

Numerical Protection Relay

MELPRO ™-A Series EARTH FAULT OVERCURRENT RELAY

MGR-A3V-R

MGR-A3T-R

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Request

Ensure that this Instruction Manual is delivered to the end users and the maintenance manager.

1

Safety precautions —

Before installation, operation, maintenance, and inspection, please be sure to read this instruction manual and all other attached documents thoroughly in order to work safely with the equipment. Please ensure that you fully understand the equipment, safety information, and precautions that need to be taken before working with the equipment. Safety precautions are classified as "Caution."



The case where a dangerous situation can arise and there is the possibility that moderate or minor injuries can occur, or property damage can take place if the equipment is handled incorrectly.

Furthermore, even with items described as ^Caution, there is the possibility of serious consequences depending on the situation. All of the described contents are important. Therefore, be sure to comply with them.



Caution

Installation and Wiring work

- * Ensure that the equipment is mounted and connected correctly. Otherwise, there are risks of failure, burning, or maloperation.
- * Securely tighten the terminal connection screws. Otherwise, there are risks of failure and burning.

For tightening torque of screws, refer to the following Table.

Material	Nominal dia.	Standard value of torque	Allowable range	Place of use
Steel	M3.5	1.10N · m (11.2kgf · cm)	0.932~1.27N·m (9.5~12.9kgf·cm)	Terminal block
Steel	M4	1.65N•m (16.8kgf•cm)	1.39~1.89N·m (14.2~19.3kgf·cm)	Drawer fixing screw of unit-drawer type (RD type)
Steel	M6	5.49N•m (56kgf•cm)	4.71~6.37N·m (48~65kgf·cm)	Fixing screw for mounting
Steel	M10	26.5N•m (270kgf•cm)	22.6~30.4N·m (230~310kgf·cm)	MPD-3C bottom screw
Brass	M4	0.961N·m (9.8kgf·cm)	0.824~1.11N·m (8.4~11.3kgf·cm)	MZT primary terminal (k, ℓ) MPD-3T terminal



- *The equipment must be correctly grounded using the designated grounding terminals where they exist. Failure to do so may lead to the risk of electric shock, equipment failure, malfunction or failure to operate.
- * Ensure that the equipment is connected correctly in accordance with the details (e.g.: polarity or phase sequence) shown on the connection terminals. Otherwise, there is the risk of failure, burning, malfunction, or maloperation.
- * All power supplies and transformers to the equipment must be of suitable capacity and rated load to avoid the risk of malfunction and maloperation.
- * Be sure to return all terminal covers, protection covers to their original positions once any work is complete. If they remain uncovered there is a risk of electrical shock.
- * The appropriate connectors must be used to ensure compatibility with the connector terminals to avoid the risks of failure or fire.
- * When inserting subunit into the case, please ensure that there is no gap between front side of the subunit and the case. In addition, tighten lower screw surely. If the subunit is inserted inadequately, there are risks of malfunction or generation of heat.

2. Operating and Setting

The equipment must be used within the following range limits. Otherwise, there is a risk of reducing the performance and life of the product.

Variation range of auxiliary power supply voltage
 Within -15 to +10% of the rated voltage

Within ±5% of the rated frequency

Frequency variation

OO 1 - OOOO

· Ambient temperature

−20 to +60°C

Relative humidity

(under the state where dew condensation or freezing does not occur)

30 to 80% on daily average

Altitude

2000m or lower

- The state where abnormal vibration, shock, inclination, magnetic field(%) are not applied
- The state where it is not exposed to harmful smoke/gas, saline gas, water droplet or vapor, excessive dust or fine powder, explosive gas or fine powder, wind & rain
- (※) If there is a large amount of current on main circuit surrounding the relay, the operation indicator may be magnetized and turned from black to orange color. In that case, please shield back of the relay by iron plate.

2

JEP0-1L9555



⚠

Caution

- * The equipment must only be operated and handled by qualified personnel. Otherwise, there are risks of electric shock, injury, failure, malfunction, and maloperation.
- * Handling and maintenance of the equipment must only be carried out after gaining a thorough understanding of the instruction manual. Otherwise, there is the risk of electric shock, injury, failure, malfunction, or maloperation.
- * While energized, do not remove any components other than those which have been designated. Otherwise, there is a risk of failure, malfunction, or maloperation.
- *While energized, do not draw out the internal unit (subunit). Otherwise, there is a risk of electric shock, injury, failure, malfunction, or maloperation.
- *When changing the setting value during the energized state, ensure that all trip circuits are locked in order not to operate. Otherwise, there is a risk of malfunction.
- * Use in rated range. Otherwise, there is a risk of malfunction.

3. Maintenance and Inspection

We recommend that any tests or inspections are carried out under the following conditions, as well as any additional conditions described in the instruction manual.

Ambient temperature
 Relative humidity
 External magnetic field
 Atmospheric pressure
 Mounting angle
 Frequency
 Waveform (in the case of AC)
 20±10°C
 80A/m or less
 80A/m or less
 86~106×10³ Pa
 Regular direction ±2°
 Rated frequency ±1%
 Distortion factor: 2% or less

Effective value of higher harmonics only

Distortion factor= ×100(%)

Effective value of fundamental wave

• AC component (in the case of DC) Ripple factor: 3% or less

Max. value – Min. value

Average value of DC

Auxiliary power supply voltage

Rated voltage ±2%

* The equipment must only be operated and handled by qualified personnel. Otherwise, there are risks of electric shock, injury, failure, malfunction, and maloperation.



- * Handling and maintenance of the equipment must only be carried out after gaining a thorough understanding of the instruction manual. Otherwise, there is the risk of electric shock, injury, failure, malfunction, or maloperation.
- * When replacing the equipment, use a product of same model, rating, and specifications. Otherwise, there is the risk of failure or fire.. If any other product is to be used, the manufacturer must be consulted.
- * Do not exceed the overload capacity for voltage and current. Otherwise, equipment failure or fire could occur.
- *Do not touch any live parts, such as terminals, etc. Otherwise, there is a risk of electric shock.
- * Do not clean the equipment while energised. When the cover needs to be cleaned, make use of a damp cloth.

4. Transportation

- * Transport the equipment in the correct orientation.
- * Do not apply excessive shock and/or vibration as this could affect the performance and life of the product.

5. Storage

The storage environment shall comply with the following conditions. Otherwise, there is a risk of reducing the performance and life of the product.

Ambient temperature −20 to +60°C

(under the state where dew condensation or freezing does not occur)

Relative humidity
 30 to 80% on daily average

Altitude 2000m or lower

- · The equipment must not be exposed to abnormal vibration, shock, inclination, or magnetic fields.
- The equipment must not be exposed to harmful smoke/gas, saline gas, water droplets or vapor, excessive dust or fine powder, explosive gas or fine powder, wind & rain.

6. Repair and Modification

* When carrying out repair and/or modification, please consult with the manufacturer in advance. We will not take any responsibility for any repair and/or modification (including software) which has been carried out without prior consent.

3

7. Disposal

Disposal must take place in accordance with the applicable legislation

1. Guarantee period

The guarantee period of this product should be one year after delivery, unless otherwise specified by both parties.

2. Scope of guarantee

When any fault or defect is detected during the period of guarantee and such fault or defect is proved to be caused apparently at the responsibility of MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION, the defective unit concerned will be repaired or replaced with substitute with free of charge. However, the fee for our engineer dispatching to site has to be covered by the user. Also, site retesting or trial operation caused along with replacing the defect units should be out of scope of our responsibilities.

It is to be acknowledged that the following faults and defects should be out of this guarantee.

- (1) When the faults or defects are resulted from the use of the equipment at the range exceeding the condition/environment requirements stated in the catalogue and manual.
- (2) When the faults or defects are resulted from the reason concerning without our products.
- (3) When the faults or defects are resulted from the modification or repair carried out by any other entity than MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION.
- (4) When the faults or defects are resulted from a phenomenon which cannot be predicted with the science and technology put into practical use at the time of purchase or contract
- (5) In case of integrating our products into your equipment, when damages can be hedged by the proper function or structure in the possession of your equipment which should be completed according to the concept of the de fact standard of industry.
- (6) In case of that the faults or defects are resulted from un-proper application being out of instruction of MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION.
- (7) In case that the faults or defects are resulted from force majeure such a fire or abnormal voltage and as an act of God such as natural calamity or disaster.

3. Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability

Regardless of whether in guarantee period or not, MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION shall not be liable for compensation of damages caused by any cause found not be the responsibility of MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION, loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by failures of MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION products, special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION products and other tasks.

4. Applications of products

- (1) The user is requested to confirm the standards, the regulations and the restrictions which should be applied, in case of utilizing this product and another one in combination. Also, the user is requested to confirm the suitability of our products to your applied system or equipment or apparatus by yourself. MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION shall not be liable for any suitability of our products to your utilization.
- (2) This product has been designed and manufactured for application in general industries, etc. Thus, application in which the life or an asset could be affected by special application such as medical system for life-sustaining, in nuclear power plants, power plants, aerospace, transportation devices (automobile, train, ship, etc.) shall be excluded from the application. In addition to above, application in which the life or an asset could be affected by potentially chemical contamination or electrical interference and also in which the circumstances and condition are not mentioned in this manual shall be excluded from the application. Note even if the user wants to use for these applications with user's responsibility, the user to be requested to approve the specification of MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION products and to contact to the technical section of MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION prior to such applications. If the user applies MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION products to such applications without any contact to our technical section, MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION shall not be liable for any items and not be insured, independently from mentioned in this clause.
- (3) In using this product, the working conditions shall be that the application will not lead to a major accident even if any problem or fault occur, and that backup or duplicate system built in externally which should be decided based on the importance of facility, is recommended.
- (4) The application examples given in this manual are reference only and you are requested to confirm function and precaution for equipment and apparatus and then, use our products.
- (5) The user is requested to understand and to respect completely all warning and caution items so that unexpected damages of the user or the third party arising out of incorrect application of our products would not be resulted.

4

5. Onerous repair term after discontinuation of product

- (1) MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION shall accept onerous product repairs for 7 years after production is discontinued. (However, the product which was made over 15 years is recommended to replace.)
- (2) Product supply (including repair parts) is not available after production is discontinued.

6. Changes in product specification

The specification given in the catalogue, manuals or technical documents are subject to change without prior notice.

7. Scope of service

The technical service fee such as engineer dispatching fee is excluded in the price of our products. Please contact to our agents if you have such a requirement.

MGR-A3 Series Earth Fault Overcurrent Relay [Standard: JIS C 4601 (1993)]

Features

- Wide setting range enables flexible protection coordination.
- Reset method of output contacts can be switchable between auto-reset and self-hold (MGR-A3V-R type only).
- 3. The fault value record function is installed.
- 4. Good operability and visibility design is adopted. The numerical display turns on for 3 seconds when the setting value is changed, which enables to check setting values easily.
- 5. Panel cutout is the same as previous MELPRO-A series and E series.

Ratings and Specifications

Type name			MGR-A3V-R	MGR-A3T-R		
Style No.			110PGA 111PGA			
	Tripping meth	od	Voltage tripping Current tripping			
	Zero-sequer	nce current	0.2A (MZT type	e ZCT primary)		
Ratings	Frequ	iency	50/60Hz (s	witchable)		
	Auxiliary p	ower supply	AC110V (Rang	e: 90~120V)		
	I ₀ Operat	ion value	LOCK (*) -0. 1-0. 2-0. 4-0. 6-0.	8-1.0A (ZCT primary value)		
	Operati	ng time		4-0. 5-0. 6-0. 7-0. 8-0. 9-1. 0s		
Settings	Using	Frequency	50Hz (SW1-0N) -	60Hz (*) (SW1-0FF)		
	condition	Output	Self-hold(SW2-ON) -	_		
		contact	Auto-reset(*) (SW2-OFF)			
	Self-mor	nitoring	The "RUN" indicator (green-color)			
	Operation	indicator	The indicator turns from black into oran	-		
	oper de l'en		put into operation. (Manual resetting type)			
			Indication item	Range		
			Indication remin	0.05~0.09A, 0.1~1.5A		
			Pickup	I.		
			I _O setting	Lo. (**1), 0. 1~1. 0A		
Display	Numerical display		Operating time setting	In. (%2), 0. 2~1. 0s		
Diopidy			Frequency setting	50, 60Hz		
			Output contact setting	Ho., FU. (MGR-A3V-R only)		
			Fault record	0.1~1.5A		
			Clear fault record	0. K.		
			TEST (Forced operation)	F. O.		
			%1 "Lo." means LOCK setting (the protection element is locked). %2 "In." is the display for instantaneous setting.			
	Test button		By turning the indicator select switch to "TEST" and pushing "TEST" button for			
(Forced operation)			2 seconds or more, output contact can b	e forced to operate (except for the		
			case of LOCK setting).			
Power con	sumption (Pow	ver supply)	Normal: 3.0VA Operating: 4.0VA	Normal: 3.0VA Operating: 7.0VA		
	Case		Unit-fi			
	(Munsell color)		(Fig.			
			(0. 6B7.			
Mass			Approx. 0.6kg	Approx. 0.6kg		

6

Note) It is necessary to combine MZT type ZCT with MGR-A3V relay.

Don't combine other transformers with this relay.

^(*) shows factory setting.

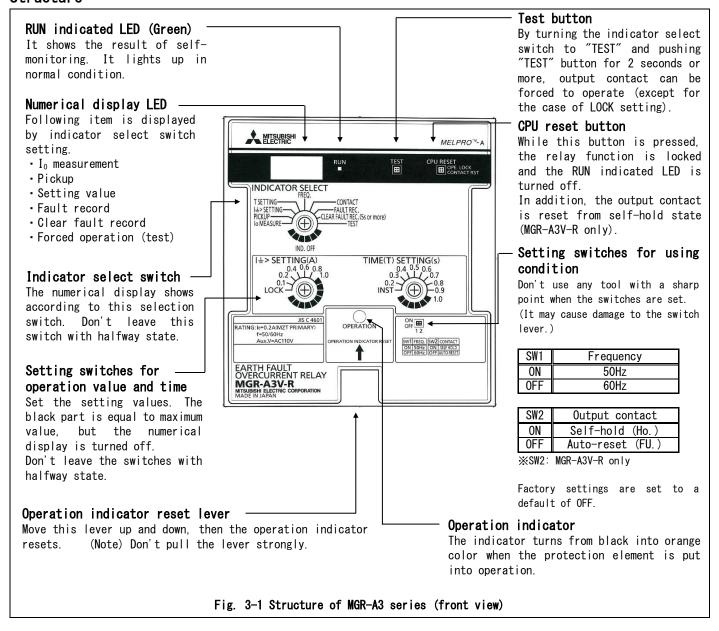
Characteristics (MGR type relay + MZT type ZCT combination)

	(mart type roray	I MIZI LYPE ZOI G	ollib i i i a c i ol i /				
Item			Characte	ristics			
	Ambient temperatur	e: -20 to +60°C (Unde	r the state wh	ere dew cond	ensation or freezing do	pes not occur)	
C+andaudaa	Ambient temperature: -20 to +60°C (Under the state where dew condensation or freezing does not occur) Relative humidity: 30 to 80% on daily average						
Standard use	Altitude: 2000m or	lower					
conditions	• The state where	abnormal vibration, s	hock, and incl	ination are	not applied.		
	• The state where	it is not exposed to	harmful gas, e	xcessive dus	t, and water droplet or	r vapor.	
Operation value		Setting: Operating time = Minimum					
characteristics	Criteria: Within =	±10% of each setting	value				
Reset value	0.00/	12.					
characteristics	90% or more of ope	rating value					
	Input: $I_0 = 0 \rightarrow 1$	30% and 400% of setti	ng value				
		Current		o to the set	ting current		
Operating time	T T	ime setting	130%		400%	=	
characteristics		Instantaneous			75ms or less	=	
onar accor recree		0. 2s	0.1~0.	3s	0.1~0.2s	=	
		0.3s or more	±20% of set	ting time	±10% of setting time		
D 11:		1.400% 5		•		•	
Resetting time		nd 400% of setting va	lue → 0				
characteristics	Criteria: Less tha						
0		ence current $I_0 = 0.2i$	A, Uperating t	ime = 0.2s			
Overshoot time	Input: $I_0 = 400\%$ of						
characteristics	Applied time: 0.05						
Variation	oriteria. The rela	y shall not operate.					
characteristics of	Innut: Auviliany n	ower gunnly - ACOOV-	AC120V				
auxiliary power		ower supply = AC9OV∼ ±10% of Io operation v		voltage			
supply voltage	Officeria. Within -	LION OF 10 Operation	value at lateu	voitage			
Supply Voltage	Ambient temperatur	a: −20 +60°C					
Temperature	Criteria:	e. 20, 100 C					
characteristics		In Within +20% of	nneration valu	e at 20°C			
onar actor 13t105		Operation value of I_0 : Within $\pm 20\%$ of operation value at 20° C Operating time: Within $\pm 20\%$ of operating time at 20° C					
	operating time: wi						
	Frequency	Peak-to-peak amplite (Acceleration m		Vibration	Setting: Minimum opera		
		ward/		time	minimum operating time Input: Rated auxiliary		
Vibration		kward Right/left	Up/down	(8)	$I_0 = 0$	y power suppry	
	10	5 (10)	2. 5 (5)	30	Criteria: No malfur	nction and no	
	16. 7	0.4 (2)		600	abnormal indication		
	Maximum accelerati	on: 300m/s ²			·		
Shock		tions in forward/back	ward right/le	oft and un/o	own		
OHOOK							
	Criteria: No abnormality when applying two shocks in each direction						
Insulation	Test circuit: Between all circuits and earth (E terminal), between separate circuits, and between the						
resistance	poles of contacts Criteria: More than $10M\Omega$ by DC500V megger.						
10010001100	(Note) The test is held under the condition that relative humidity is less than 80%.						
		ts and earth (E termi					
Withstand voltage		ircuits: AC2000V, for					
		of contacts: AC1000V					
				tive pole fo	r 3 times respectively.		
	Apply standard waveform (1.2/50 μ s) to positive/negative pole for 3 times respectively. Between ZCT primary and earth: 60kV						
Lightning impulse	Between all circuits of the relay and earth (E terminal): 4.5kV						
withstand voltage	Between ZCT second	Between ZCT secondary and control circuit: 4.5kV					
	Between contact te	rminal and power supp	ly terminal: 3	. 0kV			
	Between terminals	Between terminals of power supply: 3.0kV					
	Apply damped oscillatory wave prescribed in JIS C 4601 for 2 seconds.						
		ndary and earth (E te					
	· ·	pply terminal and ear	th (E terminal)			
Noise-proof	Between terminals of power supply						
	•Between contact terminal and earth (E terminal)						
	_	peration value and mi	-	g time			
	Input: Rated auxiliary power supply, $I_0 = 0$						
	Criteria: No malfu						
				anel of the	relay with a transceiv	ver of 150MHz or	
D 1: 1: 1	· ·	tput) from a distance					
Radio disturbance	Setting: Minimum operation value and minimum operating time						
	Input: Rated auxiliary power supply, $I_0 = 0$						
Criteria: No malfunction							

7

	Voltage tripping type	Current tripping type
Contact capacity	$\begin{array}{c c} \textbf{Making} & \textbf{DC110V 15A (L/R=0ms)} \\ \textbf{Closing)} & \textbf{DC220V 10A (L/R=0ms)} \\ \textbf{AC110V 10A (cos} \phi = 0.1) \\ \textbf{Breaking} & \textbf{DC110V 0.3A (L/R=7ms)} \\ \textbf{AC110V 5A (cos} \phi = 0.1) \\ \textbf{AC220V 1A (cos} \phi = 0.1) \\ \end{array}$	Breaking (Opening): AC110V 60A $ \mbox{The } 2\Omega \mbox{ (power factor = 0.5) loads in parallel to the contacts } $

Note) For details, refer to JIS C 4601 (1993).



Operating Description

1. Protection function

- 1)The power supply can be derived from VT secondary.
- 2Set using condition switches according to your using condition.
- (3) When a ground fault occurs in a high-voltage consumer site, the fault current flows between the ground and the ground capacitance of the distribution line or equipment, and the fault current is detected by the MZT type zero-phase current transformer (ZCT) and supplied to the relay from the secondary output of ZCT.
- (4) If input zero-sequence current is greater than or equal to the setting value, the operation timer starts. The relay actuates the output contact and operation indicator after a preset time of the operation timer.
- ⑤ For MGR-A3V-R type relay, after the relay

operation, if input zero-sequence current falls below the setting value, the output contact will be in the state set by the using condition setting switch (auto-reset or self-hold).

For MGR-A3T-R type relay, the output contact is auto-reset type. If you want to use the alarm circuit as self-hold type, please build a circuit as shown in Fig. 3-7.

The operation indicator keeps the operation status (orange color). To reset the indicator, move the reset lever up and down.

2. RUN display (Self-monitoring function)

This relay monitors control voltage, electric circuit, and program data at all time. The RUN LED (green) lights up in the normal condition.

In the abnormal condition, the RUN LED goes out and the error message $\boxed{\text{Err}}$ is displayed on the numerical display LED, with the output contact locked.

3. Numerical display function

By switching the position of the indicator select switch, following items can be displayed on the numerical display LED.

$\bigcirc I_0$ current measurement

The display shows the value of zero-sequence current. The display range is from 0.05A to 1.5A. (If input current is less than 0.05A, the display goes out. If input current is more than 1.5A, the error message O.F. is displayed.)

②Pickup

When input zero-sequence current is greater than or equal to the setting value, \fbox{I} is displayed.

This function can be used for operation value tests.

3Setting value

It displays the setting condition of the relay including I_0 operation value and operating time setting.

4Frequency setting

It displays the setting condition of frequency in accordance with the setting switch of SW1.

⑤Output contact setting (MGR-A3V-R only)

It displays the setting condition of output contact in accordance with the setting switch of SW2.

The setting is self-hold, the display shows $[H\ o\ .]$

The setting is auto-reset, the display shows FU.

4. Fault record function

(1)Display of fault records

When a fault occurs, the relay outputs the operating signal, and at the same time the input value of zero-sequence current is recorded. When the indicator select switch is set to the position of fault record, the records are displayed starting from the latest record to the oldest one at approximately 2 second intervals. The relay can save the newest five phenomena.

The records are saved in the non-volatile memory, therefore the records can be read again after shutting the power off.

Note that the fault record may not be saved if the auxiliary power supply is turned off soon after the relay operation.

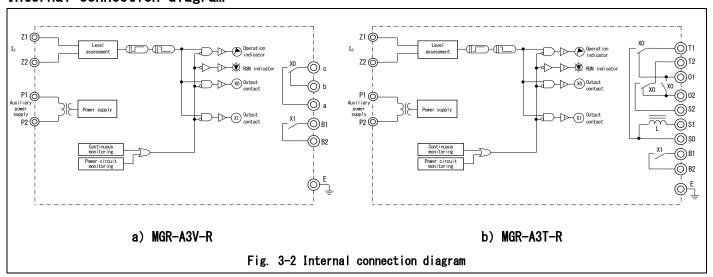
2Clearing of fault records

Set indicator select switch to "CLEAR FAULT REC." and hold for 5s or more, then $\boxed{\text{O. K.}}$ is displayed and all of the fault record are cleared.

5. Display function of setting change

When a setting is changed, the setting value after changing is displayed for approx. 3s preferentially.

Internal connection diagram



External connection diagram (Example)

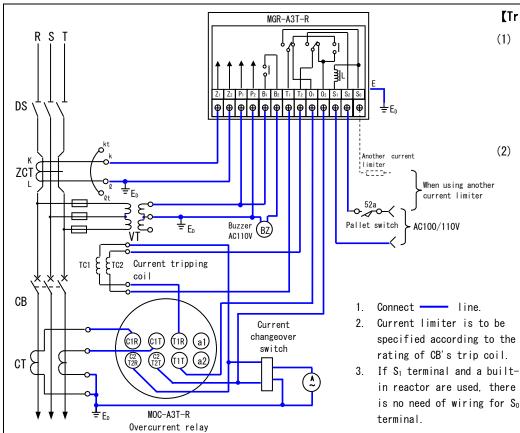


Fig. 3-3 Current tripping type

[Tripping route]

- (1) When a earth fault occurs, the CB is tripped through the sequence from the power source to S₁, contact, T₁, tripping coil, T₂, contact, and to S₂.
 - When a short circuit fault occurs in R phase, the current flows between C1R and T1R and make the CB trip. As for in T phase, the CB is tripped through the sequence from C1T to T1T, O_1 , T_1 , tripping coil, T_2 , and to O_2 .
 - This figure shows that MOC-A3T-R overcurrent relay is combined.
 - Do not short-circuit kt and lt terminal of ZCT.
 - 6. If the power supply of S_1-S_2 is derived from the load side of CB, the pallet switch is not needed.

[Tripping route]

- (1) When a earth fault occurs, the CB is tripped through the sequence from the power source to tripping coil, 52a, c, and to a.
- (2) When a short circuit fault occurs, the CB is tripped through the sequence from the power source to tripping coil, 52a,
 - (T1), and to (T2).



- This figure shows that MOC-A3V-R overcurrent relay is combined.
- 3. Do not short-circuit kt and $\ensuremath{\text{lt}}$ terminal of ZCT.

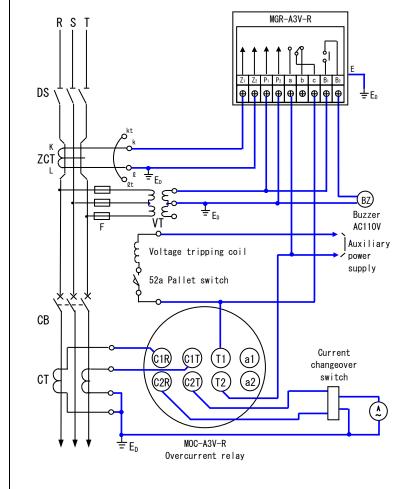
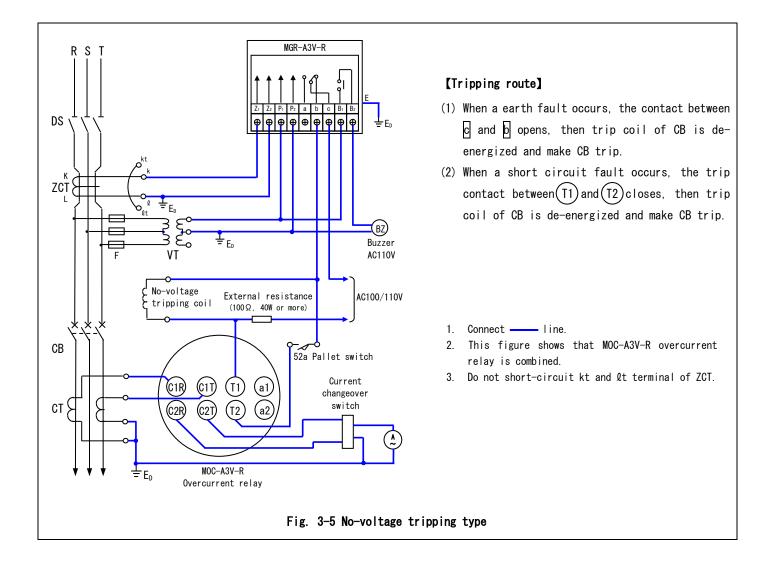


Fig. 3-4 Voltage tripping type



Operation value settings and using condition settings

1. Operation value settings

In general, the operation value settings are set as follow, but these values should be set with due consideration given to various conditions of the systems, such as residual current, and protection coordination.

<Setting examples>

Power receiving point:

I₀=0. 2~0. 4A, T=0. 2s

Branch feeder:

 I_0 =Equivalent or smaller to power receiving point T=Instantaneous (70ms or less)

For details, please consult with an electric power company.

2. Using condition settings

For all using condition setting switches, factory settings are set to a default of OFF.

(1) Frequency (SW1):

12

50Hz = 0N, 60Hz = 0FF

(2) Output contact (SW2) (MGR-A3V-R only):

Self-hold = ON, Auto-reset = OFF

Precautions for design and installation

<Connection>

- (1) **Test terminals of ZCT**: The test terminals of ZCT (kt and ℓt) are used only for the operation test and keep them open after the test. (Do not short the test terminals.)
- (2) Wiring material: Since the MGR-A3V relay is a high sensitivity digital type relay, it is necessary to suppress surge and noise from the main circuit and other lines.
 - Therefore, use 2-core shielded cables with a diameter of 0.75mm² or more to connect to the Z1-Z2 terminals of the relay (ZCT circuit), and connect the shield to E terminal of the relay or D-class grounding. The cable burden shall be 5Ω or less for both ways. (In the case of 0.75mm², one way is about 100 meters.)
- (3) Secondary wiring of ZCT: The secondary terminal (k, l), and the test terminal (kt, lt) are double nuts. The wiring is connected between the nuts. When connecting, do not loosen the inner side (ZCT side) nut.
- (4) Shield grounding of power cable: When an electric power cable is used at the primary side of ZCT, pay attention to the shield grounding as shown in JEAC8011 regulations.
- (5) Handling of power cable: Please handle with care not to damage the outer sheath of ZCT primary cable.
 - The bending radius should be more than 10 times the conductor outer diameter. Please locate the three-phase cable symmetrically in the ZCT through hole.
- (6) Alarm circuit: For MGR-A3T-R type relay, the output contact is auto-reset type. If you want to use the alarm circuit as self-hold type, please build a circuit as shown in Fig. 3-7.
- (7) Connection to ZCT: Only one ZCT can be connected to one MGR-A3V relay. If two or more ZCTs are connected in parallel, correct detection may not be possible.

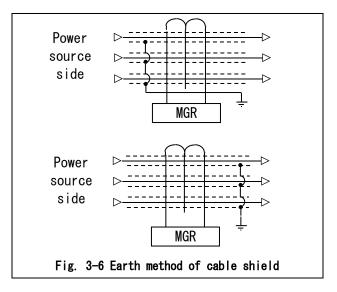
<Caution on withstand voltage test>

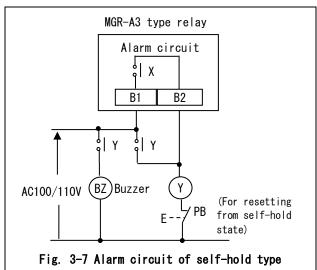
- (1) After the relay is mounted into the panel, when the test is performed between the high-voltage circuit and the earth/the low-voltage circuit, be sure to check that the secondary side of VT and ZCT are grounded.
- (2) When the test is performed between the low-voltage circuit and the earth, be sure to disconnect the secondary side of VT and ZCT from the earth.

13

<Pre><Precautions for use>

- (1) This ground relay uses only the current of the zerophase current transformer and does not have directionality. If the ground capacitance on the load side is large (the cable is laid over a long distance), please consider using the MDG-A3 type directional earth fault relay.
- (2) When using the MGR-A3T-R type relay, please check the matching of the impedance characteristics of the internal reactor of the relay (R=4.5 Ω , L=2.9mH) and that of the trip coil of the circuit-breaker. Please use a combination that allows the tripping current to flow 3A or more. In the case of VCB of our company, the impedance is matched.





JEP0-1L9555

Earth fault relay and shield grounding of cable

When installing the earth fault relay, pay attention to the location of shield grounding point of the cable as shown in the regulations of JEAC 8011.

Whether or not the cable can be protected against a earth fault and the response of the earth fault relay to the charging current in the event of an external fault depend on the method of installing the shield grounding.

[Lead-in cable]

[FG	ad-in cable]				
No.	Shield grounding method	Grounding protection of cable itself	Effect of charging current (Ic) in the event of external grounding fault	Consideration	Evaluation
1	電源側 ZCT ケーブル CB ハラルト・フールト・フールト・フールト・フース 外部事故	O Within the protection range. The GR operates. But the separation of fault points is impossible. (The DGR on the distribution substation side also operates.)	Charging current flows through ZCT. So the GR may operate in the case of large charging current.	This method is recommended in the regulations of JEAC 8011. If the charging current is large, use a DGR.	0
2	ZCT CB GR	X Within the protection range. But the GR does not operate. (Only the DGR on the distribution substation operates.)	Charging current reciprocates through ZCT. So the GR does not operate.	If the charging current is large, use a DGR.	Δ
3	ZCT CB CB	× Same as No. 2	Same as No. 2	Same as No. 2	Δ
4	クフト事故 ZCT CB CB CR QR J	Within the protection range. However, as the earth fault current is divided and separately flows to two grounding points, the detection sensitivity is lowered. The separation of fault points is impossible.	× Same as No.1. Moreover, because of potential difference between grounding points, circulating current may cause the GR to operate when the low-voltage circuit has a ground fault.	Not recommended	×
5	ZCT CB	× Same as No.2	O Charging current does not pass through ZCT. So the GR does not operate.	Same as No. 2	×

[Lead-out cable]

<u></u>	au-out capie]				
No.	Shield grounding method	Grounding protection of cable itself	Effect of charging current (Ic) in the event of external grounding fault	Consideration	Evaluation
1	電源側 ZCT ケーブル アーブル ic GR デール・アース Y が 事故	O Within the protection range. The GR operates.	Charging current flows through ZCT. So the GR may operate in the case of large charging current.	If the charging current is large, use a DGR.	0
2	GR GR	O Same as No. 1	Δ Same as No.1	Same as No.1	0
3	CB Ic ZCT GR III	O Same as No. 1	△ Same as No.1	Same as No.1	Δ
4	Ic ZCT /57 / ### W	Within the protection range. However, as the earth fault current is divided and separately flows to two grounding points, the detection sensitivity is lowered.	× Same as No. 1. Moreover, because of potential difference between grounding points, circulating current may cause the GR to operate when the low-voltage circuit has a ground fault.	Not recommended	×
5	ZCT -X	× Within the protection range. But the GR does not operate.	O Charging current does not pass through ZCT. So the GR does not operate.	Same as No. 4	×

Capacitance and charging current

System voltage	Form	Cross section area	6600V cross-linked polyethylene cable (CV, CE, EM-CE, CVT, CET, EM-CET) JIS C 3606	
		(mm ²)	Capacitance (μF/km)	Charging current (A/km)
		8	0. 63	0. 905
		14	0. 72	1. 034
		22	0. 81	1. 163
	2	38	0.96	1. 379
	3-wire (3-wire bundle∼earth)	60	1. 11	1. 594
		100	1. 35	1. 939
		150	1. 56	2. 241
		200	1. 53	2. 198
6.6		250	1. 65	2. 370
kV		8	0. 21	0. 302
		14	0. 24	0. 345
		22	0. 27	0. 388
		38	0. 32	0. 460
	Single wire	60	0. 37	0. 531
		100	0. 45	0. 646
		150	0. 52	0. 747
		200	0. 51	0. 733
		250	0. 55	0. 790

15

Charging current (Ic) $Ic=2 \pi fCE$ (A)

Ic: 3-wire bundle charging current (A)

f: Frequency (Hz)
C: 3-wire bundle capacitance (F)

 E : Voltage to ground (V)

For single wire, the charging current of single wire is shown. The charging current shown the table is in the case of 60Hz.

For 50Hz, it should be 5/6 times. The capacitance value is based on the specification of JIS ${\bf C}$ 3606 (2003).

Handling precautions

1. Panel mounting

①Be sure to connect the "E" terminal of the relay to D-class grounding.

2. Use and operation

- ①About the setting switches for using condition, factory settings are set to a default of OFF. So it is necessary to set the switches according to the conditions.
- ②Please refrain from changing the setting value during operation, since unwanted operation may occur. However,

- if the setting change is unavoidable, please press the CPU reset button in order to lock the relay function.
- ③Don't leave rotary switches with halfway (indefinite) state
- The RUN LED lights up in the normal condition when the rated auxiliary power supply is input. If it still turns off when the auxiliary power supply voltage exceeds 85V, please contact our local agent and branch office since the relay may fail.

Test

A relay test is carried out sufficiently before shipment, but at the following cases, it is recommended the test should be carried out again.

- a. When the products are delivered and unpacked
- b. At the time of starting operation of equipment
- At the time of periodic inspection (Usually once a year)

1. At the time of testing

- The input waveform should be a sine wave with little distortion.
- ②During the test, set the position of the indicator select switch to "I₀ MEASURE". Set the other setting switches according to the test conditions of the operating characteristic control point.
- ③ If user-defined control point is specified (e.g. accuracy of relay characteristic is controlled at service conditions), execute the test at the manufacturer-defined characteristic control point before in-service operation and then check accuracy of the relay. After that, execute the test at the user-defined control point, and use this data as a later reference.
- Perform the test in combination with ZCT (MZT type). Otherwise, direct input to the relay may cause burning out.

2. Withstand voltage test

- a. Please disconnect the relay from ZCT. If a voltage higher than the rated value is applied, it may burn out.
- b. Apply 2000V AC (commercial frequency) between all circuits and earth (E terminal) for one minute, and make sure that there is no problem.
 - ① MGR-A3V-R

<u> </u>					
Voltage applied terminals					
P1 (Z1) (B1) (a) (C) P2 (Z2) (B2) (b)	E				

② MGR-A3T-R

Voltage applied terminals					
P1 (21) (11) (01) (B1) (S0) (S2) P2 (22) (12) (02) (B2) (S1)	E				

- c. Apply 2000V AC (commercial frequency) between separate circuits for one minute, and make sure that there is no problem.
 - ① MGR-A3V-R

Voltage applied terminals					
P1 P2	a b c B1 B2				
<u>Z1</u>) <u>Z2</u>)	a b c B1 B2				
<u>Z1</u>) <u>Z2</u>	P1 P2				

2 MGR-A3T-R

	Voltage applied	terminals
		(1) (01) (B1) (S0) (S2)
(P1)	(P2)	(T2) (02) (B2) (S1)
(1)	(70)	(1) (01) (B1) (S0) (S2)
	(Z2)	T2 02 B2 S1
<u>Z1</u>	72	P1 P2

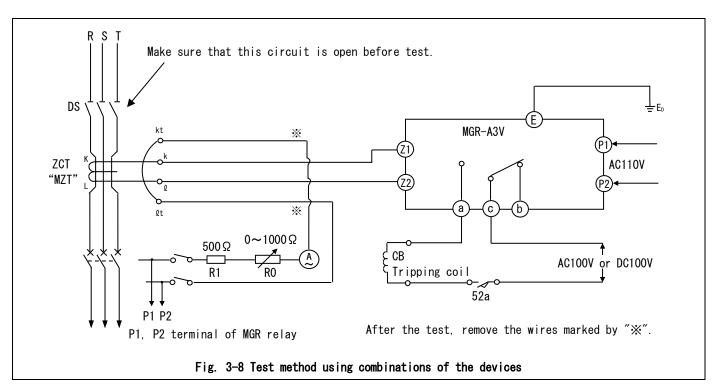
3. Operation characteristics test [ZCT combination]

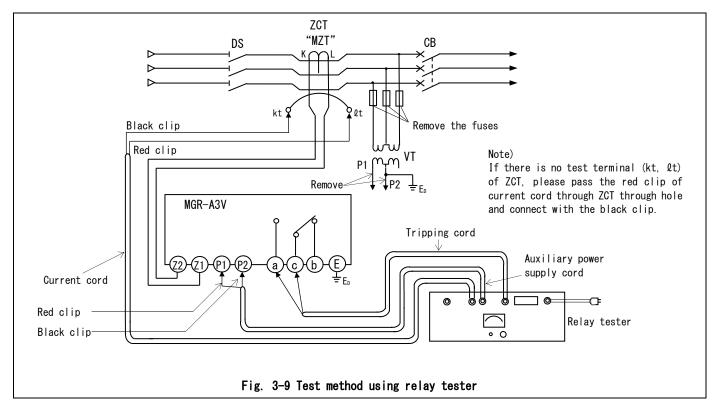
- ①Fig. 3-8 and 3-9 shows the example of test circuit.
- ②When this test is carried out, be sure that the main circuit is turned OFF.
- (3) When the rated power supply voltage is applied, the RUN display LED (green) lights up. This indicates that the relay works properly.
- When adjusting the test current during the operating time test, it is recommended to press the CPU reset button to lock the operation of this relay. If the operation is locked and the test current is adjusted, an accurate test is possible.
- (5) By turning the indicator select switch to "TEST" and pushing "TEST" button for 2 seconds or more, output contact can be forced to operate (except for the case of LOCK setting).

4. Operation characteristic control point

Perform the test periodically according to the following test conditions and criteria.

Test item		Criteria		
Test Item	Input	Operation value	Operating time	Griteria
Operation value -		Each setting	Instantaneous	±10% of setting value
	$0A \rightarrow 130\%$ of setting $0A \rightarrow 400\%$ of setting	Minimum setting	Instantaneous	_
			0. 2s	0.1~0.3s
Operating time			0.3s or more	±20% of setting time
Operating time			Instantaneous	75ms or less
			0. 2s	0. 1~0. 2s
			0.3s or more	±10% of setting time

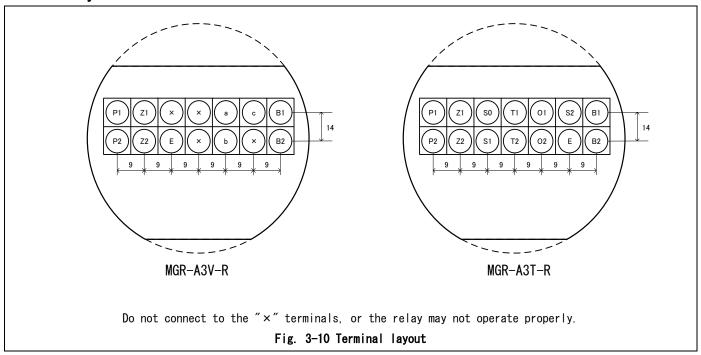




17

JEP0-1L9555

Terminal layout



Handling of the cover

1. Opening and closing

Please open the cover by placing your fingertip on the convex part in the right side of the cover as shown in Fig. 3-11.



Fig. 3-11

2. How to replace the cover

·Removing the cover

Open the cover, and lightly push up the upper side of the cover from the inner surface.

Then, remove from the protrusion of the body.

·Installing the cover

As shown in Fig. 3-12, mount the holes on the upper side of the cover to the protrusion of the body.

Then, press down lightly on the lower side of the cover

and mount to the protrusion of the body

in the same way as above.

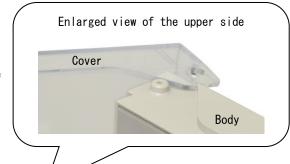
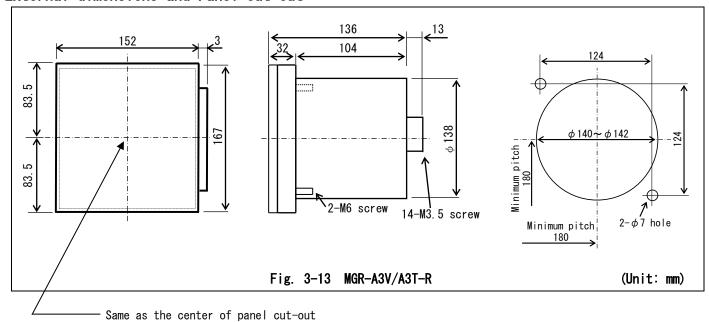




Fig. 3-12

• When replacing the cover during operation, be careful not to touch the switches.

External dimensions and Panel cut-out



Improvement on the reliability of protection function

Any parts and materials applied to the protection relay have limited lifetime which will bring the degradation to the relay. The degree of degradation will be variable depending on the purpose, aging, usage environment, and unevenness on the performance of each part.

Our company designs its products so that the recommended renewal period is 15 years or more.

However, there may be some possibilities to occur any failures before reaching 15 years due to above reasons.

To prevent unwanted operation or no operation of relay, it is recommended to apply the relay with self-diagnosis function and/or multiplexing relay system such as dual or duplex scheme.

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE : 7-3 MARUNOUCHI 2-CHOME, CHIYODA-KU TOKYO, 100-8310, JAPAN

First edition: Mar. 2021