



Preventive Maintenance



Machine Tool Costs Reduced by 40% with **Tool Wear Diagnosis!**

Company "A" used machine tools for only a certain number of times to machine workpieces. By introducing a tool wear diagnosis system, the company was able to reduce annual tool costs by 40%. What was the secret to its success?

See inside for details! Although the degree of tool wear differs depending on the workpiece, the company replaced tools after a certain number of times used, even though some tools could still be used. The company was also unable to inspect every workpiece, which lead to concerns of defective products being delivered to customers.

Customer's

Concern





Leveraging the Tool Wear Diagnosis System, the company can now forecast the lifespan of tools. By optimizing the frequency of tool replacements, tool cost has been cut down by approximately 40%, and there are also benefits from reduced work for tool replacements. Also, immediately after machining each workpiece, an inspection is carried out to identify any faults by comparing the state of the workpiece to those produced under normal machining conditions, thus preventing defective workpieces from being shipped.







Return on investment (ROI)



*Interpretation of payout period For this case study, new tools cost 15,000 yen each, the cost of regrinding is 6,000 yen per tool, and conventionally, 86 new tools and 174 reground tools are used per piece of equipment. Therefore, the required annual tool cost was 86 tools x 15,000 yen + 174 tools x 6,000 yen = 2.33 million yen. After introducing the Tool Wear Diagnosis System, the number of tools used became 51 new tools and 102 reground tools, therefore annual tool cost became 51 tools x 15,000 yen = 1.38 million yen.

x 15,000 yen + 102 tools x 6,000 yen = 1.38 million yen. The reduction in annual tool cost per equipment was 2.33 million yen – 1.38 million yen = 950,000 yen. If there are three machine tool units with a cost of 3 million yen, the payout period would be 3 million yen \div (950,000 yen x 3 units) \doteqdot 1 year.

Overview of the Tool Wear Diagnosis System

The tool wear diagnosis system introduced in this example is configured from a generalpurpose PLC, **MELSEC iQ-R**, and HMI, **GOT2000**, and can be easily introduced to a production line by connecting to existing machine tools and simply installing a control program and screen data.



Equipment Configuration (example)

Please prepare cables for connection to devices not listed below.

GT2512-STBA	12.1inch SVGA [800×600] 65536 colors	360,000
NZ1MEM-4GBSD	For GOT	50,000
R16CPU	Firmware version "40" or later	380,000
NZ2MC-16MBS	For PLC CPU	130,000
R35B	5 slots	21,000
R61P	Input: 100 to 240VAC Output: 5V 6.5A DC	20,000
RD81DL96		180,000
NZ1MEM-4GBSD	For high-speed data logger module	50,000
RJ71GF11-T2		50,000
i Tool Ware Diagnosis	for Machine Tools	
AP10-MTD001AA-MA	Up to ten machine tools can be connected per license	500,000
NZ2GF2BN-60AD4	A set of collection interface devices are required for each machine tool. The devices required depend on what kind of machine tool is used.	78,000
NZ2EX2B-60AD4		58,000
NZ2GF2B1-32DT		56,000
-		-
	GT2512-STBA NZ1MEM-4GBSD R16CPU NZ2MC-16MBS R35B R61P RD81DL96 NZ1MEM-4GBSD RJ71GF11-T2 i Tool Ware Diagnosis AP10-MTD001AA-MA NZ2GF2BN-60AD4 NZ2GF2B1-32DT -	GT2512-STBA12.1inch SVGA [800×600] 65536 colorsNZ1MEM-4GBSDFor GOTR16CPUFirmware version "40" or laterNZ2MC-16MBSFor PLC CPUR35B5 slotsR61PInput: 100 to 240VAC Output: 5V 6.5A DCRD81DL96For high-speed data logger moduleRJ71GF11-T2Input: 100 to ten machine tools can be connected per licenseNZ2GF2BN-60AD4Vp to ten machine tools can be connected per licenseNZ2GF2B1-32DT

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A Safety precautions

To use the products listed in this publication properly, be sure to read the relevant manuals before use.