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) Zero-phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) Burden Auxiliary power supply circuit For 100VDC: approx. 5 W (approx. 7W including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 9VA including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) Net weight of relay unit : approx. 2.3 kg			-	1 break contact: Y	(open for normal re	sult of self-diagnos	sis with power on)
contacts Capacity For trip Break 110VDC, 0.3A (L/R≤40 ms) Capacity Carry 1.5 A, continuously For signaling and self-diagnosis output Make and Break 500 VA (cosφ= 0.4), 60W (L/R = 0.007 s) Max. current 5 A Max. voltage 380VAC, 125VDC Burden Zero-phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) Auxiliary power supply circuit For 100VDC: approx. 5 W (approx. 7W including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 8W including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) Mass Net weight of relay unit : approx. 2.3 kg	Output			Make		. ,	
Capacity Carry 1.5 A, continuously For signaling and self-diagnosis output Make and Break 500 VA (cosφ= 0.4), 60W (L/R = 0.007 s) Max. current 5 A Max. voltage 380VAC, 125VDC Phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) Zero-phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) Auxiliary power supply circuit For 100VDC: approx. 5 W (approx. 7W including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 8W including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) Net weight of relay unit : approx. 2.3 kg			Capacity	Break		- ,	
Burden Auxiliary power supply circuit Make and Break 500 VA (cosφ= 0.4), 60W (L/R = 0.007 s) Burden Max. current 5 A Auxiliary power supply circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) For 100VDC: approx. 5 W (approx. 7W including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) Net weight of relay unit : approx. 2.3 kg		Capacity		Carry			
Burden self-diagnosis output Max. current 5 A Max. voltage 380VAC, 125VDC Burden Phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) Zero-phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) For 100VDC: approx. 5 W (approx. 7W including communication card) For 100VAC: approx. 7 VA (approx. 9VA including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) Mass Net weight of relay unit : approx. 2.3 kg					500 VA (cosφ= 0.4	+),	
Max. current 5 A Max. voltage 380VAC, 125VDC Phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) Zero-phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) Burden Auxiliary power supply circuit For 100VDC: approx. 5 W (approx. 7W including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 9VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) Mass Net weight of relay unit : approx. 2.3 kg				Make and Break			
Burden Max. voltage 380VAC, 125VDC Burden Phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) Burden Zero-phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) Auxiliary power supply circuit For 100VDC: approx. 5 W (approx. 7W including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 9VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) Mass			-	Max. current	5 A		
Zero-phase circuit 0.5 VA or less (with rated current) Burden Auxiliary power supply circuit For 100VDC: approx. 5 W (approx. 7W including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 7 VA (approx. 9VA including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 8W including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) Mass Net weight of relay unit : approx. 2.3 kg			output	Max. voltage			
Burden For 100VDC: approx. 5 W (approx. 7W including communication card) Auxiliary power supply circuit For 100VAC: approx. 7 VA (approx. 9VA including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 8W including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) Mass		Phas	e circuit	0.5 VA or less (with	h rated current)		
Burden For 100VDC: approx. 5 W (approx. 7W including communication card) Auxiliary power supply circuit For 100VAC: approx. 7 VA (approx. 9VA including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 8W including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) Mass		Zero-pł	ase circuit				
Auxiliary power supply circuit For 100VAC : approx. 7 VA (approx. 9VA including communication card) For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 8W including communication card) For 220VAC : approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) Mass	Burdon	·					
For 220VDC: approx. 6 W (approx. 8W including communication card) For 220VAC: approx. 12 VA(approx. 14VA including communication card) Mass Net weight of relay unit : approx. 2.3 kg	Buluen	Austiliantener		For 100VAC: approx. 7 VA (approx. 9VA including communication card)			
Mass Net weight of relay unit : approx. 2.3 kg		Auxiliary pow	er supply circuit				
Mass				For 220VAC: app	rox. 12 VA(approx.	14VA including com	nmunication card)
Including case : approx. 3.0 kg		Maee				-	
		101235		-		x. 3.0 kg	
Case/cover Size : D1 type Color : N1.5		Case/cov	er		• •		

*21 When an uninterruptible AC power source is not provided in your system for the auxiliary supply voltage, use the type B-T1 back up power supply or commercially available uninterruptible power supply (UPS).

Type B-T1 back up power supply unit can be applied for DASH series protection relay with 100V \sim 200V auxiliary power supply voltage rating only.

In addition, the power supply duration of the type B-T1 back up power supply is confirmed about 2 seconds in combination with one MELPRO-D series relay. Therefore, in the case that the required power supply duration after power source loss exceeds 2 seconds, please use a suitable commercial uninterruptible power supply.

When the power supply back up for the control power supply of a circuit breaker is required, it is necessary to prepare the backup power supply different from the type B-T1 back up power supply.

2.2 Protective elements

Style	Relay wi	nout RS232C I/F	306PMB	307PMB	308PMB	309PMB
Style	Relay w	Relay with RS232C I/F		504PMB	505PMB	506PMB
		Operation current	LOCK - 1 ~ 12A (0.1A step)			
Setting		Operation time multiplier		0.25 - 0.5 ~	50 (0.5 step)	
	Time-delayed Operation time characteristics Reset time	•	Normal inverse time-lag×3, Very inverse time-lag×2, Extremely			
		characteristics	inverse time-lag×3, Long inverse time-lag×3, Definite time-lag			nite time-lag
*24		Inverse, definite time-lag ×2				
	characteristics					
	Instantaneous	Operation current		LOCK - 2 ~ 8	30A (1A step)	
	Instantaneous	Operation time		INST - 0.1 ~ 0.5 s (0.1 s step)		
	Forced or	peration	Forced operation is available for any trip or signaling contact individual			ntact individually.
	Operation i	ndication	Operation indicator LED (red) comes on when the relay operates.			operates.

2.3 Measurement elements

Ct.	do	Relay witho	ut RS232C I/F	306PMB	307PMB	308PMB	309PMB						
Sty	Style Relay with RS232		RS232C I/F	503PMB	504PMB	505PMB	506PMB						
			5-10-12-12.5-15-2	0-25-30-40-	1-5-10-12-12.5-15	-20-25-30-40-							
*24				50-60-75-80-100-1	120-125-150-	50-60-75-80-100-1	20-125-150-						
		CT primon	ourront	200-250-300-400-	500-600-750-	200-250-300-400-	500-600-750-						
Option		CT primary	current	800-1000-1200-12	250-1500-2000-	800-1000-1200-12	250-1500-2000-						
ō				2500-3000-4000-5	5000-6000-7500-	2500-3000-4000-5	000-6000-7500-						
			8000[A]		8000[A]								
		Conversion	Indication value = Relay input value		Indication value = Relay input value								
		Deal time		×CT primary setting / 5		×CT primary setting							
		Real time	Range *22	0.00 ~ CT primary setting ×2 [A]									
~	Upda		Update	Approx. 200 ms									
Display	eni	Max. record		ent	ent			ent	Conversion	Indication value =	Relay input value	Indication value =	Relay input value
Dis	urr		Conversion	×CT primary settin	ig / 5	×CT primary settir	ng						
	0		Range *22	0.00 ~ CT primary	setting ×2 [A]								
		Coult record		Indication value =	Relay input value	Indication value =	Relay input value						
		Fault record *23	Conversion	×CT primary settin	ig / 5	×CT primary settir	ng						
		23	Range *22	0.00 ~ CT primary	setting ×40 [A]								

*22 The form of display depends on value range as shown in the tables below:

CT primary setting value determines the minimum number of digits to be displayed on each measurement display. When a value to be displayed exceeds the max. value of the display range, the max. value will blink.

CT primary setting		1[A]	5 ~ 40[A]	50 ~ 400[A]	500 ~ 4000[A]	5000 ~ 8000[A]	
	0.00 ~ 9.99[A]	□.□□[A]	□.□[A]	□[A]	-	-	
display	10.0 ~ 99.9[A]	□□.□[A]	□□.□[A]	□□[A]	□.□□ [kA]	-	
dis	100 ~ 999[A]	[A]	[A]	[A]	□.□□ [kA]	□.□[kA]	
n of	1.00 ~ 9.99[kA]	□.□□ [kA]	□.□□ [kA]	□.□□[kA]	□.□□ [kA]	□.□[kA]	
Form	10.0 ~ 99.9[kA]	□□.□[kA]	□□.□ [kA]	□□.□ [kA]	□□.□ [kA]	□□.□[kA]	
	100 ~ 999[kA]	[kA]	[kA]	[kA]	[kA]	□□□ [kA]	

When a communication card is connected, waveform data in the event of system fault can be read. *23 (See the section 4 "Function"). When the product is shipped from the factory, each setting value is "Lock" (With lock setting element) or "minimum

*24 setting value" (Without lock setting element).

3 Characteristics

	(1) Rated frequency: ±1%	The conditions shown on the left
Common conditions	(2) Ambient temperature: 20°C±10°C	should be applied unless otherwise
	(3) Aux. supply voltage: Rated voltage±2%	specified.

3.1 Protective elements

	ms	Conditions	Guaranteed performance
Operation value	Time-delayed element	(Common conditions)	 For setting of 1.0 ~ 2.0A (5A rating product) For setting of 0.2 ~ 0.4A (1A rating product) Setting value ±10% For setting of other range Setting value ±5%
	Instantaneous element		Setting value ±10%
Reset value	Time-delayed element	(Common conditions)	 For setting of 1.0 ~ 2.0A (5A rating product) For setting of 0.2 ~ 0.4A (1A rating product) Operation value× 90% or more For setting of other range Operation value× 95% or more
	Instantaneous element		Operation value× 95% or more
Time-delaye Operation time		Operation setting: Minimum, Operation time multiplier: 10 Input: 0 → Operation setting×300, 500, 1000 %	See Figures 3.1 and 3.2. See Tables 3.1 to 3.12.
	Instantaneous element	Operation setting: Minimum Input: 0 \rightarrow 200% of setting	Setting value ±25ms INST = 40 ms or less.
Reset time	Time-delayed element	300% of setting \rightarrow 0 [A]	See Figure 3.3 and Table 3.13.
	Instantaneous element	300% of setting \rightarrow 0 [A]	200msec±25msec
Overshoot characteristic	Time-delayed element	Time-delayed operation value: Minimum Operation time multiplier : 10 Operation characteristics : All Input current : 0A → Setting value×1000%	No-operation limit time / operation time = 90% or more

3.2 Measurement elements

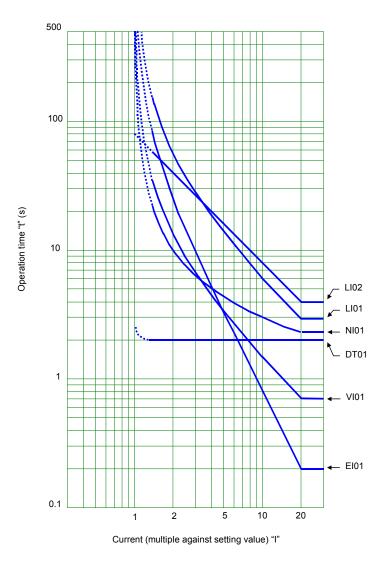
Items	Condition	Guaranteed performance
Real time and max. records	CT primary setting×2	±1%

3.3 Common technical data

	ITEM	DESCRIPTION	CONDITION	STANDARD
	Ambient operating temperature	-10°C to +55°C		IEC60255-6
Environment	Ambient storage and transport temperature	-25°C to +70°C		IEC60255-6
	Damp heat	+40°C, 95%RH, 4 days		IEC60068-2-3
Thermal	VT	1.15Vn, 3h		
withstand	СТ	40In, 1s		
	Circuit of 60V or below	500VAC, 1min.	 Between each circuit and the exposed conductive parts, the terminals of 	
Dielectric test	Circuit of more than 60V and 500v or below	2000VAC 1min.	 each independent circuit being connected together 2) Between independent circuits, the terminals of each independent circuit being connected together 	IEC60255-5
	Open contact	1000VAC, 1min.	Between open contact poles	
Impulse voltage test		5kV, 1.2µs/50µs	 Between each circuit and the exposed conductive parts, the terminals of each independent circuit being connected together Between independent circuits, the terminals of each independent circuit being connected together 	IEC60255-5
High-frequency disturbance test	Common mode	2.5kV peak, 1MHz with 200Ω source impedance for 2s	Between independent circuits, and between independent circuit and earth	IEC60255-22-1 class 3
	Differential mode	1.0kV peak, 1MHz with 200Ω source impedance for 2s	Across terminals of the same circuit	
Electrostatic dis	charge test	8kV 15kV	Contact discharge Air discharge	IEC60255-22-2 Class 4
Radiated el disturbance test	ectromagnetic field	68 to 87Mhz 146 to 174MHz 420 to 470MHz		IEC60255-22-3 class 3
Fast transient d	isturbance test	2.0kV, 5ns/50ns, 1min		IEC60255-22-4
Vibration test		Refer to class 1		IEC60255-21-1 Class 1
Shock response		Refer to class 2		IEC60255-21-2 Class 2
Shock withstand	1	Refer to class 1		IEC60255-21-2 Class 1
Bump		Refer to class 1		IEC60255-21-2 Class 1
Enclosure prote	ction	IP51		IEC60529

Vn: Rated voltage, In: Rated current

12 types of operation time characteristics and 3 types of reset time characteristics as shown in Figures 3.1 to 3.3 are integrated in both of the phase fault and earth fault time-delayed elements.



NI01: Normal inverse time-delayed characteristic

$$t = \frac{0.14}{I^{0.02} - 1} \times \frac{M}{10}(s)$$

VI01: Very inverse time-delayed characteristic $t = \frac{13.5}{I-1} \times \frac{M}{10}(s)$

EI01: Extremely inverse time-delayed characteristic

$$t = \frac{80}{l^2 - 1} \times \frac{M}{10}(s)$$

LI01: Long inverse time-delayed characteristic

$$t = \frac{54}{1-1} \times \frac{M}{10}(s)$$

LI02: Long inverse time-delayed characteristic $t = \frac{80}{I} \times \frac{M}{10}(s)$

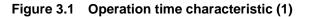
DT01: Definite time-delayed characteristic

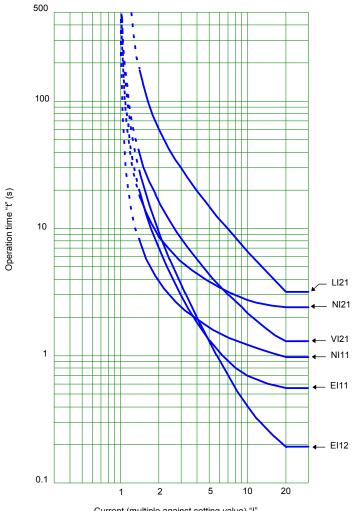
$$t=2\times\frac{M}{10}(s)$$

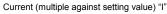
t : Operation time (s)

I : Multiple of input current against setting value (times)

M : Operation time multiplier (times)







 $t = \left(\frac{0.0515}{1^{0.02} - 1} + 0.114\right) \times \frac{M}{10}(s)$

NI11: Normal inverse time-delayed characteristic

EI11: Extremely inverse time-delayed characteristic

$$t = \left(\frac{19.61}{l^2 - 1} + 0.491\right) \times \frac{M}{10}(s)$$

EI12: Extremely inverse time-delayed characteristic

$$t = \left(\frac{28.2}{l^2 - 1} + 0.1217\right) \times \frac{M}{10}(s)$$

NI21: Normal inverse time-delayed characteristic

$$t = \left(\frac{2.4}{1^{0.4} - 1} + 1.2\right) \times \frac{M}{10}(s)$$

VI21: Very inverse time-delayed characteristic

$$\mathbf{t} = \left(\frac{16}{1 - 1} + 0.4\right) \times \frac{M}{10}(\mathbf{s})$$

LI21: Long inverse time-delayed characteristic $t = \frac{60}{I-1} \times \frac{M}{10}(s)$

t : Operation time (s)

I : Multiple of input current against setting value (times)

M : Operation time multiplier (times)

Figure 3.2 Operation time characteristic (2)

. . .

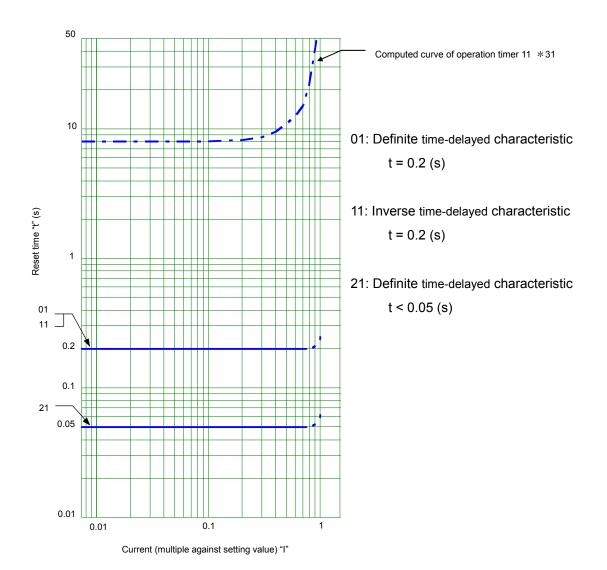


Figure 3.3 Reset time characteristic

*31 Inverse time-delayed characteristic for resetting

Following the principle of resetting an electromagnetic mechanical type induction disc, the inverse time-delayed characteristic given by the equation below is used for computing the reset time of the internal operation timer, although the output contact will be reset after a definite period of time (0.2 s). The inverse time-delayed characteristic may be useful for detecting recurrent overload, which typically occurs in starting a motor. For further information, see the section 4 "Functions".

$$t_r = \frac{8}{1-l^2} \times \frac{M}{10}(s)$$

Table 3.1 Operation time range for Normal inverse time-delayed characteristic (NI01)
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---

Operation time		Input	
multiplier (M)	300%	500%	1000%
0.25	0.158 ± 5.50%	0.107 ± 3.75%	0.074 ± 3.75%
0.23	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.504	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.267	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.186
0.5	0.315 ± 5.67%	0.214 ± 3.83%	0.149 ± 3.83%
0.5	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.672	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.378	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.262
1	0.630 ± 6.00%	0.428 ± 4.00%	0.297 ± 4.00%
I	0.252 ~ 1.008	0.257 ~ 0.599	0.178 ~ 0.416
4 5	0.945 ± 6.33%	0.642 ± 4.17%	0.446 ± 4.17%
1.5	0.546 ~ 1.344	0.464 ~ 0.820	0.322 ~ 0.569
-	1.260 ± 6.67%	0.856 ± 4.33%	0.594 ± 4.33%
2	0.840 ~ 1.681	0.670 ~ 1.041	0.465 ~ 0.723
0.5	1.575 ± 7.00%	1.070 ± 4.50%	0.743 ± 4.50%
2.5	1.134 ~ 2.017	0.877 ~ 1.263	0.609 ~ 0.876
2	1.891 ± 7.33%	1.284 ± 4.67%	0.891 ± 4.67%
3	1.428 ~ 2.353	1.084 ~ 1.484	0.753 ~ 1.030
3.5	2.206 ± 7.67%	1.498 ± 4.83%	1.040 ± 4.83%
5.5	1.723 ~ 2.689	1.291 ~ 1.705	0.896 ~ 1.183
4	2.521 ± 8.00%	1.712 ± 5.00%	1.188 ± 5.00%
7	2.017 ~ 3.025	1.498 ~ 1.926	1.040 ~ 1.337
4.5	2.836 ± 8.33%	1.926 ± 5.17%	1.337 ± 5.17%
4.5	2.311 ~ 3.361	1.705 ~ 2.147	1.183 ~ 1.490
5	3.151 ± 8.67%	2.140 ± 5.33%	1.485 ± 5.33%
5	2.605 ~ 3.697	1.912 ~ 2.368	1.327 ~ 1.644
6	3.781 ± 9.33%	2.568 ± 5.67%	1.782 ± 5.67%
0	3.193 ~ 4.369	2.325 ~ 2.810	1.614 ~ 1.951
7	4.411 ± 10.00%	2.996 ± 6.00%	2.079 ± 6.00%
ľ	3.781 ~ 5.042	2.739 ~ 3.253	1.901 ~ 2.258
8	5.042 ± 10.67%	3.424 ± 6.33%	2.376 ± 6.33%
0	4.369 ~ 5.714	3.153 ~ 3.695	2.188 ~ 2.565
9	5.672 ± 11.33%	3.852 ± 6.67%	2.674 ± 6.67%
9	4.958 ~ 6.386	3.566 ~ 4.137	2.475 ~ 2.872
10	6.302 ± 12.00%	4.280 ± 7.00%	2.971 ± 7.00%
10	5.546 ~ 7.058	3.980 ~ 4.579	2.763 ~ 3.179
15	9.453 ± 12.00%	6.420 ± 7.00%	4.456 ± 7.00%
10	8.319 ~ 10.587	5.970 ~ 6.869	4.144 ~ 4.768
20	12.604 ± 12.00%	8.559 ± 7.00%	5.941 ± 7.00%
20	11.091 ~ 14.116	7.960 ~ 9.159	5.525 ~ 6.357
30	18.906 ± 12.00%	12.839 ± 7.00%	8.912 ± 7.00%
	16.637 ~ 21.174	11.940 ~ 13.738	8.288 ~ 9.536
40	25.208 ± 12.00%	17.119 ± 7.00%	11.882 ± 7.00%
	22.183 ~ 28.233	15.921 ~ 18.317	$11.051 \sim 12.714$
50	31.510 ± 12.00% 27.728 ~ 35.291	21.399 ± 7.00% 19.901 ~ 22.897	14.853 ± 7.00% 13.813 ~ 15.893

	I		Unit: s
Operation time	0000/	Input	40000/
multiplier (M)	300%	500%	1000%
0.25	0.169 ± 5.50%	0.084 ± 3.75%	0.038 ± 3.75%
	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.540	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.211	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.094
0.5	0.338 ± 5.67%	0.169 ± 3.83%	0.075 ± 3.83%
	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.720	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.298	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.133
1	0.675 ± 6.00%	0.338 ± 4.00%	0.150 ± 4.00%
	0.270 ~ 1.080	0.203 ~ 0.473	0.090 ~ 0.210
1.5	1.013 ± 6.33%	0.506 ± 4.17%	0.225 ± 4.17%
1.5	0.585 ~ 1.440	0.366 ~ 0.647	0.163 ~ 0.288
2	1.350 ± 6.67%	0.675 ± 4.33%	0.300 ± 4.33%
2	0.900 ~ 1.800	0.529 ~ 0.821	0.235 ~ 0.365
2.5	1.688 ± 7.00%	0.844 ± 4.50%	0.375 ± 4.50%
2.5	1.215 ~ 2.160	0.692 ~ 0.996	0.308 ~ 0.443
3	2.025 ± 7.33%	1.013 ± 4.67%	0.450 ± 4.67%
5	1.530 ~ 2.520	0.855 ~ 1.170	0.380 ~ 0.520
3.5	2.363 ± 7.67%	1.181 ± 4.83%	0.525 ± 4.83%
0.0	1.845 ~ 2.880	1.018 ~ 1.344	0.453 ~ 0.598
4	2.700 ± 8.00%	1.350 ± 5.00%	0.600 ± 5.00%
Ŧ	2.160 ~ 3.240	1.181 ~ 1.519	0.525 ~ 0.675
4.5	3.038 ± 8.33%	1.519 ± 5.17%	0.675 ± 5.17%
4.5	2.475 ~ 3.600	1.344 ~ 1.693	0.598 ~ 0.753
5	3.375 ± 8.67%	1.688 ± 5.33%	0.750 ± 5.33%
	2.790 ~ 3.960	1.508 ~ 1.868	0.670 ~ 0.830
6	4.050 ± 9.33%	2.025 ± 5.67%	0.900 ± 5.67%
0	3.420 ~ 4.680	1.834 ~ 2.216	0.815 ~ 0.985
7	4.725 ± 10.00%	2.363 ± 6.00%	1.050 ± 6.00%
1	4.050 ~ 5.400	2.160 ~ 2.565	0.960 ~ 1.140
8	5.400 ± 10.67%	2.700 ± 6.33%	1.200 ± 6.33%
0	4.680 ~ 6.120	2.486 ~ 2.914	1.105 ~ 1.295
0	6.075 ± 11.33	3.038 ± 6.67%	1.350 ± 6.67%
9	5.310 ~ 6.840	2.813 ~ 3.263	1.250 ~ 1.450
10	6.750 ± 12.00%	3.375 ± 7.00%	1.500 ± 7.00%
10	5.940 ~ 7.560	3.139 ~ 3.611	1.395 ~ 1.605
45	10.125 ± 12.00%	5.063 ± 7.00%	2.250 ± 7.00%
15	8.910~ 11.340	4.708 ~ 5.417	2.093 ~ 2.408
	13.500 ± 12.00%	6.750 ± 7.00%	3.000 ± 7.00%
20	11.880~ 15.120	6.278 ~ 7.223	2.790 ~ 6.357
20	20.250 ± 12.00%	10.125 ± 7.00%	4.500 ± 7.00%
30	17.820 ~ 22.680	9.416 ~ 10.834	4.185 ~ 4.815
40	27.000 ± 12.00%	13.500 ± 7.00%	6.000 ± 7.00%
40	23.760 ~ 30.240	12.555 ~ 14.445	5.580 ~ 6.420
50	33.750 ± 12.00%	16.875 ± 7.00%	7.500 ± 7.00%
50	29.700 ~ 37.800	15.694 ~ 18.056	6.975 ~ 8.025

Table 3.2 Operation time range for Very inverse time-delayed characteristic (VI01)

			Unit: s
Operation time		Input	
multiplier (M)	300%	500%	1000%
0.25	0.250 ± 5.50%	0.083 ± 3.75%	0.020 ± 0.05
	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.800	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.208	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.070
0.5	$0.500 \pm 5.67\%$	0.167 ± 3.83%	0.040 ± 0.05
0.0	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 1.067	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.294	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.090
1	1.000 ± 6.00%	0.333 ± 4.00%	0.081 ± 0.05
I	0.400 ~ 1.600	0.200 ~ 0.467	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.131
1 5	1.500 ± 6.33%	0.500 ± 4.17%	0.121 ± 0.05
1.5	0.867~ 2.133	0.361 ~ 0.639	0.071 ~ 0.171
0	2.000 ± 6.67%	0.667 ± 4.33%	0.162 ± 0.05
2	1.333 ~ 2.667	0.522 ~ 0.811	0.112 ~ 0.212
0.5	2.500 ± 7.00%	0.833 ± 4.50%	0.202 ± 0.05
2.5	1.800 ~ 3.200	0.683 ~ 0.983	0.152 ~ 0.252
2	3.000 ± 7.33%	1.000 ± 4.67%	0.242 ± 0.05
3	2.267 ~ 3.733	0.844 ~ 1.156	0.192 ~ 0.292
3.5	3.500 ± 7.67%	1.167 ± 4.83%	0.283 ± 0.05
3.5	2.733 ~ 4.267	1.006 ~ 1.328	0.233 ~ 0.333
4	4.000 ± 8.00%	1.333 ± 5.00%	0.323 ± 0.05
4	3.200 ~ 4.800	1.167 ~ 1.500	0.273 ~ 0.373
4 5	4.500 ± 8.33%	1.500 ± 5.17%	0.364 ± 0.05
4.5	3.667 ~ 5.333	1.328~ 1.672	0.314 ~ 0.414
5	5.000 ± 8.67%	1.667 ± 5.33%	0.404 ± 0.05
5	4.133 ~ 5.867	1.489 ~ 1.844	0.354 ~ 0.454
6	6.000 ± 9.33%	2.000 ± 5.67%	0.485 ± 0.05
0	5.067 ~ 6.933	1.811 ~ 2.189	0.435 ~ 0.535
7	7.000 ± 10.00%	2.333 ± 6.00%	0.566 ± 0.05
7	6.000 ~ 8.000	2.133 ~ 2.533	0.516 ~ 0.616
0	8.000 ± 10.67%	2.667 ± 6.33%	0.646 ± 6.33%
8	6.933 ~ 9.067	2.456 ~ 2.878	0.595 ~ 0.698
٥	9.000 ± 11.33%	3.000 ± 6.67%	0.727 ± 6.67%
9	7.867 ~ 10.133	2.778 ~ 3.222	0.673 ~ 0.781
10	10.000 ± 12.00%	3.333 ± 7.00%	0.808 ± 7.00%
10	8.800 ~ 11.200	3.100 ~ 3.567	0.752 ~ 0.865
4 6	15.000 ± 12.00%	5.000 ± 7.00%	1.212 ± 7.00%
15	13.200 ~ 16.800	4.650 ~ 5.350	1.127 ~ 1.297
00	20.000 ± 12.00%	6.667 ± 7.00%	1.616 ± 7.00%
20	17.600 ~ 22.400	6.200 ~ 7.133	1.503 ~ 1.729
20	30.000 ± 12.00%	10.000 ± 7.00%	2.424 ± 7.00%
30	26.400 ~ 33.600	9.300 ~ 10.700	2.255 ~ 2.594
40	40.000 ± 12.00%	13.333 ± 7.00%	3.232 ± 7.00%
+0	35.200 ~ 44.800	12.400 ~ 14.267	3.006 ~ 3.459
50	50.000 ± 12.00%	16.667 ± 7.00%	4.040 ± 7.00%
	44.000 ~ 56.000	15.500 ~ 17.833	3.758 ~ 4.323

Table 3.3 Operation time range for Extremely inverse time-delayed characteristic (EI01)

_			Unit: s
Operation time		Input	
multiplier (M)	300%	500%	1000%
0.25	0.675 ± 5.50%	0.338 ± 3.75%	0.150 ± 3.75%
0.20	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 2.160	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.844	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.375
0.5	1.350 ± 5.67%	0.675 ± 3.83%	0.300 ± 3.83%
0.0	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 2.880	0.158 ~ 1.193	0.070 ~ 0.530
1	2.700 ± 6.00%	1.350 ± 4.00%	0.600 ± 4.00%
	1.080 ~ 4.320	0.158 ~ 1.890	0.360 ~ 0.840
1.5	4.050 ± 6.33%	2.025 ± 4.17%	0.900 ± 4.17%
1.5	2.340 ~ 5.760	1.463 ~ 2.588	0.650 ~ 1.150
2	5.400 ± 6.67%	2.700 ± 4.33%	1.200 ± 4.33%
2	3.600 ~ 7.200	2.115 ~ 3.285	0.940 ~ 1.460
2.5	6.750 ± 7.00%	3.375 ± 4.50%	1.500 ± 4.50%
2.0	4.860 ~ 8.640	2.768 ~ 3.983	1.230 ~ 1.770
3	8.100 ± 7.33%	4.050 ± 4.67%	1.800 ± 4.67%
5	6.120 ~ 10.080	3.420 ~ 4.680	1.520 ~ 2.080
3.5	9.450 ± 7.67%	4.725 ± 4.83%	2.100 ± 4.83%
5.5	7.380 ~ 11.520	4.073 ~ 5.378	1.810 ~ 2.390
4	10.800 ± 8.00%	5.400 ± 5.00%	2.400 ± 5.00%
4	8.640 ~ 12.960	4.725 ~ 6.075	2.100 ~ 2.700
4.5	12.150 ± 8.33%	6.075 ± 5.17%	2.700 ± 5.17%
4.0	9.900 ~ 14.400	5.378 ~ 6.773	2.390 ~ 3.010
5	13.500 ± 8.67%	6.750 ± 5.33%	3.000 ± 5.33%
5	11.160 ~ 15.840	6.030 ~ 7.470	2.680 ~ 3.320
6	16.200 ± 9.33%	8.100 ± 5.67%	3.600 ± 5.67%
0	13.680~ 18.720	7.335 ~ 8.865	3.260 ~ 3.940
7	18.900 ± 10.00%	9.450 ± 6.00%	4.200 ± 6.00%
I	16.200 ~ 21.600	8.640 ~ 10.260	3.840 ~ 4.560
8	21.600 ± 10.67%	10.800 ± 6.33%	4.800 ± 6.33%
0	18.720 ~ 24.480	9.945 ~ 11.655	4.420 ~ 5.180
9	24.300 ± 11.33%	12.150 ± 6.67%	5.400 ± 6.67%
9	24.300 ± 11.33%	12.150 ± 6.67%	5.400 ± 6.67%
10	27.000 ± 12.00%	13.500 ± 7.00%	6.000 ± 7.00%
10	23.760 ~ 30.240	12.555 ~ 14.445	5.580 ~ 6.420
15	40.500 ± 12.00%	20.250 ± 7.00%	9.000 ± 7.00%
15	35.640 ~ 45.360	18.833 ~ 21.668	8.370 ~ 9.630
20	54.000 ± 12.00%	27.000 ± 7.00%	12.000 ± 7.00%
20	47.520 ~ 60.480	25.110 ~ 28.890	11.160~ 12.840
30	81.000 ± 12.00%	40.500 ± 7.00%	18.000 ± 7.00%
50	71.280 ~ 90.720	37.665 ~ 43.335	16.740 ~ 19.260
40	108.00 ± 12.00%	54.000 ± 7.00%	24.000 ± 7.00%
rO	95.040 ~ 120.96	50.220 ~ 57.780	22.320 ~ 25.680
50	135.00 ± 12.00%	67.500 ± 7.00%	30.000 ± 7.00%
	118.80 ~ 151.20	62.775 ~ 72.225	27.900 ~ 32.100

Table 3.4 Operation time range for Long inverse time-delayed characteristic (LI01)

_		-	Unit: s
Operation time		Input	Γ
multiplier (M)	300%	500%	1000%
0.25	0.667 ± 5.50%	0.400 ± 3.75%	0.200 ± 3.75%
0.20	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 2.133	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 1.000	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.500
0.5	1.333 ± 5.67%	0.800 ± 3.83%	0.400 ± 3.83%
0.5	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 2.844	0.187 ~ 1.413	0.093 ~ 0.707
1	2.667 ± 6.00%	1.600 ± 4.00%	0.800 ± 4.00%
I	1.067 ~ 4.267	0.960 ~ 2.240	0.480 ~ 1.120
1.5	4.000 ± 6.33%	2.400 ± 4.17%	1.200 ± 4.17%
1.5	2.311 ~ 5.689	1.733 ~ 3.067	0.867 ~ 1.533
2	5.333 ± 6.67%	3.200 ± 4.33%	1.600 ± 4.33%
Z	3.556 ~ 7.111	2.507 ~ 3.893	1.253 ~ 1.947
2.5	6.667 ± 7.00%	4.000 ± 4.50%	2.000 ± 4.50%
2.5	4.800 ~ 8.533	3.280 ~ 4.720	1.640 ~ 2.360
3	8.000 ± 7.33%	4.800 ± 4.67%	2.400 ± 4.67%
3	6.044 ~ 9.956	4.053 ~ 5.547	2.027 ~ 2.773
3.5	9.333 ± 7.67%	5.600 ± 4.83%	2.800 ± 4.83%
5.5	7.289 ~ 11.378	4.827~ 6.373	2.413 ~ 3.187
4	10.667 ± 8.00%	6.400 ± 5.00%	3.200 ± 5.00%
4	8.533 ~ 12.800	5.600 ~ 7.200	2.800 ~ 3.600
4 E	12.000 ± 8.33%	7.200 ± 5.17%	3.600 ± 5.17%
4.5	9.778 ~ 14.222	6.373 ~ 8.027	3.187 ~ 4.013
5	13.333 ± 8.67%	8.000 ± 5.33%	4.000 ± 5.33%
5	11.022 ~ 15.644	7.147 ~ 8.853	3.573 ~ 4.427
6	16.000 ± 9.33%	9.600 ± 5.67%	4.800 ± 5.67%
0	13.511 ~ 18.489	8.693 ~ 10.507	4.347 ~ 5.253
7	18.667 ± 10.00%	11.200 ± 6.00%	5.600 ± 6.00%
ľ	16.000 ~ 21.333	10.240 ~ 12.160	5.120 ~ 6.080
8	21.333 ± 10.67%	12.800 ± 6.33%	6.400 ± 6.33%
0	18.489 ~ 24.178	11.787 ~ 13.813	5.893~ 6.907
0	24.000 ± 11.33%	14.400 ± 6.67%	7.200 ± 6.67%
9	20.978 ~ 27.022	13.333 ~ 15.467	6.667 ~ 7.733
10	26.667 ± 12.00%	16.000 ± 7.00%	8.000 ± 7.00%
10	23.467 ~ 29.867	14.880 ~ 17.120	7.440 ~ 8.560
15	40.000 ± 12.00%	24.000 ± 7.00%	12.000 ± 7.00%
15	35.200 ~ 44.800	22.320 ~ 25.680	11.160 ~ 12.840
	53.333 ± 12.00%	32.000 ± 7.00%	16.000 ± 7.00%
20	46.933~ 59.733	29.760 ~ 34.240	14.880 ~ 17.120
30	80.000 ± 12.00%	48.000 ± 7.00%	24.000 ± 7.00%
	70.400 ~ 89.600	44.640 ~ 51.360	22.320 ~ 25.680
40	106.67 ± 12.00%	64.000 ± 7.00%	32.000 ± 7.00%
40	93.867 ~ 119.47	59.520 ~ 68.480	29.760 ~ 34.240
50	133.33 ± 12.00%	80.000 ~ 7.00%	40.000 ± 7.00%
50	117.33 ~ 149.33	74.400 ~ 85.600	37.200~ 42.800

Table 3.5 Operation time range for Long inverse time-delayed characteristic (LI02)

	i time range for Definite		Unit: s
Operation time		Input	
multiplier (M)	300%	500%	1000%
0.25	0.050 ± 2.56%	0.050 ± 2.56%	0.050 ± 2.56%
0.25	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.101	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.101	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.101
0.5	0.100 ± 2.63%	0.100 ± 2.63%	0.100 ± 2.63%
0.5	0.048 ~ 0.153	0.048 ~ 0.153	0.048 ~ 0.153
	0.200 ± 2.75%	0.200 ± 2.75%	0.200 ± 2.75%
1	0.145 ~ 0.255	0.145 ~ 0.255	0.145 ~ 0.255
	0.300 ± 2.88%	0.300 ± 2.88%	0.300 ± 2.88%
1.5	0.243 ~ 0.358	0.243 ~ 0.358	0.243 ~ 0.358
•	0.400 ± 3.00%	0.400 ± 3.00%	0.400 ± 3.00%
2	0.340 ~ 0.460	0.340 ~ 0.460	0.340 ~ 0.460
0.5	0.500 ± 3.13%	0.500 ± 3.13%	0.500 ± 3.13%
2.5	0.438 ~ 0.563	0.438 ~ 0.563	0.438 ~ 0.563
0	0.600 ± 3.25%	0.600 ± 3.25%	0.600 ± 3.25%
3	0.535 ~ 0.665	0.535 ~ 0.665	0.535 ~ 0.665
2.5	0.700 ± 3.38%	0.700 ± 3.38%	0.700 ± 3.38%
3.5	0.633 ~ 0.768	0.633 ~ 0.768	0.633 ~ 0.768
4	0.800 ± 3.50%	0.800 ± 3.50%	0.800± 3.50%
4	0.730 ~ 0.870	0.730 ~ 0.870	0.730 ~ 0.870
4.5	0.900 ± 3.63%	0.900 ± 3.63%	0.900 ± 3.63%
4.5	0.828 ~ 0.973	0.828 ~ 0.973	0.828 ~ 0.973
F	1.000 ± 3.75%	1.000 ± 3.75%	1.000 ± 3.75%
5	0.925 ~ 1.075	0.925 ~ 1.075	0.925 ~ 1.075
C	1.200 ± 4.00%	1.200 ± 4.00%	1.200 ± 4.00%
6	1.120 ~ 1.280	1.120 ~ 1.280	1.120 ~ 1.280
7	1.400 ± 4.25%	1.400 ± 4.25%	1.400 ± 4.25%
1	1.315 ~ 1.485	1.315 ~ 1.485	1.315 ~ 1.485
0	1.600 ± 4.50%	1.600 ± 4.50%	1.600 ± 4.50%
8	1.510 ~ 1.690	1.510 ~ 1.690	1.510 ~ 1.690
0	1.800 ± 4.75%	1.800 ± 4.75%	1.800 ± 4.75%
9	1.705 ~ 1.895	1.705 ~ 1.890	1.705 ~ 1.895
10	2.000 ± 5.00%	2.000 ± 5.00%	2.000 ± 5.00%
10	1.900 ~ 2.100	1.900 ~ 2.100	1.900~ 2.100
45	3.000 ± 5.00%	3.000 ± 5.00%	3.000 ± 5.00%
15	2.850 ~ 3.150	2.850 ~ 3.150	2.850 ~ 3.150
20	4.000 ± 5.00%	4.000 ± 5.00%	4.000 ± 5.00%
20	3.800 ~ 4.200	3.800 ~ 4.200	3.800 ~ 4.200
20	6.000 ± 5.00%	6.000 ± 5.00%	6.000 ± 5.00%
30	5.700 ~ 6.300	5.700 ~ 6.300	5.700 ~ 6.300
40	8.000 ± 5.00%	8.000 ± 5.00%	8.000 ± 5.00%
40	7.600 ~ 8.400	7.600 ~ 8.400	7.600 ~ 8.400
50	10.000 ± 5.00%	10.000 ± 5.00%	10.000 ± 5.00%
50	9.500 ~ 10.500	9.500 ~ 10.500	9.500 ~ 10.500

Table 3.6 Operation time range for Definite time-delayed characteristic (DT01)

Operation time		Input	Unit
multiplier (M)	300%	500%	1000%
,	0.061 ± 5.50%	0.042 ± 3.75%	0.030 ± 0.05
0.25	* 0.040 ~ 0.195	* 0.040 ~ 0.106	* 0.040 ~ 0.080
0.5	0.122 ± 5.67%	0.084 ± 3.83%	0.060 ± 0.05
	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.259	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.149	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.110
1	0.243 ± 6.00%	0.169 ± 4.00%	0.121 ± 0.05
•	0.097 ~ 0.389	0.101 ~ 0.236	0.071 ~ 0.171
1.5	0.365 ± 6.33%	0.253 ± 4.17%	0.181 ± 4.17%
1.0	0.211 ~ 0.519	0.183 ~ 0.324	0.131 ~ 0.231
2	0.486 ± 6.67%	0.338 ± 4.33%	0.241 ± 4.33%
2	0.324 ~ 0.649	0.265 ~ 0.411	0.189 ~ 0.294
2.5	0.608 ± 7.00%	0.422 ± 4.50%	0.302 ± 4.50%
2.5	0.438~ 0.778	0.346 ~ 0.498	0.247 ~ 0.356
3	0.730 ± 7.33%	0.506 ± 4.67%	0.362 ± 4.67%
3	0.551 ~ 0.908	0.428 ~ 0.585	0.306 ~ 0.418
3.5	0.851 ± 7.67%	0.591 ± 4.83%	0.422 ± 4.83%
5.5	0.665 ~ 1.038	0.509 ~ 0.673	0.364 ~ 0.481
4	0.973 ± 8.00%	0.675 ± 5.00%	0.483 ± 5.00%
4	0.778 ~ 1.167	0.591 ~ 0.760	0.422 ~ 0.543
4 5	1.094 ± 8.33%	0.760 ± 5.17%	0.543 ± 5.17%
4.5	0.892 ~ 1.297	0.673 ~ 0.847	0.481 ~ 0.605
F	1.216 ± 8.67%	0.844 ± 5.33%	0.603 ± 5.33%
5	1.005 ~ 1.427	0.754 ~ 0.934	0.539 ~ 0.668
0	1.459 ± 9.33%	1.013 ± 5.67%	0.724 ± 5.67%
6	1.232 ~ 1.686	0.917 ~ 1.109	0.656 ~ 0.792
_	1.703 ± 10.00%	1.182 ± 6.00%	0.845 ± 6.00%
7	1.459 ~ 1.946	1.081 ~ 1.283	0.772 ~ 0.917
	1.946 ± 10.67%	1.351 ± 6.33%	0.965 ± 6.33%
8	1.686 ~ 2.205	1.244 ~ 1.458	0.889 ~ 1.042
	2.189 ± 11.33%	1.519 ± 6.67%	1.086 ± 6.67%
9	1.913 ~ 2.465	1.407 ~ 1.632	1.006 ~ 1.167
	2.432 ± 12.00%	1.688 ± 7.00%	1.207 ± 7.00%
10	2.140 ~ 2.724	1.570 ~ 1.807	1.122 ~ 1.291
	3.648 ± 12.00%	$2.532 \pm 7.00\%$	1.810 ± 7.00%
15	3.211 ~ 4.086	2.355 ~ 2.710	1.683 ~ 1.937
	4.864 ± 12.00%	3.377 ± 7.00%	2.414 ± 7.00%
20	4.281 ~ 5.448	3.140 ~ 3.613	2.245 ~ 2.582
	7.297 ± 12.00%	5.065 ± 7.00%	3.620 ± 7.00%
30	6.421~ 8.172	4.710 ~ 5.420	3.367 ~ 3.874
40	9.729 ± 12.00%	6.753 ± 7.00%	4.827 ± 7.00%
40	8.561 ~ 10.896	6.281 ~ 7.226	4.489 ~ 5.165
F 0	12.161 ± 12.00%	8.442 ± 7.00%	6.034 ± 7.00%
50	10.702 ~ 13.620	7.851 ~ 9.033	5.611 ~ 6.456

Table 3.7 Operation time range for Normal inverse time-delayed characteristic (NI11)

			Unit: s
Operation time		Input	
multiplier (M)	300%	500%	1000%
0.25	0.074 ± 5.50%	0.033 ± 0.05	0.017 ± 0.05
	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.235	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.082	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.067
0.5	0.147 ± 5.67%	0.065 ± 3.83%	0.034 ± 0.05
0.0	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.314	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.116	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.084
1	0.294 ± 6.00%	0.131 ± 4.00%	0.069 ± 0.05
I	0.118 ~ 0.471	0.078 ~ 0.183	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.119
1 5	0.441 ± 6.33%	0.196 ± 4.17%	0.103 ± 0.05
1.5	0.255 ~ 0.628	0.142 ~ 0.251	0.053 ~ 0.153
0	0.588 ± 6.67%	0.262 ± 4.33%	0.138 ± 0.05
2	0.392 ~ 0.785	0.205 ~ 0.318	0.088 ~ 0.188
0.5	0.736 ± 7.00%	0.327 ± 4.50%	0.172 ± 0.05
2.5	0.530 ~ 0.942	0.268 ~ 0.386	0.122 ~ 0.222
3	0.883 ± 7.33%	0.392 ± 4.67%	0.207 ± 0.05
3	0.667~ 1.098	0.331~ 0.453	0.157 ~ 0.257
3.5	1.030 ± 7.67%	0.458 ± 4.83%	0.241 ± 0.05
5.5	0.804 ~ 1.255	0.395 ~ 0.521	0.191 ~ 0.291
4	1.177 ± 8.00%	0.523 ± 5.00%	0.276 ± 0.05
4	0.942~ 1.412	0.458 ~ 0.589	0.226 ~ 0.326
4 E	1.324 ± 8.33%	0.589 ± 5.17%	0.310 ± 0.05
4.5	1.079 ~ 1.569	0.521 ~ 0.656	0.260 ~ 0.360
	1.471 ± 8.67%	0.654 ± 5.33%	0.345 ± 0.05
5	1.216 ~ 1.726	0.584 ~ 0.724	0.295 ~ 0.395
0	1.765 ± 9.33%	0.785 ± 5.67%	0.413 ± 0.05
6	1.491~ 2.040	0.711 ~ 0.859	0.363 ~ 0.463
_	2.060 ± 10.00%	0.916 ± 6.00%	0.482 ± 0.05
7	1.765 ~ 2.354	0.837 ~ 0.994	0.432 ~ 0.532
	2.354 ± 10.67%	1.046 ± 6.33%	0.551 ± 0.05
8	2.040 ~ 2.668	0.964 ~ 1.129	0.501 ~ 0.601
	2.648 ± 11.33%	1.177 ± 6.67%	0.620 ± 0.05
9	2.315 ~ 2.981	1.090 ~ 1.264	0.570 ~ 0.670
	2.942 ± 12.00%	1.308 ± 7.00%	0.689 ± 0.05
10	2.589 ~ 3.295	1.217 ~ 1.400	0.639 ~ 0.739
	4.413 ± 12.00%	1.962 ± 7.00%	1.034 ± 7.00%
15	3.884 ~ 4.943	1.825 ~ 2.099	0.961 ~ 1.106
	5.885 ± 12.00%	2.616 ± 7.00%	1.378 ± 7.00%
20	5.178 ~ 6.591	2.433 ~ 2.799	1.282 ~ 1.475
20	8.827 ± 12.00%	3.924 ± 7.00%	2.067 ± 7.00%
30	7.768 ~ 9.886	3.650 ~ 4.199	1.923 ~ 2.212
40	11.769 ± 12.00%	5.232 ± 7.00%	2.756 ± 7.00%
40	10.357 ~ 13.181	4.866 ~ 5.599	2.563 ~ 2.949
50	14.711 ± 12.00%	6.540 ± 7.00%	3.445 ± 7.00%
50	12.946 ~ 16.477	6.083 ~ 6.998	3.204 ~ 3.687

Table 3.8 Operation time range for Extremely inverse time-delayed characteristic (EI11) Unit: s

			Unit: s
Operation time		Input	1
multiplier (M)	300%	500%	1000%
0.25	0.091 ± 5.50%	0.032 ± 0.05	0.010 ± 0.05
0.20	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.292	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.082	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.060
0.5	0.182 ± 5.67%	0.065 ± 3.83%	0.020 ± 0.05
0.5	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.389	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.115	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.070
1	0.365 ± 6.00%	0.130 ± 4.00%	0.041 ± 0.05
I	0.146~ 0.583	0.078 ~ 0.182	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.091
1.5	0.547 ± 6.33%	0.195 ± 4.17%	0.061 ± 0.05
1.5	0.316 ~ 0.778	0.140 ~ 0.249	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.111
2	0.729 ± 6.67%	0.259 ± 4.33%	0.081 ± 0.05
2	0.486 ~ 0.972	0.203 ~ 0.316	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.131
2.5	0.912 ± 7.00%	0.324 ± 4.50%	0.102 ± 0.05
2.0	0.656 ~ 1.167	0.266 ~ 0.383	0.052 ~ 0.152
3	1.094 ± 7.33%	0.389 ± 4.67%	0.122 ± 0.05
	0.827 ~ 1.361	0.328 ~ 0.450	0.072 ~ 0.172
3.5	1.276 ± 7.67%	0.454 ± 4.83%	0.142 ± 0.05
0.0	0.997 ~ 1.556	0.391 ~ 0.517	0.092 ~ 0.192
4	1.459 ± 8.00%	0.519 ± 5.00%	0.163 ± 0.05
т	1.167 ~ 1.750	0.454 ~ 0.584	0.113 ~ 0.213
4.5	1.641 ± 8.33%	0.584 ± 5.17%	0.183 ± 0.05
4.5	1.337 ~ 1.945	0.517 ~ 0.651	0.133 ~ 0.233
5	1.823 ± 8.67%	0.648 ± 5.33%	0.203 ± 0.05
5	1.507 ~ 2.139	0.579 ~ 0.718	0.153 ~ 0.253
6	2.188 ± 9.33%	0.778 ± 5.67%	0.244 ± 0.05
6	1.848 ~ 2.528	0.705 ~ 0.851	0.194 ~ 0.294
7	2.553 ± 10.00%	0.908 ± 6.00%	0.285 ± 0.05
7	2.188 ~ 2.917	0.830 ~ 0.985	0.235 ~ 0.335
•	2.917 ± 10.67%	1.037 ± 6.33%	0.325 ± 0.05
8	2.528 ~ 3.306	0.955 ~ 1.119	0.275 ~ 0.375
	3.282 ± 11.33%	1.167 ± 6.67%	0.366 ± 0.05
9	2.869 ~ 3.695	1.081 ~ 1.253	0.316 ~ 0.416
10	3.647 ± 12.00%	1.297 ± 7.00%	0.407 ± 0.05
10	3.209 ~ 4.084	1.206 ~ 1.387	0.357 ~ 0.457
	5.470 ± 12.00%	1.945 ± 7.00%	0.610 ± 0.05
15	4.814 ~ 6.126	1.809 ~ 2.081	0.560 ~ 0.660
20	7.293 ± 12.00%	2.593 ± 7.00%	0.813 ± 7.00%
20	6.418 ~ 8.169	2.412 ~ 2.775	0.756 ~ 0.870
30	10.940 ± 12.00%	3.890 ± 7.00%	1.220 ± 7.00%
50	9.627 ~ 12.253	3.618 ~ 4.162	1.134 ~ 1.305
40	14.587 ± 12.00%	5.187 ± 7.00%	1.626 ± 7.00%
-10	12.836 ~ 16.337	4.824 ~ 5.550	1.512 ~ 1.740
50	18.234 ± 12.00%	6.484 ± 7.00%	2.033 ± 7.00%
	16.045 ~ 20.422	6.030 ~ 6.937	1.890 ~ 2.175

Table 3.9 Operation time range for Extremely inverse time-delayed characteristic (EI12) Unit: s

Table 3.10 Operation time range for Normal inverse time-delayed characteristic (NI21)

U	nit:	s
U	ιnι.	3

Operation time		Input	Unit: s
multiplier (M)	300%	500%	1000%
,	0.139 ± 5.50%	0.096 ± 3.75%	0.070 ± 3.75%
0.25	* 0.040 ~ 0.444	* 0.040 ~ 0.241	* 0.040 ~ 0.174
	0.277 ± 5.67%	0.193 ± 3.83%	0.139 ± 3.83%
0.5	* 0.040 ~ 0.592	0.045 ~ 0.341	* 0.040 ~ 0.246
	$0.555 \pm 6.00\%$	$0.386 \pm 4.00\%$	0.279 ± 4.00%
1	0.222 ~ 0.888	0.231 ~ 0.540	0.167 ~ 0.390
1.5	0.832 ± 6.33%	0.578 ± 4.17%	0.418 ± 4.17%
	0.481 ~ 1.184	0.418 ~ 0.739	0.302 ~ 0.534
2	1.110 ± 6.67%	0.771 ± 4.33%	0.557 ± 4.33%
	0.740 ~ 1.480	0.604 ~ 0.938	0.437 ~ 0.678
2.5	1.387 ± 7.00% 0.999 ~ 1.776	0.964 ± 4.50% 0.790 ~ 1.137	0.697 ± 4.50% 0.571 ~ 0.822
	$1.665 \pm 7.33\%$	1.157 ± 4.67%	$0.836 \pm 4.67\%$
3	1.258 ~ 2.072	0.977 ~ 1.337	0.706 ~ 0.966
	1.942 ± 7.67%	$1.350 \pm 4.83\%$	0.976 ± 4.83%
3.5	1.517 ~ 2.368	1.163 ~ 1.536	0.841 ~ 1.110
	2.220 ± 8.00%	1.542 ± 5.00%	1.115 ± 5.00%
4	1.776 ~ 2.664	1.350 ~ 1.735	0.976 ~ 1.254
	2.497 ± 8.33%	1.735 ± 5.17%	1.254 ± 5.17%
4.5	2.035 ~ 2.959	1.536 ~ 1.934	1.110 ~ 1.398
	2.775 ± 8.67%	1.928 ± 5.33%	1.394 ± 5.33%
5	2.294 ~ 3.255	1.722 ~ 2.134	1.245 ~ 1.542
	3.329 ± 9.33%	2.314 ± 5.67%	1.672 ± 5.67%
6	2.812 ~ 3.847	2.095 ~ 2.532	1.514 ~ 1.830
	3.884 ± 10.00%	2.699 ± 6.00%	1.951 ± 6.00%
7	3.329 ~ 4.439	2.468 ~ 2.930	1.784 ~ 2.118
	4.439 ± 10.67%	3.085 ± 6.33%	2.230 ± 6.33%
8	3.847 ~ 5.031	2.841 ~ 3.329	2.053 ~ 2.406
	4.994 ± 11.33%	3.470 ± 6.67%	2.509 ± 6.67%
9	4.365 ~ 5.623	3.213 ~ 3.727	2.323 ~ 2.695
	5.549 ± 12.00%	3.856 ± 7.00%	2.787 ± 7.00%
10	4.883 ~ 6.215	3.586 ~ 4.126	2.592 ~ 2.983
	8.324 ± 12.00%	5.784 ± 7.00%	4.181 ± 7.00%
15	7.325 ~ 9.322	5.379 ~ 6.189	3.888 ~ 4.474
20	11.098 ± 12.00%	7.712 ± 7.00%	5.575 ± 7.00%
20	9.766 ~ 12.430	7.172 ~ 8.252	5.185 ~ 5.965
30	16.647 ± 12.00%	11.568 ± 7.00%	8.362 ± 7.00%
	14.649 ~ 18.645	10.758 ~ 12.377	7.777 ~ 8.948
40	22.196 ± 12.00%	15.424 ± 7.00%	11.150 ± 7.00%
10	19.533 ~ 24.860	14.344 ~ 16.503	10.369 ~ 11.930
50	27.745 ± 12.00%	19.279 ± 7.00%	13.937 ± 7.00%
	24.416 ~ 31.075	17.930 ~ 20.629	12.962 ~ 14.913

			Unit: s
Operation time		Input	I
multiplier (M)	300%	500%	1000%
0.25	0.210 ± 5.50%	0.110 ± 3.75%	0.054 ± 3.75%
	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.672	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.275	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.136
0.5	0.420 ± 5.67%	0.220 ± 3.83%	0.109 ± 3.83%
	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.896	0.051 ~ 0.389	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 0.192
1	0.840 ± 6.00%	0.440 ± 4.00%	0.218 ± 4.00%
I	0.336 ~ 1.344	0.264 ~ 0.616	0.131 ~ 0.305
1.5	1.260 ± 6.33%	0.660 ± 4.17%	0.327 ± 4.17%
1.5	0.728 ~ 1.792	0.477 ~ 0.843	0.236 ~ 0.417
2	1.680 ± 6.67%	0.880 ± 4.33%	0.436 ± 4.33%
2	1.120 ~ 2.240	0.689 ~ 1.071	0.341 ~ 0.530
2.5	2.100 ± 7.00%	1.100 ± 4.50%	0.544 ± 4.50%
2.5	1.512 ~ 2.688	0.902 ~ 1.298	0.446 ~ 0.642
3	2.520 ± 7.33%	1.320 ± 4.67%	0.653 ± 4.67%
5	1.904 ~ 3.136	1.115 ~ 1.525	0.552 ~ 0.755
3.5	2.940 ± 7.67%	1.540 ± 4.83%	0.762 ± 4.83%
0.0	2.296 ~ 3.584	1.327 ~ 1.753	0.657 ~ 0.867
4	3.360 ± 8.00%	1.760 ± 5.00%	0.871 ± 5.00%
7	2.688 ~ 4.032	1.540 ~ 1.980	0.762 ~ 0.980
4.5	3.780 ± 8.33%	1.980 ± 5.17%	0.980 ± 5.17%
4.5	3.080 ~ 4.480	1.753 ~ 2.207	0.867 ~ 1.093
5	4.200 ± 8.67%	2.200 ± 5.33%	1.089 ± 5.33%
5	3.472 ~ 4.928	1.965 ~ 2.435	0.973 ~ 1.205
0	5.040 ± 9.33%	2.640 ± 5.67%	1.307 ± 5.67%
6	4.256 ~ 5.824	2.391 ~ 2.889	1.183 ~ 1.430
_	5.880 ± 10.00%	3.080 ± 6.00%	1.524 ± 6.00%
7	5.040 ~ 6.720	2.816 ~ 3.344	1.394 ~ 1.655
	6.720 ± 10.67%	3.520 ± 6.33%	1.742 ± 6.33%
8	5.824 ~ 7.616	3.241 ~ 3.799	1.604 ~ 1.880
	7.560 ± 11.33%	3.960 ± 6.67%	1.960 ± 6.67%
9	6.608 ~ 8.512	3.667 ~ 4.253	1.815 ~ 2.105
	8.400 ± 12.00%	4.400 ± 7.00%	2.178 ± 7.00%
10	7.392 ~ 9.408	4.092 ~ 4.708	2.025 ~ 2.330
	12.600 ± 12.00%	6.600 ± 7.00%	3.267 ± 7.00%
15	11.088 ~ 14.112	6.138 ~ 7.062	3.038 ~ 3.495
<u></u>	16.800 ± 12.00%	8.800 ± 7.00%	4.356 ± 7.00%
20	14.784~ 18.816	8.184 ~ 9.416	4.051 ~ 4.660
20	25.200 ± 12.00%	13.200 ± 7.00%	6.533 ± 7.00%
30	22.176 ~ 28.224	12.276 ~ 14.124	6.076 ~ 6.991
40	33.600 ± 12.00%	17.600 ± 7.00%	8.711 ± 7.00%
40	29.568 ~ 37.632	16.368 ~ 18.832	8.101 ~ 9.321
50	42.000 ± 12.00%	22.000 ± 7.00%	10.889 ± 7.00%
	36.960 ~ 47.040	20.460 ~ 23.540	10.127 ~ 11.651

Table 3.11 Operation time range e for Very inverse time-delayed characteristic (VI21) Unit: s

			Unit: s		
Operation time	Input				
multiplier (M)	300%	500%	1000%		
0.05	0.750 ± 5.50%	0.375 ± 3.75%	0.167 ± 3.75%		
0.25	* 0.040 ~ 2.400	* 0.040 ~ 0.938	* 0.040 ~ 0.417		
	1.500 ± 5.67%	0.750 ± 3.83%	0.333 ± 3.83%		
0.5	<u>* 0.040</u> ~ 3.200	0.175 ~ 1.325	0.078 ~ 0.589		
1	3.000 ± 6.00%	1.500 ± 4.00%	0.667 ± 4.00%		
1	1.200 ~ 4.800	0.900 ~ 2.100	0.400 ~ 0.933		
1.5	4.500 ± 6.33%	2.250 ± 4.17%	1.000 ± 4.17%		
1.5	2.600 ~ 6.400	1.625 ~ 2.875	0.722~ 1.278		
2	6.000 ± 6.67%	3.000 ± 4.33%	1.333 ± 4.33%		
2	4.000 ~ 8.000	2.350 ~ 3.650	1.044 ~ 1.622		
2.5	7.500 ± 7.00%	3.750 ± 4.50%	1.667 ± 4.50%		
2.5	5.400 ~ 9.600	3.075 ~ 4.425	1.367 ~ 1.967		
3	9.000 ± 7.33%	4.500 ± 4.67%	2.000 ± 4.67%		
5	6.800 ~ 11.200	3.800 ~ 5.200	1.689 ~ 2.311		
3.5	10.500 ± 7.67%	5.250 ± 4.83%	2.333 ± 4.83%		
5.5	8.200 ~ 12.800	4.525 ~ 5.975	2.011 ~ 2.656		
4	12.000 ± 8.00%	6.000 ± 5.00%	2.667 ± 5.00%		
4	9.600 ~ 14.400	5.250 ~ 6.750	2.333 ~ 3.000		
4 E	13.500 ± 8.33%	6.750 ± 5.17%	3.000 ± 5.17%		
4.5	11.000 ~ 16.000	5.975 ~ 7.525	2.656 ~ 3.344		
5	15.000 ± 8.67%	7.500 ± 5.33%	3.333 ± 5.33%		
5	12.400 ~ 17.600	6.700 ~ 8.300	2.978 ~ 3.689		
6	18.000 ± 9.33%	9.000 ± 5.67%	4.000 ± 5.67%		
0	15.200 ~ 20.800	8.150 ~ 9.850	3.622 ~ 4.378		
7	21.000 ± 10.00%	10.500 ± 6.00%	4.667 ± 6.00%		
7	18.000 ~ 24.000	9.600 ~ 11.400	4.267~ 5.067		
8	24.000 ± 10.67%	12.000 ± 6.33%	5.333 ± 6.33%		
0	20.800 ~ 27.200	11.050 ~ 12.950	4.911 ~ 5.756		
0	27.000 ± 11.33%	13.500 ± 6.67%	6.000 ± 6.67%		
9	23.600 ~ 30.400	12.500 ~ 14.500	5.556 ~ 6.444		
10	30.000 ± 12.00%	15.000 ± 7.00%	6.667 ± 7.00%		
10	26.400 ~ 33.600	13.950 ~ 16.050	6.200 ~ 7.133		
45	45.000 ± 12.00%	22.500 ± 7.00%	10.000 ± 7.00%		
15	39.600 ~ 50.400	20.925 ~ 24.075	9.300 ~ 10.700		
00	60.000 ± 12.00%	30.000 ± 7.00%	13.333 ± 7.00%		
20	52.800 ~ 67.200	27.900 ~ 32.100	12.400 ~ 14.267		
30	90.000 ± 12.00%	45.000 ± 7.00%	20.000 ± 7.00%		
30	79.200 ~ 100.80	41.850 ~ 48.150	18.600 ~ 21.400		
40	120.00 ± 12.00%	60.000 ± 7.00%	26.667 ± 7.00%		
40	105.60 ~ 134.4	55.800 ~ 64.200	24.800 ~ 28.533		
50	150.00 ± 12.00%	75.000 ± 7.00%	33.333 ± 7.00%		
50	132.00 ~ 168.00	69.750 ~ 80.250	31.000 ~ 35.667		

Table 3.12 Operation time range for Long inverse time-delayed characteristic (LI21)

Table 3.13 Reset time characteristic

Input: Setting value×300% →0

	Output contact	Reset of operation timer inside relay
01 : Definite time-delayed (200 ms)	200ms ± 25ms	Immediately
11 : Inverse time-delayed	200ms ± 25ms	Approx. 8 s (for M=10 , I=0)*36
21 : Definite time-delayed (50 ms)	50ms or less	Immediately

Note:

- *32 The numbers "300%", "500%" and "1000%" represent multiples against the current setting.
- *33 The values shown in the upper column of each box in the table represent the theoretical operation time and error limit, and those in the lower column represent the permissible range (see the formula below).

a. Operation time multiplier "M" <u><</u> 10	b. Operation time multiplier "M" > 10
$\varepsilon = \frac{T_{M} - \frac{M}{10} \cdot T_{10}}{T_{10}} \cdot 100$	$\varepsilon = \frac{T_{M} - \frac{M}{10} \cdot T_{10}}{\frac{M}{10} \cdot T_{10}} \cdot 100$

where;

- T_{10} : Nominal operation time for reference operation time setting (M = 10)
- $T_{M}\;\;$: Actual measurement of operation time for operation time setting "M"
- ε : Error (%)
- M : Operation time multiplier

If an error range determined using the formula above is smaller the lower error limit of \pm 50ms, this lower error limit should be used as the error range.

- *34 "40ms" given at the underlined part (marked with "*") in the table indicates the time determined as minimum operation time.
- *35 The table is prepared on the basis of minimum operation setting under normal temperature, and the operation time ranges change as condition varies.
- *36 The elapsed time of reset of the operation timer can be checked through the "Elapse of time-delayed timer (LAPSE) indicator".

4 Functions

4.1 Protection

4.1.1 Overcurrent elements

Fig. 4.1 "Overcurrent element internal function block diagram" shows operation of the overcurrent elements.

The time-delayed element compares input currents with the operation setting in each phase. If an input current is larger than the specified operation level, the element outputs an operation signal when the time-delayed timer expires. The expiring time depends on the input current amount and the setting in the operation time characteristic.

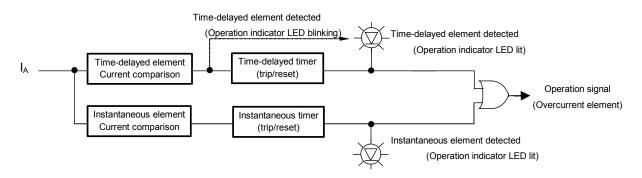


Figure 4.1 Overcurrent element internal function diagram

Like the time-delayed element, the instantaneous element also compares the input current with the operation setting to output an operation signal when a period of time set in the instantaneous timer has elapsed.

4.1.2 General functions

(1) Setting of operation current

The operation current settings for the instantaneous and time-delayed elements are indicated with current values [A].

When the setting "Lock", the elements selected are locked for operation.

(2) Setting of operation time multiplier

This parameter is indicated with a multiplier against the basic operation time characteristic (value for the letter "M" in the operation characteristic formula shown in Figure 3.1).

(3) Setting of operation time characteristic

A time-delayed element includes 11 types of inverse and a type of definite time-delayed characteristics for trip action that meet the requirements specified by IEC60255-3. One of them can be selected by operation time characteristic setting.

Figures 3.1 and 3.2 show the operation time characteristic curves and operation time characteristic formulas.

(4) Setting of reset time characteristic

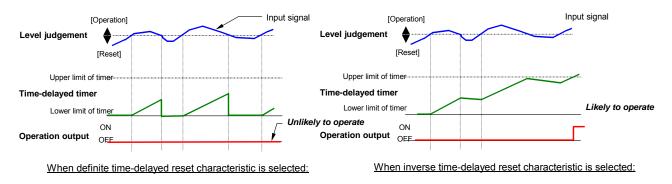
A time-delayed element includes a type of inverse and two types of definite time-delayed characteristics for reset action that meet the requirements specified by IEC60255-3. One of them can be selected by reset time characteristic setting.

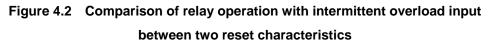
Charact	eristic	Reset when relay input is less than operation setting		Response to
Designation	Symbol	Reset of time-lag timer inside relay	Output contact	intermittent inputs
Definite	01	Quick reset	Definite time-lag of 200ms	Unlikely to
time-lag	21	Quick reset	Definite time-lag of 50ms	operate
Inverse time-lag	11	Inverse time-lag reset according to the formula below: $t_{r} = \frac{8}{1 - l^{2}} \times \frac{M}{10}(s)$	Definite time-lag of 200ms	Likely to operate

Figure 3.3 shows the reset time characteristic curves and reset time characteristic formula.

For the definite time-delayed reset characteristic, the internal timer will reset quickly when the input current becomes less than the operation setting. The definite time-delayed reset characteristic is not suitable for detecting intermittent overloads which are likely to occur in starting a motor or intermittent earth fault. For the inverse time-delayed reset characteristic in turn, the internal timer will reset according to an inverse time-delayed reset characteristic even when the input current becomes less than the operating setting by following the principle of resetting the electromagnetic mechanical type induction disc. Therefore, it is relatively easy for the inverse time-delayed reset characteristic to detect intermittent phenomena. Select either depending on your application.

Note that the output contact will reset after a definite period of time whichever characteristic is selected for resetting.





(5) Operation display

For the time-delayed element, when the input current becomes larger than the operation setting, the corresponding operation indicator LED will blink to allow you check the starting value.

The LED lamp will come on as soon as an operation output is made when a period of operation time has elapsed.

For the instantaneous element in turn, the LED lamp will come on at the same time when an operation output is made.

The operation indicator LED has been set to "self-hold" in the factory. This setting can be freely changed to "auto reset".

With the "self-hold" setting, data of the latest operation indication will be stored in the internal memory

even if the auxiliary power supply runs down.

The data stored will be cleared when the "indicator reset" switch is pressed.

Up to latest five phenomena can be stored and displayed as a history record. (Older data than the latest five phenomena will automatically be cleared).

Item No.	History	Sequence of recording		
311	1 st phenomena	Latest fault record data		
312	2 nd phenomena	\downarrow		
313	3 rd phenomena	\downarrow		
314	4 th phenomena	\downarrow		
315	5 th phenomena	Oldest fault record data		

(6) Display of elapsed time of time-delayed timer

For the time-delayed elements, the elapsed time of the internal operation timer is indicated in the display. As the elapsed time is counted, operators may imagine the current status of the electromagnetic mechanical induction disc, which will help detect the starting value.

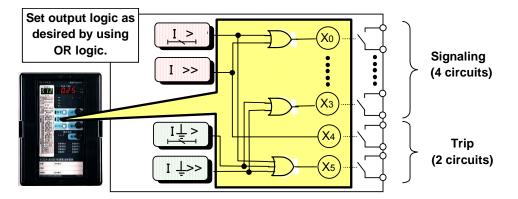
When an input current is detected to have reached the operation setting or more, "0" will appear in the display. Counting will be made by dividing the operation time equally into ten parts and starting from "1", "2" to "9" and "10". An operation signal will be output as soon as the counter reaches "10".

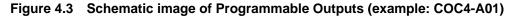
(7) Output contacts

The signaling outputs X_0 to X_3 and trip outputs X_4 and X_5 are all programmable type.

The factory default setting of the arrangement of these outputs is as shown in the internal function block diagram of Figure 5.2. This setting can be freely changed by specifying outputs of the internal elements based on the OR logic.

All the outputs have been set to "auto reset" in the factory. Any of them can be changed to "self hold".





(8) Forced operation

It is possible to carry out forced operation of any of the signaling outputs X_0 to X_3 and trip outputs X_4 and X_5 independently. Forced operation is useful for checking the wiring.

When forced operation is carried out, the corresponding LED lamps will come on to show the current status of the programmable outputs. Checking the lamp status will be useful not only for wiring check but also to check the programmable outputs arrangement.

4.2 Measurement

Currents input to the relay are measured and converted into freely set CT primary currents, then indicated on the display.

(1) Real time measurement

The effective values of input current and 2f ratio are displayed for each phase.

(2) Max. record

The maximum effective current is recorded and stored for each phase.

The max. record will be all cleared when "aux. power supply OFF" or "max. record reset" operation is made.

(3) Fault record

In the event of system fault, the effective current and waveform data that have been measured at the time when one of the protection elements operates to issue an output signal are stored. Data of up to five phenomena can be stored and displayed for each phase.

With "aux. power supply OFF", only the waveform data will be cleared and the effective current data will remain. With "fault record reset" operation, however, both of the data items will be all cleared. (Records older than the 5th phenomenon will automatically be cleared.)

10			will automatioally be oleared
	Item No.	History	Sequence of recording
	211	1 st phenomena	Latest fault record data
	212	2 nd phenomena	\downarrow
	213	3 rd phenomena	\downarrow
	214	4 th phenomena	\downarrow
	215	5 th phenomena	Oldest fault record data

The following fault waveform data can be collected if a communication card is installed:

Item	Specification		
Data sampling cycle	Fixed to the electric angle of 30° of rated frequency		
Data storing capacity (for	224 cycles of rated frequency		
a phenomenon)	(Data point: 224×360°/30° = 2688 points)		
Permissible setting range	224 cycles before trip ~ 224 cycles after trip		
Collected data	The range for data collection can be set by cycle within the "data storing capacity" in the "permissible set range".		

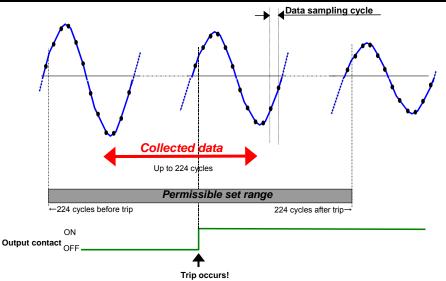


Figure 4.4 Concept of recording fault waveform

4.3 Self-diagnosis

The self-diagnosis function monitors the electronic circuit and built-in power source continuously. If an abnormal condition occurs, the protection elements will be locked for operation. Also, the RUN LED lamp will go off and the self-diagnosis output contact (break contact) will be closed.

- Checking defect code at failure detection
 When a failure is detected, the defect code will be recorded. This defect code can be checked through the self-diagnosis (ALARM) status indication.
- (2) Resetting self-diagnosis output
 If a failure is detected, <u>the failure status may be reset by turning off/on the power</u>.
 In this case, <u>be sure to lock the trip circuit on the external wiring of the relay</u> before resetting. (If the failure persists, an erroneous output may be caused).
- (3) Clearing the defect code

The defect code data stored at failure detection can not be cleared only by carrying out the power on/off procedure in the item (2) above. All the defect code numbers that have been detected since the previous "self-diagnosis reset" (RESET ALARM) operation was made are accumulated in the memory. **To clear the record data, carry out "self-diagnosis reset" (RESET ALARM)** operation.

	Detected items		Output			
Status			Dis RUN	play Defect code	ALARM (break contact)	Operation output lock
Normal	_		On		Open	Not locked
Power circuit failure	_			No display		Locked
CPU failure	_					*45
	ROM check			0001		
	RAM check			0002		
	A/D accuracy check			0003		
	A/I check			0004		
	A/D check			0005	Closed	Locked
	SRAM check D/O status check D/O operation check Analog filter check A/I double check D/I check *41 E ² PROM check Computing function check WDT check Data transfer check bifferential current check			0006		
			Off 0008 0009 0010 0011			
Monitor				0012	-	
error				0013		
				0014		
				0015		
				0016		
				0017		
	Communication card check	*44		0028		
	Communication card channel No. switch setting error Communication card baud rate switch setting error		0029 On 0030			
				0030	Open	Not locked
	Communication card channel No. switch change error	*44		0031	1	
	Communication card baud rate switch change error *44			0032	1	

 Table 4.1
 Output for protection relay failures

*41 Monitored only in the models with built-in D/I function.

*42 Monitored only in the models with D2 unit.

*43 Monitored only the biased differential relay.

*44 Monitored only when the relay is installed with communication card.

*45 No necessary to lock the operation output as any signals can't be output in case of CPU stop.

4.4 Communication

Figure 4.5 shows an example of network system configuration.

For more information on the communication facilities, see the materials shown in the introduction (page 2).

Central Control System

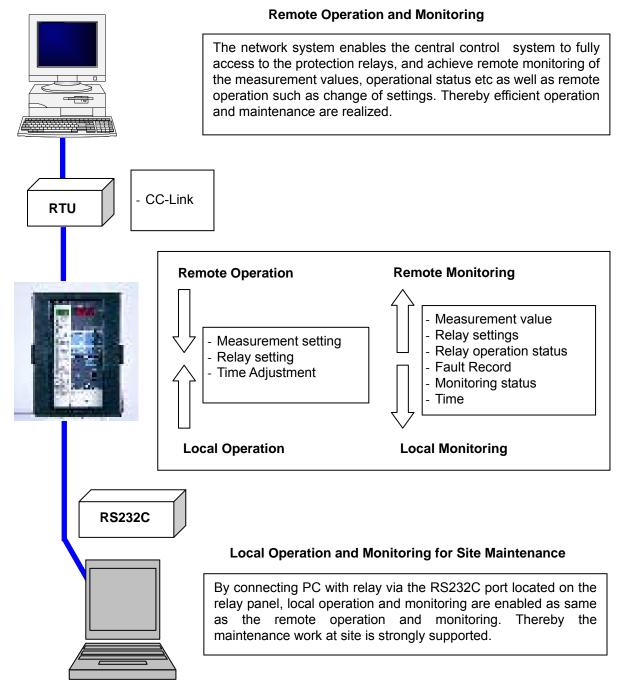


Figure 4.5 Example of communication network system configuration

Using the communication facilitates, it is possible to perform Remote Monitoring and Remote Operation with the various useful functions shown in Table 4.2.

Direction commun		Item	Description		
		Setting	Read the settings stored in the protection relay.		
D	- 1 -	Measurement	Read the measurements stored in the protection relay.		
Rem	ote	Max. value	Read the max. values stored in the protection relay.		
Monite	orina	Fault record	Read the measurements at the time of trip.		
1	Protection	Self-diagnosis (ALARM)	Read the result of self-diagnosis.		
RTU 🦛	relay	Operation element	Read the elements that operated at the time of trip.		
		Operation time	Read the time at the time of trip.		
		Current time	Read the internal time of the communication card.		
		Waveform record	Read the wave form at the time of trip.		
		Setting	Change the setting of the protection relay.		
Dam	-1-	Indicator reset	Reset the LED lamp that came on at the time of trip.		
Rem	ote	Self-diagnosis (ALARM) reset	Clear the result of self-diagnosis.		
Opera	Ation Protection	Fault record reset	Clear the fault record, operation elements and operation time data.		
rtu 📫	relay	Max. record reset	Clear the max. record.		
		Forced operation	Carry out forced operation of output contact.		
		Time	Set time of communicate card.		

 Table 4.2
 Outline of functions enabled by communication network

5 Configuration

- 5.1 Internal configuration
 - (1) I/O and CPU circuits

Fig. 5.1 shows the internal block diagram of the model COC1-A01D1.

Current input is converted into AC signals at the electronic circuit level via the auxiliary transformer and filter circuits. These signals are retained as a form of DC signal in the sample hold circuit on each channel sharing a same time. The multiplexer selects a channel to take the signal and sends it to an A/D converter. The signals are converted to digital signals sequentially in the converter to be sent to the CPU.

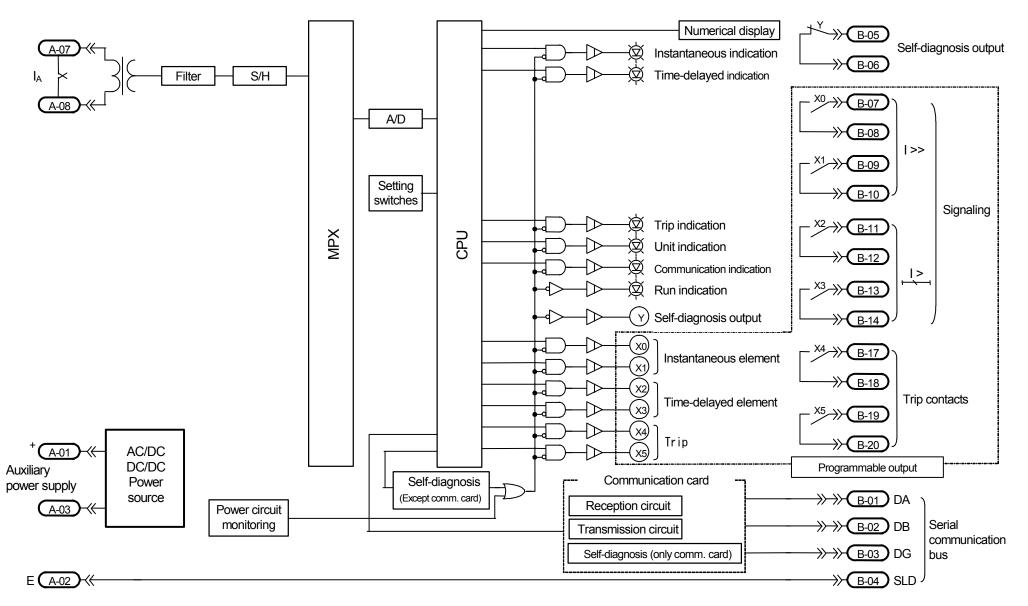
The setting circuit is used to input setting data into the CPU.

These inputs will be used to carry out the functions shown in Fig. 5.2 "Internal function block diagram", and then issue output signals to the display and output relay.

(2) Self-diagnosis circuit

When the self-diagnosis function detects that the electronic and power circuits are normal, the output relay will be energized to open the self-diagnosis output contact (break contact).

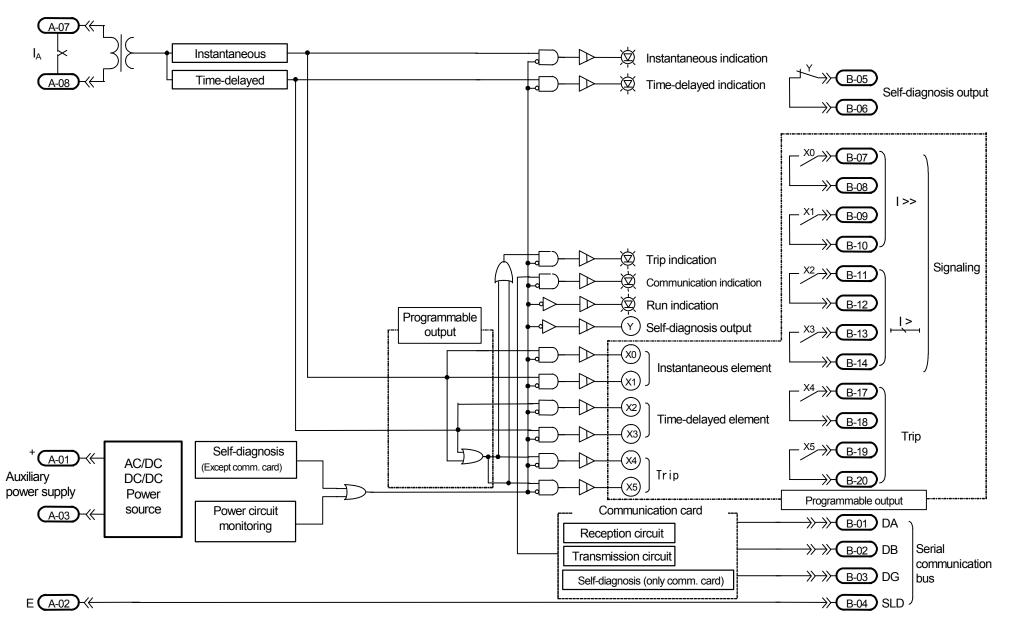
The self-diagnosis output contact (break contact) will be closed when a failure occurs in the circuits above or when the built-in power fuse burns.

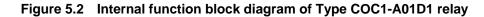




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5.2 External connection

(1) Connection diagram

Figures 5.4 to 5.6 show example of input circuit (AC circuit) connection, Figure 5.7 an example of control circuit (DC circuit) connection and Figure 5.8 a terminal arrangement.

In the terminals, M3.5 screws and wires of 2 mm² or less are recommended to be used.

- (2) Precautions for wiring work
 - a. Important facilities should be provided with fail safe measures such as dual system to improve reliability of the facilities.
 - b. Effects of external surge

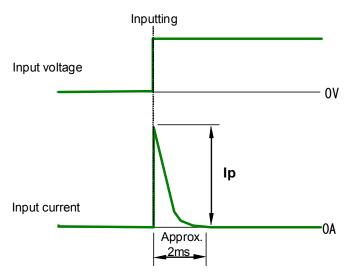
Some type of surge with a certain condition may inversely affect the relay. If so, take it into account to install MF type surge absorbers made by Mitsubishi Electric.

c. Guarantee of AC auxiliary power supply against power interruption

The AC auxiliary power supply of the relay is not guaranteed against power interruption. When you do not have an uninterruptible AC power source, use the type B-T1 back up power supply manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric or uninterruptible power source (UPS) that is commercially available.

d. Inrush current of auxiliary supply

Since inrush current may flow in the relay when the auxiliary power supply is turned on as shown in the figure below, make consideration of this point when selecting the breaker for the auxiliary power supply circuit.



Input	voltage	Inrush current Ip
DC	110V	Approx. 20A
DC	220V	Approx. 55A
AC	100V	Approx. 25A
AC	220V	Approx. 65A

Figure 5.3 Inrush current of auxiliary power supply

e. Trip circuit

Only the contacts X_4 and X_5 can be used for the trip circuit. Please keep in mind that the contacts X_0 to X_3 can not be used for the trip circuit. (If used, the contact may burn).

Connect the pallet contact (52a) of the circuit breaker to the trip circuit.

f. Self-diagnosis output circuit

The self-diagnosis output contact is so configured that the auxiliary relay can be energized (break contact) with normal result of monitoring, in order to be able to continue monitoring even if the built-in

power fuse burns. Therefore, connect the timer to the external wiring. (See Fig. 5.7 "DC circuit connection diagram")

g. Earth circuit

Be sure to earth the earth terminal located on the back of the relay according to the Class D earth wiring method.

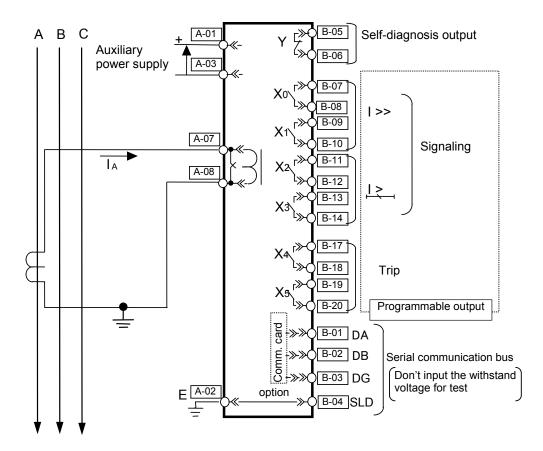


Figure 5.4 External connection diagram for COC1-A01D1 relay (1) (Overload and phase fault protection)

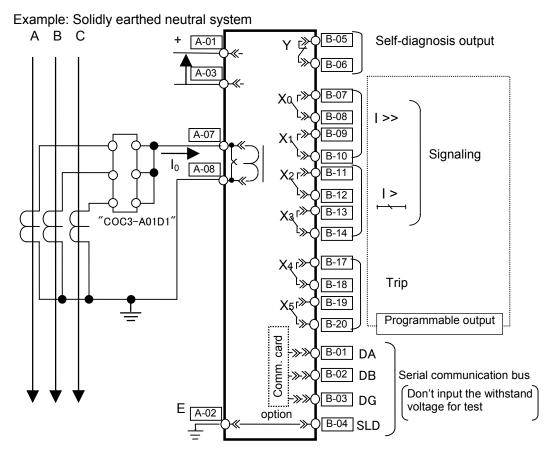
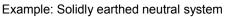


Figure 5.5 External connection diagram for COC1-A01D1 relay (2) (Earth fault protection for solidly earthed neutral system)



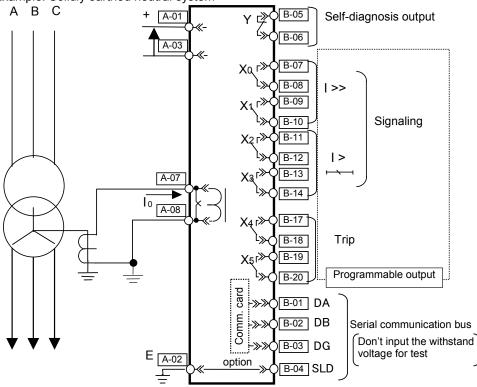
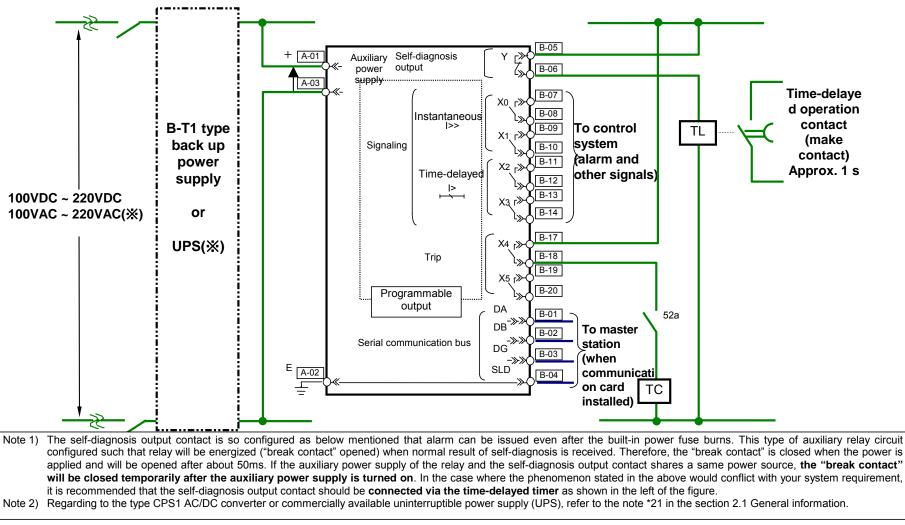


Figure 5.6 External connection diagram for COC1-A01D1 relay (3) (Earth fault protection for solidly earthed neutral system)



(※) Refer to the page 38, 5.2 External connection (2) Precautions for wiring work c. Guarantee of AC auxiliary power supply against power interruption.

Figure 5.7 Auxiliary power supply circuit connection example of type COC1-A01D1 relay

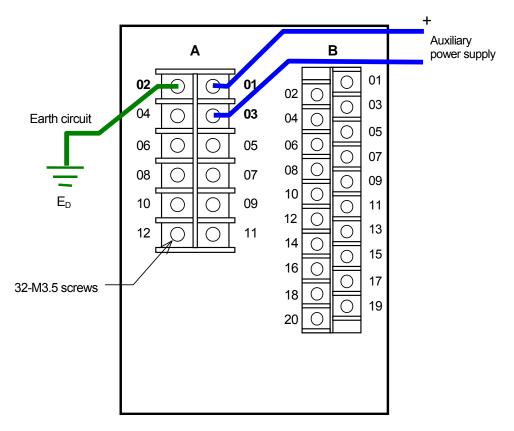


Figure 5.8 Rear view of type COC1-A01D1 relay

6 Handling

6.1 Unpacking

Usually this relay is packed in a D1 case for transportation. However, it may occur that only the sub unit is transported independently for the convenience at repair. In such a case, fully brush off the dust, dirt, etc. adhered to the sub unit after completion of unpacking, and further visually check that the parts mounted on the front panel or built in the sub unit are not damaged.

6.2 Transportation and storage

To carry the equipment within the place of use, handle it carefully so that the parts installed on the front panel of the sub unit or built-in parts cannot be deformed or broken.

6.3 Appearance and how to pull sub unit out

The relay is so constructed that the sub unit can be drawn out, in order to facilitate inspection or test. It is possible to pull the sub unit out without disconnecting the external wiring.

Note that the sub unit should not be drawn out with the line hot. Before drawing out, be sure to take the following actions.

- Lock the tripping circuit including breakers.
- Stop the main circuit.
- Shorten and isolate the CT circuit.
- Open the auxiliary power supply circuit.

Bear in mind that careless opening of circuits may result in opening the other control circuits too to impair the protective function. Be sure to only shut off the concerned circuit.

The CT circuit is provided with an automatic short circuit mechanism. In case that you have pulled the sub unit out without isolating the CT circuit by mistake, the automatic short circuit mechanism will work to prevent the CT secondary circuit from opening.

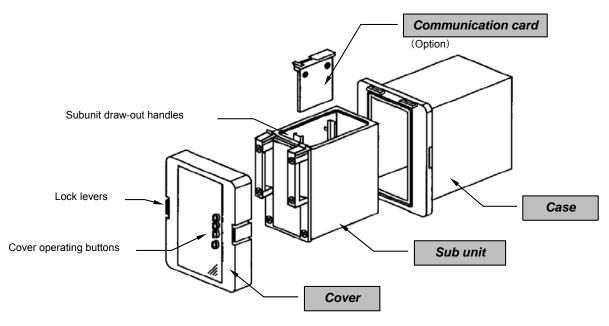
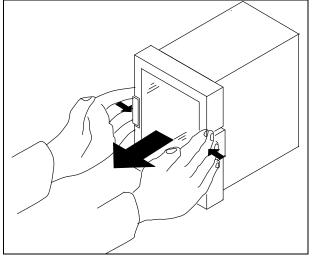


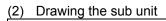
Figure 6.1 Outside view of type COC1-A01D1 relay

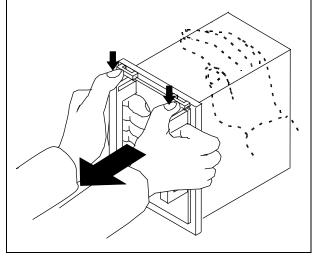
6.3.1 How to draw sub unit out

(1) Removing the cover



Hold the <u>lock levers</u>, which are located at both sides of the cover, on their front sections. Take off the cover <u>straight toward you</u> while pushing the levers <u>inwards</u>.





Grip the draw-out handles (located at both sides of the front of the sub unit). <u>Press the locking pieces</u> <u>installed in the upper portion of the draw-out</u> <u>handles with your thumbs to pull the sub unit</u> <u>towards you</u>.

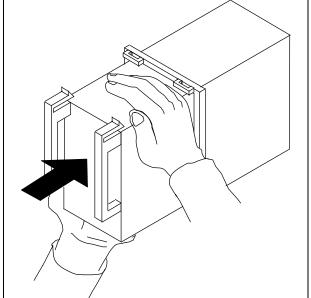
Note) The sub unit is so designed that it can not be removed unless it is pulled out with a relatively strong force, in consideration of quake-proof measures. When the relay unit is to be removed independently, it is recommended to draw it out with the case held by other operator.

When about a half portion of the sub unit is pulled out of the case, just stop the drawing motion. Then, hold the top and bottom of the sub unit to pull it out completely, in order to prevent the unit from falling.

Note) Be careful not to touch the printed circuit board and parts inside the sub unit.

6.3.2 Housing the sub unit

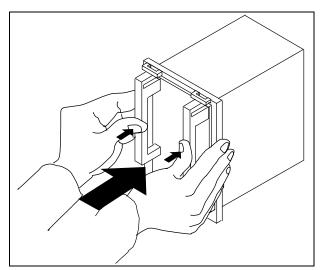
(1) Housing the sub unit



Hold the sub unit on the top and bottom to push the unit into the case approx. a half of the unit.

Note)

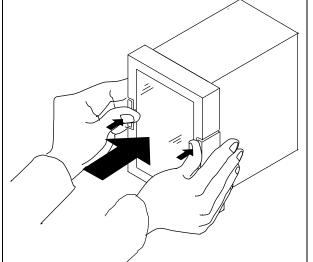
- Be careful not to touch the PCB and parts inside the sub unit.
- The sub unit is so constructed that it can not be housed in the case upside down.



Fully insert the sub unit into the case until you hear a click while pressing the handles located on both sides of the front of the sub unit, and also the front face of subunit (ie, 4 corners of front face) is becoming flush with the vertical surface of the case.

Note) Please note that inserting the sub-unit incompletely may only establish a poor contact of the terminals located on the back of the unit, which may cause operational failure or heating.

(2) Attaching the cover



Fit the cover straight to the case. Hold the cover frame to fully push the lock levers, located both side of the cover, to case side <u>until it is clicked</u> and locked.

Note) After setting the cover, check if the buttons can be smoothly pressed from over the cover.

6.4 How to use front control panel

6.4.1 Front control panel layout

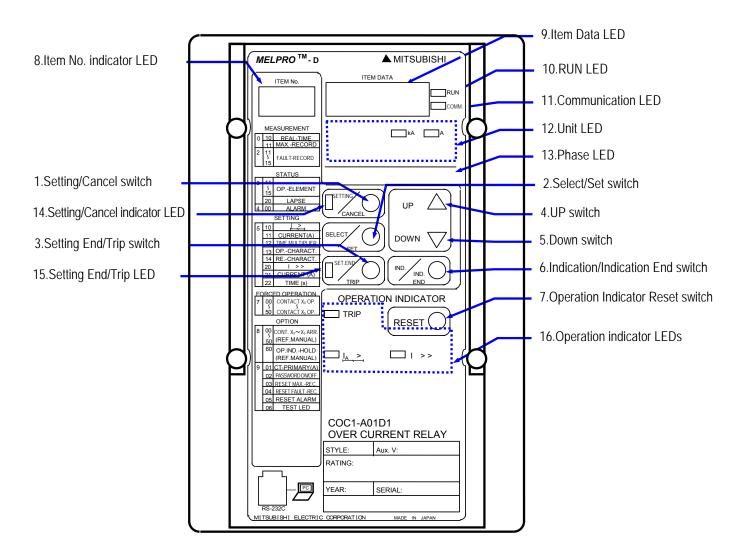


Figure 6.2 Front view of type COC1-A01D1 relay

No.		Designation		Designation Symbol Description		Description
1		Setting / Cancel			Pressing this switch will start the procedure for setting, forced	
					operation or option.	
				SETTING/CANCEL	When this switch is pressed again instead of the	
				SETTING/CANCEL	SET.END/TRIP switch, data that has been programmed	
					will be all cleared to terminate the selected procedure. The SETTING/CANCEL indicator LED is lit during the	
					procedure.	
2	Ī	Select / Set			This switch is used to select an item number and to program	
					item data during setting, forced operation or option	
	es			SELECT/SET	procedure.	
	switches				When data is programmed to be ready for replacing the currently used setting, the SET.END/TRIP LED will blink.	
3		Setting End / Trip			When the SET.END/TRIP switch is pressed with its LED	
Ŭ	perational key				blinking during setting, forced operation or option procedure,	
	nal			SET. END/TRIP	the currently enabled setting will be replaced by data given	
	atio				by programming. The new setting will be thus enabled.	
4	per	UP select		UP	These switches are used for selecting data elements.	
5	0	DOWN select			Pressing these switches for a while will allow fast forwarding. With the cover operating buttons, you can use the switches	
				DOWN	without removing the cover.	
6	Ī	Indication / Indicati	on End		Pressing this switch will start or end the display of settings	
				IND./IND.END	and measurements.	
					With the cover operating button, you can use the switch	
7	ŀ	Reset			without removing the cover. Pressing this switch will reset output contacts after the relay	
		Reset			operated and extinguish the operation indicator LEDs.	
				RESET	With the cover operating button, you can use the switch	
					without removing the cover.	
8		Item No.	Green	-	A number allocated to the selected setting, forced operation	
9		Itom Data	Pod		or option item is indicated here.	
9		Item Data	Red	_	Data that corresponds to the item number selected is displayed here.	
					For the indication of individual letters, see the Table 6.2.	
10		RUN	Green	_	Indicate the result of the automatic self-check. The lamp will	
	_				be lit for normal results while off for abnormal.	
11	s	Communication	Green		Indicate the operational status of the communication card.	
	Indicator LEDs				 With a communication card installed: the lamp will be lit for normal conditions, blinking during communication and off 	
	orL			-	for abnormal conditions.	
	icat				- With a communication card not installed: the lamp will be	
	lnd				off.	
12	-	Unit Yellow		-	Indicate the unit used for the item data.	
13	-	Phase	Yellow –		Indicate the phase that corresponds to the item data.	
14		Setting / Cancel	Yellow	-	This lamp will be lit during setting, forced operation or option procedure.	
15	ŀ	Setting End / Trip	Yellow		This lamp will blink when new data is programmed to be	
			. 5110 11	-	ready for replacing the currently enabled setting.	
16	ľ	Operation	Ded	_	Indicate the corresponding operation elements and phases of	
16		Operation	Red	_	the relay.	

Table 6.1 Front control panel guide

Item		Display in item data		
Designation	Letters	box		
On	ON			
Off	OFF	BB		
Yes	YES	<u>885</u>		
No	NO			
Operation lock	LOCK			
Instantaneous	INST	353		

	Item	Display in item data	
	Designation	Letters	box
		NI01	B B B B B B B B B B
	Normal inverse time-delayed	NI11	
		NI21	
	Very inverse	VI01	
istics	time-delayed	VI21	
Operation characteristics		EI01	E B B B
eration c	Extremely inverse time-delayed	EI11	
Ope		EI12	8 8 8
		LI01	
	Long inverse time-delayed	L102	
		LI21	
	Definite time-delayed	DT01	8888
eristics	Definite time-delayed	01	
Reset characteristics	Inverse time-delayed	11	
Reset	Definite time-delayed	21	

6.4.2 Operational procedure

For more information about the operation Operation Manual (JEP0-IL9416). 6.4.2.1 Relay without RS232C communication I/F Table 6.3 Operational procedure For more information about the operational procedure shown below, see the MELPRO-D Series General

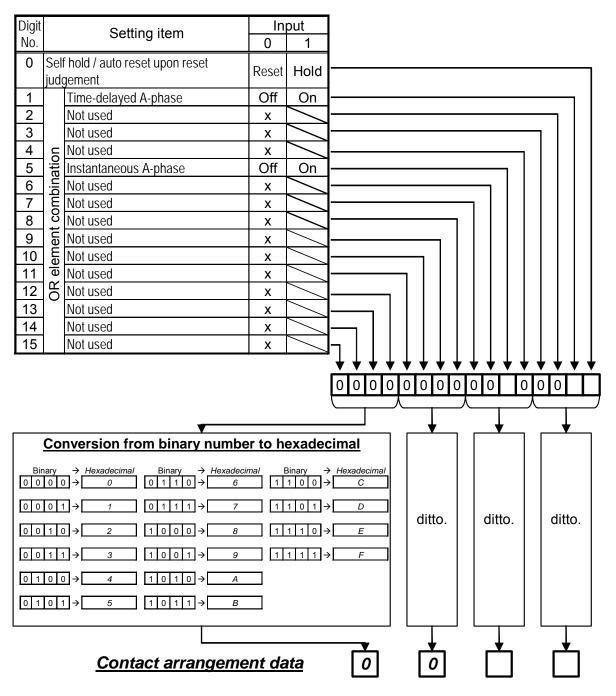
	Corresponding section of						
			Iten	1		peration manual	
No.		Designation		Description	Indication mode	Setting / forced operation / option mode	
010		Real time		Measure and display effective value currents input to the relay all the time.		\setminus	
011	nen	Max. record		Display the max. effective value current.	A-2	\setminus	
211 212 213 214 215	Measurement	1 st phenor 2 nd phenor 3 rd phenor 4 th phenor 5 th phenor	mena mena mena	Keep in record and display effective value currents for up to five latest phenomena of relay trip caused by system fault. The 1 st phenomena is the latest trip and the 5 th the oldest.	A-3		
311 312 313 314 315	Status	$\begin{array}{c} 1^{st} \text{ phenor} \\ 2^{nd} \text{ phenor} \\ 3^{rd} \text{ phenor} \\ 3^{rd} \text{ phenor} \\ 4^{th} \text{ phenor} \\ 5^{th} \text{ phenor} \\ 5^{th} \text{ phenor} \end{array}$	nena mena mena nena nena	Keep in record and display the status of the operation indicator LEDs for up to five latest phenomena of relay trip caused by system fault. The 1 st phenomena is the latest trip and the 5 th the oldest.	A-4		
320	Sta	Elapse of time-	delayed timer (LAPSE)	Display the count of the elapsed time of operation of time-delayed elements.	A-5	\setminus	
400		Self-diagnosis (ALARM)	Keep in record and display defect codes in the case where an abnormal condition is detected by the self-diagnosis.			
511 512 513 514 521 522	Setting	Time- delayed Instantaneous	Operation current [A] Operation time multiplier Operation characteristic Reset characteristic Operation current [A] Operation time [s]	Set and display settings.	A-7	B-1	
700 710 720 730 740 750	⁻ orcec oeratic	Contact X ₀ operation Contact X ₁ operation Contact X ₂ operation Contact X ₃ operation Contact X ₄ operation Contact X ₅ operation		Carry out forced operation of output contacts individually. The setting of the programmable contacts can be checked through the operation indicator LEDs.		C-1	
800 810 820 830 840 850		Contact X_3 opclation Contact X_1 Contact X_1 Contact X_2 arrangement Contact X_4 Contact X_5		Configure the programmable outputs. Also, set and display self-hold/reset setting of the programmable outputs. For the guide for setting, see the section 6.4.2.3 (1) below.		D-1	
860	Option	Operation indicator LED hold		Set and display self-hold/auto reset setting of the operation indicator LEDs. For the guide for setting, see the section 6.4.2.3 (2) below.		D-2	
901		CT primary side [A]		Set the CT primary current of the phase current circuit connected to the relay.		D-3	
902 903 904		Max. record reset Fault record reset Self diagnosis (ALAPM) reset		Clear data of the max. record. Clear data of the fault record. Clear data of the self-diagnosis record.		D-4	
905		Self-diagnosis (ALARM) reset LED lamp test		Carry out forced illumination of all the LED lamps on the front of the relay unit.		D-5	

6.4.2.2 Relay with RS232C communication I/F

	Item					
No.	Designation Description			Setting / forced operation / option mode		
As the same as Table 6.3 described in item 6.4.2.1 about the No. 010 \sim 860.						
901	CT primary side [A]	Set the CT primary current of the phase current circuit connected to the relay.	A-7	D-3		
902	Relay password enable/disable option	Set relay password enable or disable for setting.		D-9		
903	Max. record reset	Clear data of the max. record.				
904	Fault record reset	Clear data of the fault record.		D-4		
905	Self-diagnosis (ALARM) reset	Clear data of the self-diagnosis record.				
906	LED lamp test	Carry out forced illumination of all the LED lamps on the front of the relay unit.		D-5		

6.4.2.3 Guide for option function

Specifying contact arrangement data of output contacts
 The table below shows the setting guide table. See the section D-1 of the general operation manual for the detailed procedure.



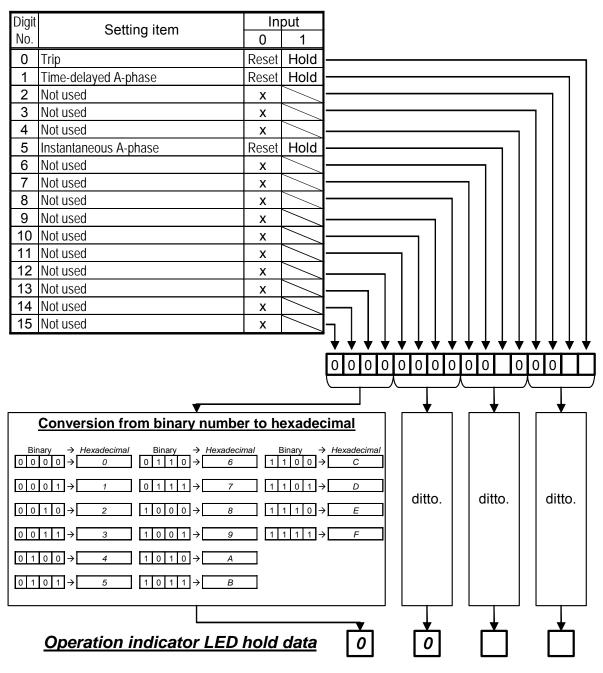
When the product is shipped from the factory, contact arrangement data are set as follows.

Contact	Item number	Contact arrangement data	Setting of the element	Contact	Item number	Contact arrangement data	Setting of the element
X0	800	0020	Instantaneous	X3	830	0002	Time-delayed
X1	810	0020	Instantaneous	X4	840	0022	OR of all the elements
X2	820	0002	Time-delayed	X5	850	0022	OR of all the elements

*The "Self hold/auto reset" setting are "Reset" (auto reset) for all contacts.

(2) Specifying operation indicator LED hold data

The table below shows the setting guide table. See the section $\boxed{D-2}$ in the general operation manual for the detailed procedure.



When the product is shipped from the factory, all LEDs are set to self-hold.

Item number	Operation indicator LED hold data
860	0023

7 Mounting

7.1 Mounting dimension

Mount the case to the panel according to Fig. 7.1 "Mounting dimension".

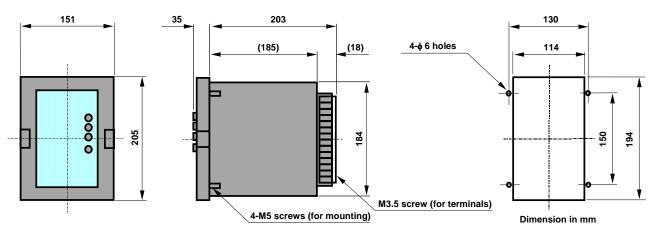


Figure 7.1 Outside dimension /drilling drawing

7.2 Standard operating environment

Install the relay in the environment described in section 3.3 Common technical data. In addition, the following conditions should be kept:

- Abnormal vibration, shock, inclination or magnetic field should be avoided.
- Harmful smoke or gas, salt gas, excessive humidity, water drop or vapor, excessive dust or fine powder, rain and wind should be avoided.

8 Test

The relay has been fully tested prior to shipment. However, it is recommended to carry out a test again by referring to the following test guide before use.

8.1 Appearance inspection

Check the relay for appearance according to the following procedure:

	Objects	Check points	
	Coil/conductor	(1) Discoloring and burning due to overheat.	
		(2) Abnormal conditions including loosened screws.	
	Printed card	(1) Discoloring of the printed card due to overheated parts.	
		(2) Contact between the printed card and connector	
Unit	Mechanism	(1) Deformation	
		(2) Operation of the operating key switches.	
		(3) Damage of the draw-out lever of the sub unit.	
(4) Discoloring and deformation of the name		(4) Discoloring and deformation of the name plate on the front panel.	
(5) Damage of the terminal section.		(5) Damage of the terminal section.	
	Case/cover	(1) Damage of the cover.	
		(2) Stain of the cover.	
		(3) Clouding of the cover.	
		(4) Damage of the lock lever of the cover.	
		(5) Damage of the operating buttons of the cover.	
		(6) Operation of the operating buttons of the cover.	
(7) Damage of the terminal section.		(7) Damage of the terminal section.	
	Others	Invasion of foreign matters including dust and iron chips.	

8.2 Characteristic test

- 8.2.1 Precautions in testing
- (1) Standard test conditions

Ensure the following test conditions whenever possible:

Note that carrying out a test under an environment that significantly differs from the following conditions may produce an incorrect result.

- Ambient temperature : 20°C±10°C
- Rated frequency : ± 5%
- Waveform (AC) : 2% (distortion ratio)
- Auxiliary power supply voltage : rated voltage ±2%
- (2) Characteristic control point

See the section 3 "Characteristics".

The characteristic control point refers to the characteristic of a relay unit only. Note that, when a characteristic test is carried out on a relay system connected with external equipment such as CT and ZCT, the result obtained would be a combined characteristic added with the fluctuation of the external equipment.

For special control in terms of a specific control point (for instance, using the operation setting), first carry out a test at "Characteristic control point" at the time when the relay is received or put in service to determine the acceptance/rejection. Thereafter, perform another test at each control point, so that the data obtained can be used for future reference.

(3) Changing setting

Change the setting according to the section 6 "Handling".

(4) Operation judgment

Determine the operation currents and time and other values of the relay unit basically by turning on and off the corresponding output relay contact of each element.

To determine the starting value of the time-delayed elements of overcurrent relay, which cannot be checked through the output contact, read the display of "elapsed time of time-delayed timer".

(5) Communication card

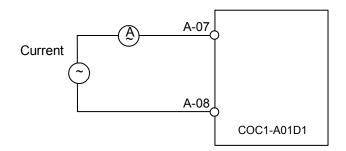
Whatever the communication card is inside or not, for the test of withstand voltage and lightning impulse withstand voltage, please avoid inputting test voltage to the serial communication network circuit (DA, DB, DG, SLD terminals).

Note: it is not necessary to take the communication card out when test if the communication card was inside unit.

8.2.2 Characteristic test

(1) Test circuit

Connect the external wiring referring to the AC input circuit diagram shown below:



- (2) Test items and characteristic control point
 - a. Forced operation test

See "Front control panel operational procedure" in the section 6 "Handling".

b. Operation value test

See "Operation and reset values" in the section 3 "Characteristic".

c. Operation time test

See "Operation time" in the section 3 "Characteristic".

d. Reset time test

See "Reset time" in the section 3 "Characteristic".

9 Maintenance

9.1 Daily inspection

Take every opportunity to carry out the following inspection:

- Check that the cover is not damaged and is attached properly.
- Check that no dust or iron chips have invaded into the unit.
- Check that the cover is not clouded notably.
- Check that abnormal noise is not generated.
- Check that the RUN LED lamp is lit.

9.2 Periodical inspection

It is recommended to carry out periodic inspections to check the relay for proper function.

For periodical inspections, perform the appearance inspection and characteristic test in accordance with the section 8 "Test".

10 Ordering

The product and specification shown in this manual may subject to changes (including specification change and production suspend) without notice. It is advisory to inquire the nearest Mitsubishi Electric's branch or sales office, if required, to confirm that the latest information is given in the manual, prior to placing an order.

Item	Example of order	Remarks
Model	COC1-A01D1	For more information, see the section 2 "Rating and specification".
Frequency	50 Hz	Select 50Hz or 60Hz.
Rating	Current: 5A	For more information, see the section 2 "Rating and specification".
Setting range	Time-delayed element (51): 1 ~ 12AInstantaneous element (50): 2 ~ 80A	For more information, see the section 2 "Rating and specification".
Communication card	One of the followings can be selected: a. CC-Link communication card (Manual No.: JEP0-IL9417, JEP0-IL9418) b. No communication card	Only purchasing a communication card separately will allow customer to add the communication facilities. If customer does not need the communication facilitates at the time of introducing the system, just purchase the relay unit without communication card. Customer can add the communication facilities whenever he/she needs to introduce them. This will help decrease the initial cost and upgrade the system in stages.

Notify the following items when placing an order.

11 Guarantee

11.1 Guarantee period

The guarantee period of this product should be one year after delivery, unless otherwise specified by both parties.

11.2 Scope of guarantee

When any fault or defect is detected during the period of guarantee and such fault or defect is proved to be caused apparently at the responsibility of MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION, the defective unit concerned will be repaired or replaced with substitute with free of charge.

However, the fee for our engineer dispatching to site has to be covered by the user.

Also, site retesting or trial operation caused along with replacing the defect units should be out of scope of our responsibilities.

It is to be acknowledged that the following faults and defects should be out of this guarantee.

- ①When the faults or defects are resulted from the use of the equipment at the range exceeding the condition/environment requirements stated in the catalogue and manual.
- 2 When the faults or defects are resulted from the reason concerning without our products.
- ③When the faults or defects are resulted from the modification or repair carried out by any other entity than MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION.
- (4) When the faults or defects are resulted from a phenomenon which can not be predicted with the science and technology put into practical use at the time of purchase or contract
- ⑤In case of integrating our products into your equipment, when damages can be hedged by the proper function or structure in the possession of your equipment which should be completed according to the concept of the de facto standard of industry.
- ⑥In case of that the faults or defects are resulted from un-proper application being out of instruction of MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION.
- ⑦In case that the faults or defects are resulted from force majeure such a fire or abnormal voltage and as an act of God such as natural calamity or disaster.
- 11.3 Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability

Regardless of the gratis warranty term, MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION shall not be liable for compensation of damages caused by any cause found not be the responsibility of MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION, loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by failures of MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION products, special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION products and other tasks

- 11.4 Applications of products
- ①The user is requested to confirm the standards, the regulations and the restrictions which should be applied, in case of utilizing products described in this catalogue and another one in combination.

Also, the user is requested to confirm the suitability of our products to your applied system or equipment or apparatus by yourself.

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION shall not be liable for any suitability of our products to your utilization.

⁽²⁾ This MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION products described in the catalogue have been designed and manufactured for application in general industries, etc. Thus, application in which the life or an asset could be affected by special application such as medical system for life-sustaining, in nuclear power plants, power plants, aerospace, transportation devices(automobile, train, ship, etc)shall be excluded from the application. In addition to above, application in which the life or an asset could be affected by potentially chemical contamination or electrical interference and also in which the circumstances and condition are not mentioned in this catalogue shall be excluded from the application. Note even if the user wants to use for these applications with user's responsibility, the user to be requested to approve the specification of MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION prior to such applications. If the user applies MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION products to such applications.

contact to our technical section, MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION shall not be liable for any items and not be insured, independently from mentioned in this clause.

- ③In using MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION product, the working conditions shall be that the application will not lead to a major accident even if any problem or fault occur, and that backup or duplicate system built in externally which should be decided depend on the importance of facility, is recommended.
- (1) The application examples given in this catalogue are reference only and you are requested to confirm function and precaution for equipment and apparatus and then, use our products
- (5) The user is requested to understand and to respect completely all warning and caution items so that unexpected damages of the user or the third party arising out of un-correct application of our products would not be resulted.
- 11.5 Onerous repair term after discontinuation of product
- ①MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION shall accept onerous product repairs for 7(seven) years after production of the product is discontinued. (However, please consider the replacement of products after 15 years have been passed from ex-work of products.)

②Product supply (including repair parts) is not available after production is discontinued.

11.6 Changes in product specification

The specification given in the catalogue, manuals or technical documents are subject to change without prior to notice.

11.7 Scope of service

The technical service fee such as engineer dispatching fee is excluded in the price of our products. Please contact to our agents if you have such a requirement.

12 Improvement on the reliability of protection function

Any parts and materials applied to the protection relay have limited life time which will bring the degradation to the relay.

The degree of degradation will be variable and depend on the purpose, period in use, applied circumstance and unevenness on the performance of each part.

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION design the relay so as to realize that the recommended replaced duration is more them 15 years.

However, there may be some possibilities to occur some defects before reaching 15 years due to above mentioned the degree of degradation of parts and materials being depended on the condition in use.

To prevent unwanted operation or no operation of relay due to above reasons, it is recommended to apply the relay with self-diagnosis function and/or multiplexing relay system such as dual or duplex scheme.

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

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Revised in Oct. 2011