<HVIC>

## M81767FP

600V HIGH VOLTAGE HALF BRIDGE DRIVER

## DESCRIPTION

M81767FP is high voltage Power MOSFET and IGBT gate
driver for half bridge applications.

## FEATURES

-Floating Supply Voltage ..... 600V
$\bullet$ Output Current ............. $\pm 3.5 \mathrm{~A}$ (Typ.)

- Half Bridge Driver
-SOP-8 Package


## APPLICATIONS

MOSFET and IGBT module driver.
PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)


BLOCK DIAGRAM


## M81767FP

600V HIGH VOLTAGE HALF BRIDGE DRIVER
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $\mathbf{T a}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Ratings | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}$ | High Side Floating Supply Absolute Voltage |  | - $0.5 \sim 624$ | V |
| V | High Side Floating Supply Offset Voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}-24 \sim \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{B}}+0.5$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BS}}$ | High Side Floating Supply Voltage | $V_{B S}=V_{B}-V_{S}$ | $-0.5 \sim 24$ | V |
| V HO | High Side Output Voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}-0.5 \sim \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{B}}+0.5$ | V |
| Vcc | Low Side Fixed Supply Voltage |  | -0.5~24 | V |
| VLo | Low Side Output Voltage |  | $-0.5 \sim \mathrm{Vcc}+0.5$ | V |
| VIN | Logic Input Voltage | HIN,LIN Terminal | -0.5~Vcc + 0.5 | V |
| Pd | Package Power Dissipation | $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, On Board | 0.6 | W |
| K $\theta$ | Linear Derating Factor | Ta $>25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, On Board | 4.8 | $\mathrm{mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Rth(j-c) | Junction-Case Thermal Resistance |  | 50 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| Tj | Junction Temperature |  | - $40 \sim 150$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Topr | Operation Temperature |  | -40~125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Tstg | Storage Temperature | On Board | -40~150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| TL | Solder Reflow Condition | Pb-free | 255:10s, max 260 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Limits |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}$ | High Side Floating Supply Absolute Voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}+10$ | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}+20$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {S }}$ | High Side Floating Supply Offset Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}>10 \mathrm{~V}$ | -5 | - | 500 | V |
| $V_{B S}$ | High Side Floating Supply Voltage | $V_{B S}=V_{B}-V_{S}$ | 10 | - | 20 | V |
| V ${ }^{\text {HO}}$ | High Side Output Voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | - | VB | V |
| V ${ }_{\text {cc }}$ | Low Side Fixed Supply Voltage |  | 10 | - | 20 | V |
| VLo | Low Side Output Voltage |  | 0 | - | Vcc | V |
| VIN | Logic Input Voltage | HIN,LIN Terminal | 0 | - | 7 | V |

Note:For proper operation, the device should be used within the recommended conditions

THERMAL DERATING FACTOR CHARACTERISTIC (MAXIMUM RATING)


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $\mathbf{T a}=\mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VCC}=\mathrm{VBS}(=\mathrm{VB}-\mathrm{VS})=15 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Limits |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ.*1 | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {FS }}$ | Floating Supply Leakage Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | - | 1.0 | uA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {BS }}$ | $V_{B S}$ Standby Current | $\mathrm{HIN}=\mathrm{LIN}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 0.2 | 0.5 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ Standby Current | $\mathrm{HIN}=\mathrm{LIN}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.0 | mA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High Level Output Voltage | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=0 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 13.8 | 14.4 | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | Low Level Output Voltage | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=0 \mathrm{~mA}$ | - | - | 0.1 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | High Level Input Threshold Voltage *3 | HIN,LIN Terminal | - | - | 4.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | Low Level Input Threshold Voltage *4 | HIN,LIN Terminal | 0.8 | - | - | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | High Level Input Bias Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=5 \mathrm{~V}$, HIN,LIN Terminal | - | 17 | 40 | uA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {IL }}$ | Low Level Input Bias Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, HIN,LIN Terminal | - | - | 1 | uA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BSuvr }}$ | $V_{\text {BS }}$ Supply UV Reset Voltage |  | 8.0 | 8.9 | 9.8 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BSuvh }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BS }}$ Supply UV Hysteresis Voltage |  | 0.3 | 0.7 | - | V |
| $\mathrm{tvBSuv}^{\text {d }}$ | $V_{B S}$ Supply UV Filter Time |  | - | 7.5 | - | us |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCurr }}$ | $V_{\text {CC }}$ Supply UV Reset Voltage |  | 8.0 | 8.9 | 9.8 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCuvh }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ Supply UV Hysteresis Voltage |  | 0.3 | 0.7 | - | V |
| tvccuv | $V_{\text {cc }}$ Supply UV Filter Time |  | - | 7.5 | - | us |
| VPonr | Power On Reset Voltage |  | - | - | 6.0*2 | V |
| tPonr(FIL) | Power On Reset Filter Time |  | 300*2 | - | - | ns |
| IOH | Output High Level Short Circuit Pulsed Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{PW}<10 \mathrm{us} * 5$ | 2.3 | 3.5 | - | A |
| loL | Output Low Level Short Circuit Pulsed Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{PW}<10 \mathrm{us} \mathrm{*5}$ | 2.3 | 3.5 | - | A |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output High Level On Resistance | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-200 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{OH}}=\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}\right) / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | - | 10 | 20 | $\Omega$ |
| R ${ }_{\text {OL }}$ | Output Low Level On Resistance | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=200 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{OL}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | - | 1.3 | 3 | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{dLH}}(\mathrm{HO})$ | High Side Turn-On Propagation Delay | $\mathrm{CL}=1000 \mathrm{pF}$ between $\mathrm{HO}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | - | 340 | 480 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{dHL}}(\mathrm{HO})$ | High Side Turn-Off Propagation Delay | $\mathrm{CL}=1000 \mathrm{pF}$ between $\mathrm{HO}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | - | 340 | 480 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r} \mathrm{H}}$ | High Side Turn-On Rise Time | $\mathrm{CL}=1000 \mathrm{pF}$ between $\mathrm{HO}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | - | - | 45 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{fH}}$ | High Side Turn-Off Fall Time | $\mathrm{CL}=1000 \mathrm{pF}$ between $\mathrm{HO}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | - | - | 35 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {dLH }}(\mathrm{LO})$ | Low Side Turn-On Propagation Delay | CL $=1000 \mathrm{pF}$ between LO - GND | - | 340 | 480 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{dHL}}$ (LO) | Low Side Turn-Off Propagation Delay | CL $=1000 \mathrm{pF}$ between LO - GND | - | 340 | 480 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{rL}}$ | Low Side Turn-On Rise Time | CL $=1000 \mathrm{pF}$ between LO - GND | - | - | 45 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{fL}}$ | Low Side Turn-Off Fall Time | CL $=1000 \mathrm{pF}$ between LO - GND | - | - | 35 | ns |
| $\triangle \mathrm{tdLH}$ | Turn-On Propagation Delay Matching | \|tdLH(HO) - tdLH(LO)| | - | 0 | 30 | ns |
| $\Delta \mathrm{tdHL}$ | Turn-Off Propagation Delay Matching | \|tdHL(HO) - tdHL(LO)| | - | 0 | 30 | ns |
| IN(FIL) | Input Filter Time | Convex Pulse, HIN,LIN | - | 100 | - | ns |
|  |  | Concave Pulse, HIN,LIN | - | 100 | - | ns |

*1 Typ. is not specified.
*2 High Side Circuit Only.
*3 Please set High level input voltage more than the minimum value of limits.
*4 Please set Low level input voltage less than the maximum value of limits.
*5 The short circuit pulse cannot be continuously.

## INPUT/OUTPUT TIMING DIAGRAM



FUNCTION TABLE ( X:H or L)

| HIN | LIN | VBSUV | VccuV | HO | LO | Behavioral state |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{H} \rightarrow \mathrm{L}$ | L | H | H | L | L | $\mathrm{HO}=\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{LO}=\mathrm{L}$ |
| $\mathrm{H} \rightarrow \mathrm{L}$ | H | H | H | L | H | LO = H |
| $\mathrm{L} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}$ | L | H | H | H | L | $\mathrm{HO}=\mathrm{H}$ |
| $\mathrm{L} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}$ | H | H | H | H | H | $\mathrm{HO}=\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{LO}=\mathrm{H}$ |
| $\mathrm{H} \rightarrow \mathrm{L}$ | L | L | H | L | L | $L O=L, H O=L$ when $V_{B S} U V$ is detected |
| $\mathrm{H} \rightarrow \mathrm{L}$ | H | L | H | L | H | $\mathrm{LO}=\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{HO}=\mathrm{L}$ when $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BS }} U V$ is detected |
| $\mathrm{L} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}$ | L | L | H | L | L | $L O=L, H O=L$ when $V_{B S} U V$ is detected |
| $\mathrm{L} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}$ | H | L | H | L | H | $\mathrm{LO}=\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{HO}=\mathrm{L}$ when $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BS}} \mathrm{UV}$ is detected |
| $\mathrm{H} \rightarrow \mathrm{L}$ | X | H | L | L | L | $\mathrm{LO}=\mathrm{L}$ when VccUV is detected |
| $\mathrm{L} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}$ | X | H | L | L | L | $\mathrm{HO}=\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{LO}=\mathrm{L}$ when $\mathrm{Vcc}_{\text {c }} \mathrm{UV}$ is detected |

Note1: "L" state of $V_{B S} U V, V_{C C} U V$ means that $V_{C C}\left(V_{B S}\right)$ Supply become under UV trip voltage.
Note2 : In the case of both input signals (HIN and LIN) are "H", output signals (HO and LO) become "H".
Note3 : Output Signal $(\mathrm{HO})$ is triggered by the edge of input signal.


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## FUNCTION TIMING DIAGRAM

1. Input/Output Timing Diagram

High Active.

2. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BS}}\right)$ Supply Under Voltage (UV) Lockout Timing Diagram

If $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ supply voltage drops below UV trip voltage (Vccuvt) for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ supply UV filter time, LO output signal is shut down. And then, if Vcc supply voltage rises over UV reset voltage, LO will return to the usual operation mode.


If Vcc supply voltage drops below UV trip voltage (Vccuvt) for Vcc supply UV filter time, HO output signal is shut down. And then, if Vcc supply voltage rises over UV reset voltage, HO will return to the usual operation mode.


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If $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BS}}$ supply voltage drops below $U V$ trip voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BS}}$ uvt) for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BS}}$ supply UV filter time, HO output signal is shut down. And then, if $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BS }}$ supply voltage rises over UV reset voltage, HO will respond to the next active HIN signal $(\mathrm{L} \rightarrow \mathrm{H})$.

3. Input Filter Timing Diagram

If the pulse that is longer than Input Filter Time has been entered, it will output a signal corresponding to the input after Turn-On Propagation Delay form rising edge or falling edge of the input signal.


If the pulse that is shorter than Input Filter Time has been entered, output will hold the state by the input filter protection.


## NOTES

1) Allowable supply voltage transient

It is recommended to supply $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ firstly and supply $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BS}}$ secondly. In the case of shutting off supply voltage, please shut off $V_{B S}$ firstly and shut off $V_{C C}$ secondly.
When applying VCC and VBS, power supply should be applied slowly.
If it rises rapidly, output signal (HO or LO) may be malfunction.
2) Supply voltage start up or restart after shut down

If $V_{c c}$ supply is less than 10 V (outside of RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS), there is some possibility that output does not change in response to input.
Please evaluate carefully about supply start up or restart after shut down in your application systems.
3) $V_{B}$ supply voltage

Please use $V_{B}$ supply voltage within RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS
( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}+10 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}+20 \mathrm{~V}: \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ minimum)
If $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}$ supply voltage is used on the other conditions, output signal HO may be malfunction.
Please evaluate carefully about $\mathrm{V}_{B}$ supply voltage in your application systems.
4) Inter-terminal processing

In this product, the terminal of the low voltage part and the high voltage part are adjacent (No.5:Vcc, No.6:Vs).
There may be cases where there is insufficient insulation clearance distance between the pins.
Please use such as coating between the terminals.

## ENVIRONMENTAL CONSCIOUSNESS

M81767FP is compliant with the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS) directive 2011/65/EU+(EU)2015/863.

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## PACKAGE OUTLINE1



| SYMBOLS | DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| A | 1.47 | 1.60 | 1.73 |
| A1 | 0.10 | - | 0.25 |
| A2 | - | 1.45 | - |
| b | 0.33 | 0.41 | 0.51 |
| C | 0.19 | 0.20 | 0.25 |
| D | 4.80 | 4.85 | 4.95 |
| E | 5.80 | 6.00 | 6.20 |
| E1 | 3.80 | 3.90 | 4.00 |
| e | - | 1.27 | - |
| L | 0.40 | 0.71 | 1.27 |
| $y$ | - | - | 0.076 |
| $\theta$ | $0^{*}$ | - | $8^{\prime}$ |




| SYMBOLS | DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| e 1 | - | 5.23 | - |
| I 2 | 1.27 | - | - |
| e | - | 1.27 | - |
| b 2 | - | 0.76 | - |

The above is one example.
Please design the mount pad with your evaluation.
Recommended Mount Pad

## Main Revision for this Edition

| Rev. | Date | Revision |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Pages | Points |
| A | 1 Mar. 2018 | - | New |
| B | 20 Mar. 2018 | 3 | To correct mistakes,we modified "Turn-On Input Filter Time" and "Turn-Off Input Filter Time" it ems to "Input filter time" items. |
| C | 4 Apr. 2019 | 1 | "PRELIMINARY" was deleted. <br> "This is not a final specification. Some parametric limits are subject to change." was deleted. |
| D | 28 Apr. 2021 | $8$ | Add PACKAGE OUTLINE1,2 Update format. |
| E | 10 Jan. 2023 | 8 | Delete PACKAGE OUTLINE (Not recommended for new designs) |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

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